THE

Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,231—New Series. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, JANUARY 13. 1911. PRICE: ONE ANNA

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

SHIPPING

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1911				
14th Jan,	HIMALAYA	6898	......	...
21st ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	9621
28th ,,	CALEDONIA	7558	------	...
4th Feb.	SALSETTE	6000	CHINA	7932
11th ,,	DELTA	8053	------	...
18th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MANTUA.........	10885
25th ,,	ARABIA	7903	----	—
4th March	MALWA..........	10883	----	...
11th ,,	EGYPT	7912	----	...
18th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA ...	10512
22nd ,,	* ARCADIA.........	7000	----	...
25th ,,	PERSIA..........	7951	----	...
1st April	MARMORA	10509	----	...
8th ,,	CALEDONIA.....	7558	----	...
15th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA......	9500
22nd ,,	MANTUA........	10885	----	...
29th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA......	9505
6th May	ARABIA	7903	----	...
13th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA........	10890
20th ,,	EGYPT	7912	----	...

The above Mail Steamers are fitted with WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 P. M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

*INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER,

At Special Rates.

The S. S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY at 2 p.m. on WEDNESDAY, 22nd MARCH, 1911 direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	Single.	Return.
To Marseilles	Rs. 495 or Rs. 591	Rs. 743 or Rs. 891
To London by Sea.......	Rs. 528 or Rs. 627	Rs. 792 or Rs. 940

These rates include the Surtax.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEWZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

A. H. FROOM,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. CO.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged:—

ANCHOR LINE SAILINGS.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay.	
Circassia ...	6716	C F Osborne R N R	16th Jan.	1911
Scindia ...	5106	Wm. Kelso	25th ,,	,,
Castalia ...	6383	J. Hamilton	11th Feb.	,,

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1911.

Elysia ...	6368	A. Haig	25th Feb.	1911
Massilia ...	5091	J. Thomson.........	16th Mar.	,,
Olympia ...	5124	Geo. Mitchell......	26th ,,	,,
Circassia ...	5716	C F Osborne R N R	15th Apl.	,,
Scindia ...	5106	Wm. Kelso	24th ,,	,,
Castalia ...	6388	J. Hamilton	7th May	,,
Elysia ...	6368	A. Haig	20th ,,	,,
Massilia ...	5091	J. Thomson.........	10th June	,,

Schedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers:—

	Single.	Return
Bombay to Suez	Rs. 413	627
Bombay to Portsaid	,, 446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	,, 578	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool.	,, 653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	,, 590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	,, 605	957
Bombay to New York	,, 808	1,340
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez	,, 446	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
AGENTS, Bombay.

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE. (GERMAN EAST AFRIKA LINE)

Regular Fortnightly service from BOMBAY to DURBAN via ZANZIBAR.

THE following steamers will SAIL:—

Steamer.	Tons.	Capt.	To Sail about 1911.
a President	3,300	Jacobsen.....	17th Jan.
b Markgraf	3,680	Ihle..............	4th Feb.

Taking passengers and cargo for LAMOO, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, GERMAN and PORTUGUESE COAST PORTS and DURBAN.

a Will carry also cargo and passengers for Cape Ports.

b Will call at Seychelles.

For Rates and Particulars apply to—

A. STRANDES & Co.,
Agents,

24, Medow Street, Bombay, 5th December, 1910.

● SELF CURE NO FICTION! ●
NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR.
THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.

THERAPION No.1

in ... remarkably short time, often a few days only. Cures discharges (either sex) superseding injections

THERAPION No.2

Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c. when mercurial treatment fails.

THERAPION No.3

Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force. Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 3/- from The Le Clerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word 'THERAPION' is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.

THERAPION
CURES TO STAY CURED.

SOLD BY TREACHER & Co.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamer,	Tons,	Sailing.	Date.	Time.	Route via.
Dwarka ...	1695	Fri.	13th Jan.	6 a.m.*	direct.
Linga ...	2171	Mon.	16th Jan.	11 a.m.	†P D & C M
Kola ...	1205	Thurs.	19th Jan.	9 a.m.	via C. M.

*Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.
†Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvi.

FOR CUTCH MANDVI KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "Kola," 1205 tons, on Thursday, 19th Jan calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR VERAWAL, MANGROLE, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "Nowshera," 3024 tons, on Monday, the 16th January, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Charbar, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Mahomereh and Busreh.

FOR COAST PORTS, AND CALCUTTA, (Fortnightly.)

S. S. "Vadala," 3334 tons, on or about the 14th January.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand,

Apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY,

12th January, 1911.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captain.	To Sail on THURSDAY
Australien	6,365	Mouton.....	19th Jan. 1911.
Nera	5,538	Casanova...	16th Feb. 1911.
Yarra	4,142	Ristorcelli..	16th Mar. 1911.
Dumbea	5,685	Rebufat ...	13th April 1911.
Armand Behic ...	6,385	Guionnet...	11th May 1911.
Caledonien...	4,130	......	8th June 1911,
Oceanien............	4,143	......	6th July 1911,

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigations General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about.
Dumbea	5,685	Rebufat ...	27th Jan. 1911.
Armand Behic ..	6,385	Guionnet...	24th Feb. ,,

For further particulars apply to—

J. de COURTOIS,
Agent.

Albert Building, Hornby Road.

SOCIETA NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE Transhipping at PORT SAID.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
D. Balduino ...	4,580	Maganzini ...	15th Jan. 1911
R. Rubattino..	4,380	L. Mancini ...	15th Feb. 1911
D. Balduino ...	4,580	G. Magauzine.	15th Mar. 1910

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Tickets........	Rs. 500	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years......	Rs. 750*	Rs. 525	Rs. 247-8

*Inside Cabins, Rs. 400 Single and Rs. 600 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application,

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples, or Genoa. 1st Class, Rs. 728; 2nd Class, Rs. 525. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their Journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS

are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Ischia.............	6,000	G. Belsito ...	16th Jan. 1911
Capri...	6,000	D. Moresco...	16th Feb. 1911
Ischia	6,000	G. Belsito ...	16th Mar. 1911

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140 to ....to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean Black Sea, and American Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

G. DEGROSSI,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS BOMBAY TO ENGLAND (WEYMOUTH) VIA SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

THESE STEAMERS afford comfortable accommodation in two, three and four Berth Cabins, amidships, for First Class Passengers only.

Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess.

For further particulars, apply to:—

W & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay.

CLARKES B. 41. PILLS.

A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world.

SHIPPING.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge.
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS	Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.

CALCUTTA: GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON: GRINDLAY & Co.

BANKS.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital......................	$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors.........	$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund.......................	$ 16,000,000
Gold Reserve Fund.........................	$ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

AMOY
BANGKOK
BATAVIA
BOMBAY
CALCUTTA
CANTON
COLOMBO
FOOCHOW
HAMBURG
HANKOW
HONGKONG
IPOH (Federated Malay States.)

JOHORE, (Malay Peninsula.)
KOBE
KUALA LUMPUR (Federated Malay States.)
LONDON
LYONS
MALACCA,
MANILA
NAGASAKI
NEW YORK
PEKING

PENANG
RANGOON
SAIGON
SAN FRANCISCO
SHANGHAI
SINGAPORE
SOURABAYA
TIENTSIN
YOKOHAMA
YLOILO

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent, per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every discription of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

J. A. JEFFREY,
Agent.

CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL................	£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS	£ 235,000

HEAD OFFICE:

40, Threadneedle Street, London, E C.

LONDON BANKERS

The Bank of England,
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR, PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Manager.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

CAPITAL PAID UP...Yen. 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS ... ,, 16,600,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antung-Hsien
Bombay
Changchun
Dairen (Dalny)
Hankow
Hongkong
Honolulu
Kobe
Liaoyang
London
Lyons
Fengtien (Mukden)

Nagasaki
Newchwang
New York
Osaka
Peking
Ryojun (Port Arthur)
San Francisco
Shanghai
Tiehling
Tientsin
Tokyo

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

K. KODAMA,
Manager.

Post Box No. 207,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD

CAPITAL (Paid up).......... ....Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper) ....Rs. 23,00,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS:

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description, transacted RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application,

W. A. M. LATTEY,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

BOMBAY RACES.

To obtain a thorough appreciation of all the special and interesting features of a race as a whole, to anxiously watch the special performance or form of a horse in which you are most interested and to enjoy a race from the start to an exhilerating finish, you cannot do without one of the following.

BINOCULARS.—

GOERZ—TRIEDER
NED—TRIEDER.
HELI—TRIEDER
PAGOR
LONDON DERBY
MARCKS' PRISM.

They are revelations in power, precision and field of view. The use of any one of the foregoing glasses will present to your sight something

NEW AND EXTRAORDINARY,

as they possess the power of Binocular Telescopes six times their size and they will give you a phenomenal field which cannot be obtained in any other form of binocular or telescope.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,

JEWELLERS, WATCHMAKERS, OPTICIANS, &C.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

MONGINI BROTHERS' CONFECTIONERY SPECIALITIES.

FRESH MADE AT THEIR CONFECTIONERY WORKS, 15-16-17, TAMARIND LANE.

MONGINI'S	Chocolates in ½ lb. and 1 lb. cartons	Rs. 2 per lb.
MONGINI'S	Nougat ,, ,, packets	,, 2 ,,
MONGINI'S	Caramels (plain)	,, 1-8 ,,
MONGINI'S	Marzipan (in boxes)	,, 0-8 per box.
MONGINI'S	Assorted Confectionery in presentation picture boxes of three sizes ... ... Rs. 2, Rs. 3-14 and	,, 5-12 ,,
MONGINI'S	Dessert Chocolate Confectionery ... ... at Re. 1 and	,, 2 ,,

MONGINI BROTHERS,

25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

NEW ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE OF

WEDDING CAKES,

Confectionery, Provisions & Stores will be posted free on application.

NOW READY **PRICE Rs. 3.**

THE

Bombay Gazette

EXCHANGE TABLES.

(REVISED AND ENLARGED.)

STERLING INTO RUPEES.
RUPEES INTO STERLING.

ADVANCING BY 32NDS

FROM

1s. 3¾d. to 1s. 4 23/32d.

ALSO

Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal Values—Due Dates.

SECOND EDITION.

"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE,
2, GREEN STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

1909.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works 2 Green Street Fort.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

Standard Oil Company of New York,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

Largest Importers of and Dealers in:—

Kerosine and Lubricating Oils.
Pratt's Motor Spirit.
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine'
Grease.
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

Kerosine Oil Brands:—

Snowflake	150°	in cases.
Chester	125°	,,
Monkey	125°	,,
Elephant	in tins and bulk	

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.,

MERCHANTS AND CONTRACTORS,
105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

THE HOUSE for the following:—

GRUYERE PARMESAN and GORGONZOLA CHEESE always in stock throughout the year.

MACCARONI VERMICELLI and SOUP PASTES of various shapes and designs fresh and can be had in large quantities.

PURE GENUINE OLIVE OIL of the Olives, now in great demand.

ITALIAN WINE VINEGAR (white) highly patronized for its excellence.

WALNUTS AND ALMONDS in soft shell, and HAZELNUTS always in Stock.

To hand just now from MESSINA.

SWEET ORANGES at Re. 1 per doz., and LEMOS for lemon squash.

Our CLARET (Grignolino), the Genuine Wine, in great demand, at Rs. 11 per dozen bottles. Various other Brands of Wines and Liqueurs from The High Class House of Italy and France.

TEA **AWARDED** COFFEE

3

GOLD MEDALS

AT

NAGPUR, JALGAON & BROACH

EXHIBITIONS

FOR

SUPERIORITY PEARSE & Co., EXCELLENCE.

APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY.

MALARIA, INFLUENZA, AND MILD FORMS OF PLAGUE.

Use BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or PILLS. Rs. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S CHOLERAL

Is the only remedy for CHOLERA. Rs. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S HARETONE

Has been recently improved a great deal and restores Grey Hair to its Natural Colour. Rs. 3.

BATLIWALLA'S TONIC PILLS

Cure Nervous Exhaustion and Constitutional Weakness. Rs. 1-8.

BATLIWALLA'S TOOTH POWDER

scientifically made of Native and English Drugs, such as Mayaphal and Carbolic Acid B. P. As. 4.

BATLIWALLA'S RINGWORM OINTMENT

Cures in a day. As. 4 per pot.

SOLD EVERYWHERE and ALSO BY.

DR. H. L. BATLIWALL
WARLI LABORATORY, DADAR, BOMBAY

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the Office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

THE BOMBAY MERCHANTS BANK, LIMITED.

THE NET PROFIT of the Bombay Merchants Bank, Ld., for the half year ended 31st December, 1910, including the sum of Rs. 26,438-8-10 brought forward amounts to Rs. 95,146-2-9 which the Directors have appropriated as follows:—In payment of an AD INTERIM DIVIDEND at the Rate of 6¼ per cent. per annum, free of income tax, on the paid up capital, which will absorb Rs. 31,250, the balance of Rs. 63,896-2-9 to be carried forward to next account.

NOTICE.

WANTED a RETIRED OVERSEER, who has served under British Government, to supervise works in the Engineering Department, Kolhapur. Apply with testimonials to the DIWAN of KOLHAPUR STATE, before 31st January, 1911.

R. SUBNIS,
Diwan of Kolhapur.

Kolhapur, 11th January, 1911.

ARMY CLOTHING FACTORY, ALIPORE.

OFFERS are invited for the purchase during the Official Year 1911-12 of UNSORTED WOOLLEN and COTTON SWEEPINGS from the Army Clothing Factory, Alipore.

Quotations (price per lb. ex-godown) will be received up to the 27th February, 1911.

The Successful Tenderer will have to execute a formal contract and lodge a security deposit of Rs. 500.

G. B. MARRIOTT, Captain,
for Supdt., Army Clothing Factory, Alipore.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.

TENDERS FOR THE SUPPLY OF CLOTH BLUE DRILL; OIL KEROSINE FOR LIGHTING AND GAS MAKING; OIL LUBRICATING, CLEANING AND LIGHTING INCLUDING CASTOR, COCOANUT AND MINERAL OILS; LINSEED OILS, DOUBLE BOILED AND RAW; AND WASTE COTTON.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by THE AGENT at his Office at Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 p.m. (Standard Time) on WEDNESDAY, the 8th February 1911, for the supply of the above stores, during the 12 months commencing from 1st April, 1911.

2. Tender forms of the above giving particulars of the approximate quantities and description of oils and waste cotton, etc., required and the conditions on which tenders will be received may be obtained on application at the General Storekeeper's Office, Parel, on payment of Rs. 2 for each form. No refund of this amount will be made on account of unused tender forms.

3. The Agent reserves the right to select one or more items from any tender without reference to other items on the same tender, and the tenderer shall be required to supply the same at the rates quoted.

4. Tenders should be superscribed with headings as above and a deposit of 10 per cent. of the total value of the articles tendered for, subject to a maximum of rupees one thousand, should accompany each tender, without which no tender will be considered. Only cash, or currency notes (on which no interest will be allowed) or Government Promissory notes will be received as deposit, and if the latter, they must be endorsed in favour of "The Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company or order."

5. The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

G. R. WEBB,
General Storekeeper.

General Storekeeper's Office,
Parel, Bombay, 11th January, 1911.

TYPES FOR SALE.

ONE LOT of NEW ENGLISH-MADE TYPES, BORDERS and ORNAMENTS of unique designs. All made by the best and well-known English Founders. Separate Founts can be sold. For Specimen and rates apply to the MANAGER, "Bombay Gazette."

CUTCH STATE RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Manager and Engineer, Cutch State Railway, at Bhuj, up to 12 noon, on the 10th February, (FRIDAY), 1911, for the SUPPLY of good SEESPORE COAL.

Conditions of Contract, forms of Tender, specification and quantities, etc., will be supplied on application to the Manager and Engineer, Cutch State Railway, Bhuj, on enclosing Rs. 2 (Two) only in postal stamps with the application.

All Tenders to be sealed, registered, marked on the outside "Tender for Coal," and accompanied with Rs. 500 (five hundred) only, earnest money in Currency Notes which will be refunded, after deducting remittance charges if Tender is not accepted.

The right is reserved to reject any or all Tenders received.

The successful Tenderer will be required to execute a bond in the prescribed form, which will be supplied with the conditions of contract and to complete the work Tendered for within the specified period as agreed upon by the contracting parties.

J. CAMPBELL KIRBY, A.M.I.C.E.,
Manager and Engineer-in-Chief, C.S.Ry.

Cutch State Railway,
Manager & Engineer's Office,
Bhuj, 4th January, 1911.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND for the half year ended 31st December last, at the Rate of 11 per cent. per annum and a bonus of 2 per cent. per annum both free from Income-Tax, will be payable on application on and after FRIDAY, the 13th instant, to Registered Shareholders, on 31st December, 1910.

By Order of the Board,
J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Bombay, 5th January, 1911.

BOMBAY, BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

WANTED.

SEVERAL NATIVE BOILERMAKERS are required, at Parel Works, B. B. and C. I. Railway. Men accustomed to Running Shed work preferred. Apply to the DISTRICT LOCOMOTIVE SUPERINTENDENT, Parel Shops.

Loco. and Carr. Department,
Parel Works, January, 1911.

NOTICE TO BUILDING CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS are invited and will be received at the office of the Undersigned, up to one o'clock on the 28th January, 1911, for works in connection with the proposed extensions to the Grand Oriental Hotel, for Messrs. The Colombo Hotels Company, Ltd., at Colombo.

Plans, Specifications and Bills of quantities may be seen and all other particulars ascertained during office hours at the office of the Undersigned, where Tender forms can be obtained on payment. Earnest money accompanying each Tender will be returned on the non-acceptance of such Tender.

The successful Tenderers will be required to make the deposits specified in cash or Government Promissory Notes, on signing the contract and 5 per cent. will be reserved on all bills as paid from time to time. Messrs. The Colombo Hotels Company, Ltd., do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.

CHARLES F. STEVENS & CO.,
"Kings" Building, Hornby Road,
Bombay, 5th January, 1911.

AMUSEMENTS.

BOMBAY HORSE SHOW.

THE BOMBAY HORSE SHOW will be held on TUESDAY, 14th and THURSDAY, 16th February, 1911.

First Entries close FRIDAY, 3rd February.
Second Entries close WEDNESDAY, 8th February.
For prospectus and full particulars apply to

THE JOINT HON. SECRETARIES,
Bombay Horse Show Staff Quarters,
Malabar Hill.

EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH NOVELTY THEATRE.

TO-MORROW,
GRAND CHANGE OF PROGRAMME.
A
STIRRING MILITARY DRAMA,
"THE FLAG OF COMPANY H".

A Thrilling Series of Pictures shewing Frontier Camp Life in America. The attack on the Outpost by the Redskin Braves, its gallant defence by the American soldiery, the saving of the Colors are graphically depicted. Also many other popular pictures.

TO-NIGHT,
LAST NIGHT OF OUR
GRAND ATTRACTION
For the First Time in Bombay.
A JAPANESE PLAY.
"THE PUNISHMENT OF THE SAMURAI."

A Magnificent Story acted specially for the Cinematograph at Paris, during the visit of the famous Japanese Company on their tour of the world.

A TREAT TO ALL.
ALSO
A Stirring Dramatic Film,
A FALSE ACCUSATION,
And many other Pictures.

SKATING RINK.

DAILY SESSIONS AS USUAL.

TUESDAY, 17TH JANUARY,
A NIGHT OF RACES.

TUESDAY, 7TH FEBRUARY,
A FANCY DRESS CARNIVAL.

BAND EVERY NIGHT.

BOMBAY ART SOCIETY.

AN EXHIBITION will be held in the TOWN HALL, Last day, for receiving Pictures, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 23rd. For prospectus and particulars apply to

PROF. O. V. MULLER, M. A.,
Hon. Secty.,
Elphinstone College, Bombay.

A SAFE REMEDY FOR ALL SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES.

If you suffer from any disease due to the impure state of the Blood, FROM WHATEVER CAUSE ARISING, you should test the value of Clarke's Blood Mixture, the world-famed Blood Purifier and Restorer. This medicine has [illegible] a reputation, and is to-day more popular than ever the reason of this being undoubtedly because this wonderful remedy does what it professes to do—IT CURES SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES PERMANENTLY.

Clarke's Blood Mixture

IS THE FINEST BLOOD PURIFIER EVER DISCOVERED.

It is warranted to cleanse the blood from all impurities, from whatever cause arising. For

SCROFULA,
SCURVY
ECZEMA
BLOOD POISON,
ULCERS,
SKIN & BLOOD DISEASES,

BAD LEGS,
BLOTCHES,
SPOTS,
BLACKHEADS,
PIMPLES,
AND
SORES OF ALL KINDS

it is a safe and Permanent Remedy.

It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.

NOTE This mixture is pleasant to the taste and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, from infancy to old age, and the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of wonderful cures have been effected by it.

TRIED MANY THINGS WITHOUT BENEFIT UNTIL TOOK CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

Mr. F. E. Lewis, 48, Bridge Street Row, Chester writes:—"Just a line in favour of 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.' I had eczema for seven months, and tried many things without benefit until I took your remedy. After the eighth bottle I was quite well again. Please accept this letter as a token of gratitude to your wonderful 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.'" —June 18, 1908

IMPURITIES IN THE BLOOD.—"We have seen hosts of letters from all sorts and conditions of people, in which the writers acknowledge the benefit they have received from Clarke's Blood Mixture, which as a curative agent cannot be too highly estimated, since it cleanses and clears the blood from all impurities, and restores it to its normal condition." This is a good testimonial from the *Family Doctor* the popular medical weekly, which goes on further to say: "It is certainly the finest blood purifier that science and skill have brought to light, and we can, with the utmost confidence, recommend it to our subscribers and the public generally."

Sold by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World.

ASK FOR : : .
CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs. 37-8 per annum credit, or Rs. 30 in advance, post free.

REPAIRS OF Rs. 1-8 within 25 years. I take this opportunity to tell you that Singer's Sewing Machine, which purchased 25 years ago, has required only Rs. 1-8 for repairs, and it is still going strong of all parts.—I. R. Gardener, 10, Forbes Street, Bombay.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

"CLARESQUE" PLATE POWDER—will make your Silver and Plated Table Ware, look their brightest. Annas 12 per tin. Rs. 8 per doz. Instructions for using on every box. We use it ourselves and have had every opportunity of watching its lasting effect for the good of Silver and Plate. MARCKS & Co., Ld., Jewellers, Bombay and Poona.

FOR SALE.—TWO JOST FANS; one in perfect running order, other requires cleaning. Apply to WEST END WATCH Co., 11, Hornby Road, Fort.

AUCTION SALE on Saturday, 14th January. Mr. Redhead and others' Furniture, Piano, Camera, etc., in United Mill Bungalow, New Queen's Road, Girgaum.

SALES & MORTGAGES arranged in the shortest possible time.—LUARD BARRINGTON AND CO., P. O. Box No. 239, Bombay.

MILK-BUTTER-CREAM.—Can be supplied fresh daily; up-country orders for Butter supplied in tins. Rates moderate on application to PARISIAN DAIRY Co., 1, Tamarind Lane, Bombay.

FLAT TO LET.—Fully Furnished FLAT BERYL HOUSE, Wodehouse-Road, for 6 months, from March 1st (earlier if required). Two entertaining Rooms, two Bed-rooms, Dressing-Rooms, English Baths, usual offices, servants' quarters, Electric Lift, lights and fans. Rs. 250.—Apply to "X Z," Care of this Office.

AN INVITATION.—Meals which cost Rs. 2 and Rs. 3 elsewhere, can be got at the RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, for nearly half the rate. Give it a trial and judge for yourselves. Only genuine Wines and Liquors stocked and sold at moderate rates. Brand-new Billiard Tables. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Dinners served till late hours.

ACCESSORIES, SPARES, &c.—The only Firm where you can get anything and everything for Motor Cars at very LOW PRICES, is THE UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING CO., 14, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay.

WONDERFUL Discovery—Specific for HYDROCELE, VARICOCELE, HERNIA, ELEPHANTIASIS AND DROPSY. Guaranteed to cure any nature and standing radically by using externally. Rs. 2-8 oz.—B. GHOSE & Co., Chemists, 85/1, Bechu Chatterji's Street, Calcutta. Testimonials Highest. Estd. 1885.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Box Leading Cases. By W. E. H., Re. 1. Apply No. 404 care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

FOR SALE.—2 Printing Presses, 2 Cutting Machines and Lithographing Machines, all at very low prices, to make room for other machineries. Apply to this Office.

MR. N. P. KHARAS writes:—Singer's Sewing Machines are proved satisfactory in all respects. They are so strong that they can hardly go out to order, and as far as the mechanical excellence is concerned they are best in the World.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION, revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by 32nds from 1s. 3½d. to 1s. 4 31/32d. Also includes Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal—Values—Due Dates. Price Rs. 3. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

SPECIAL OFFER.—Commercial Envelopes. "Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes:—9½ inch by 4¼ inch Rupee 1 per hundred 9½ inch by 4¼ inch, Annas 14 per hundred, (If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Rs. 3 per 1,000.) 5 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Rs. 2¼ per thousand (If printed on flap, Rs. 4 per thousand.

ALWAYS go where you will get what you want without delays.—LUARD BARRINGTON AND CO., P. O. Box No. 239, Bombay.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices:—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 8 annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy; over 12 months old, an additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Rs. 2 must be paid in advance.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc.

"THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2 Green Street, Fort, behind the Bank of Bombay.

OVERLAND "SUMMARY AND WEEKLY BUDGET."—Published Weekly (on Saturdays) in time for the English Mail. A complete rechauffe of Indian News particularly interesting to Anglo-Indians, retired or on leave. Subscription inclusive of postage, One Sovereign or Rs. 15 per annum. Back numbers, if available 8 annas each up to 12 months old; over 12 months, an additional rupee for every year.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—
Nickel, Rs. 3-8. Gold, Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,
BUYING AGENTS. PRODUCE AGENTS.

BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. having for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY, STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, offer their services to Firms abroad.

CATALOGUES OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED, CLOSEST PRICES ASSURED.

PRODUCE DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. undertake the Sale of EASTERN PRODUCE on commission.

GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS carefully conducted.

Correspondence Invited.

CODES USED—A1, A.B.C., International, Private, &c.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,
66 FENCHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ld."

REMOVE ALL BLOOD IMPURITIES.
BUILD-UP YOUR HEALTH with
WILKINSON'S
ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA
SARSAPARILLA

"We cannot speak too highly of it." Lancet.

Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the most
WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD

The Safest and most Reliable Remedy for TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, RHEUMATISM, OBSTINATE SKIN DISEASES, &c.

RESTORES THE WEAK,
REVIVES THE DEPRESSED

WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA HAS A WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION for over THREE-QUARTERS of a CENTURY.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS AND SUBSTITUTES.

Agents:—TREACHER & Co., Limited: PHILLIPS & Co., Limited; KEMP & Co., &c.

B. O. C. LUBRICANTS.

SPINDLE OILS.
ENGINE OILS.
CYLINDER OILS.

GINNING OILS.
MOTOR OILS.
MINERAL GREASES.

THE BURMAH OIL COMPANY. LTD.

Agents:—SHAW, WALLACE & CO., BOMBAY.

EMPIRE OF INDIA Life Assurance Company, Limited.

Head Office: BOMBAY.

Last year's business—Rs. 60,00,000.

INTENDING ASSURERS ARE INVITED TO COMPARE THE RATES AND CONDITIONS OF THE Empire of India Life Office WITH THOSE OF ANY OTHER COMPANY.

Before entering into a Contract for Life Assurance examine the ANNUAL REPORT AND BALANCE SHEET To satisfy yourself of the position of the Company.

THE PREMIUMS are so moderate that, at the usual ages for assurance, Rs. 1,200 or Rs. 1,250 may be secured from the first for a yearly payment which would generally elsewhere assure Rs. 1,000 only—the difference of Rs. 200 or Rs. 250 being equivalent to an immediate and certain Bonus of 20 or 25 per cent.

Prospectus, Proposal forms and full particulars may be obtained from

E. F. ALLUM, *General Manager.*

BANKS.

COX & CO.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.
BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.

INSURANCES of every description effected.

SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.

A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, W. S.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL...	£ 1,600,000
PAID UP CAPITAL......	£ 800,000
RESERVE FUND..........	£ 800,000

HEAD OFFICE:
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E. C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,
Bombay,
Madras,
Karachi,
Lahore
Amritsar,
Delhi,
Cawnpore

Chittagong,
Tuticorin,
Cochin,
Rangoon,
Mandalay,
Colombo,
Kandy
Newera-Eliya.

Aden (Camp.)
Aden, (Steamer Point)
Zanzibar,
Mombasa,
Nairobi,
Entebbe,
Kampala, Uganda.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent, per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realizing interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141,
BOMBAY.

J. BLACK,
Ag. Manager.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.
CORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL........................	£1,200,000
RESERVE FUND..................	£1,600,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS........	£1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:
33, Bishopsgate, London E. C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Hamburg
Bombay
Calcutta
Madras
Rangoon
Colombo
Karachi
Amritsar
Penang
Thaiping (Perak F. M. S.)

Ipoh (Perak), F. M. S.
Medan Deli (Sumatra)
Singapore
Kwala Lumpor (F. M. S.)
Klang (F. M. States.)
Seremban (F. M. States.)
Bangkok
Batavia
Sourabaya
Saigon

Manilla
Cebu
Hongkong
Foochow
Shanghai
Tientsin
Hankow
Yokohama
Kobe
New York

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS 10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—11-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

POST BOX No. 34.
Esplanade Road, Bombay.

JOHN GREIG,
Agent.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

Capital paid up.................	Gold $ 3,250,000.00
RESERVE FUND and undivided profits..................	Gold $ 3,305,710.96

LONDON OFFICE: Threadneedle House.
Bishopsgate Street, Within E.C.—

BRANCHES:

Bombay.
Calcutta.
Singapore.
Hongkong.
Canton.
Manila.

Cebu.
Shanghai.
Hankow.
Peking.
Yokohama.
Kobe.

San Francisco.
Washington.
Mexico.
Panama.
Colon.
Empire.

THE CORPORATION sells drafts and cable transfers on the principal cities of Europe, America, Australia, China and Japan, buys Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months on which interest is allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

GEO. HOGG, Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42-43, Church Gate Street.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

SALE TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, 14th January.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 14th Inst., at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the Bombay United Mills compound, New Queen's Road, Girgam, next to French Motor Car Co. Show Rooms, the valuable and handsome French-polished teakwood and blackwood household furniture, glassware and crockeryware, dining table and chairs, mirrored sideboard, set of Chesterfield drawing-room sofas and chairs, lined velvet, marbletopped tables and teapoys, side and corner cabinets, brass bedstead, iron single and double cots, single and double mirror door almiras, marble topped dressing and washhand tables, clothes presses, handsome cottage piano by Soundy and Co., large size Jost fan, large clock, handsome large and small oil paintings, Watson's large size enlarging camera, cinematograph camera and 2 lenses by Voigtelaenders and Sons, magic lantern with slides, nearly new English stove with water tank, velvet piled large carpet, wind-proof lamps, etc., the property of A. E. Redhead, Esq. and others.

The property is on view.

WEEKLY SALE.

ON MONDAY, the 16th January, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms in Bank Street, Fort, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following:—

Furniture such as sofas, chairs, easy chairs, cots, cupboads, almiras, writing, dressing, and washhand tables, sliding dining table, iron safes, 10 stops American organ, cottage and square pianos, rugs and carpets, etc.

1 Electric chair, 1 X-Ray apparatus, 1 throat and ear light.

1 Gold hunting watch, by John Jones.

By order of the concerned—

1 large collection of fancy electric lamp shades of various sizes and colours.

AT 2-30 P.M. (S.T.)

Several gents' bicycles by different makers.
1 light rubber-tyred victoria.
1 light rubber-tyred brougham.
1 rubber-tyred shigram.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 13th January, 1911.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No. 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

Under instructions from the Improvement Trust, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premesis on MONDAY, the 16th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.).

The materials for removal of the following buildings:—

Building Street Nos. 55:46:60-62:64-68: 83A:133-137 case Nos. 492:499:502:106:230, second and Nowrojee Hill Road. [illegible]

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

Under instructions from the Improvement Trust, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises on WEDNESDAY, the 18th instant, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.).

The materials for removal of the following buildings:—

Building Street No. 72, case No. 303, Carnac Road.

Also at the Trust Mandvi Koliwada Chawl, at 5 p.m.

A quantity of iron.

AUCTION SALE of Unclaimed Goods, Sweeping, etc., etc., at the G. I. P. Railway Wari Bunder Goods Depot.

In accordance with Sections 55 and 56 of Railway Act IX of 1890 under instructions from the G. I. P. Railway Company, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on TUESDAY, the 31st inst., at 2-30 P.M. at the Wari Bander Goods Depot a quantity of unclaimed goods, bags of cottonseed, wheat, jowari, grain tilly, linseed, rapeseed, bajree, castorseed, moha flowers, harda, pickaxes, hats, betelnuts, bagging, bundles of cotton, pictures, dry chillies, wagons of stones, iron pipes, crate iron cages, iron buckets, iron towas, loose burnt cotton, machinery, slates, wooden pieces, steal beams, luggage vasiala seed, rice, condemned sheets, old record, steel hoops and bands, heaps of sweeping grain and other miscellaneous articles.

Also

2 packages C. I. machinery, Invoice No. 685 of 20-9-10, Poona to Wadi Bunder.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 13th January, 1911.

TO PARENTS.

COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attention. Best Schools near. Terms Moderate. Reference kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs. James Finlay & Co., Ltd, Bombay, and Mr. R. KENNEDY, 35, Marine Lines, Bombay.

JARRAH WOOD

WESTRALIAN JARRAH, STEAM, SAWN SCANTLINGS, suitable for Flooring, Joists, Rafters, Posts, Chowkhats, Office Partitions, Doors, Windows, Polished Furniture, Frame-work, Cotton Bale Ribs. Jarrah is about half the price of Teak. A large assortment of Scantling sizes and lengths always kept in stock at our MAZAGON DEPOT, Victoria Road.

Price List and Sample Free on Application.

MILLARS' KARRI & JARRAH CO.
(1902) LD.,
YORK BUILDINGS,
Hornby Road,
BOMBAY.

TO ESCAPE

All Dangers—Moral and Physical,
Please Read our Book!!!
"KAM SHASTRA,"
A GUIDE to Health, Wealth and Prosperity!
Available in all Languages!!
English, Marathi, Hindi, Gujarati, Urdu, Bengali, Telugu and Tamil!
Kanarese Edition in the Press!!
More than 600,000 copies already supplied!
GRATIS and POST-FREE.

Apply to:—VAIDYA SHASTRI
MANISHANKAR GOVINDJI,
Jamnagar, (Kathiawar).

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes:—

9½ inch by 4¼ inch ...Rupee 1 per hundred*
9½ inch by 4¼ inch ...Annas 14 per do. *

* If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Rs. 3 per 1,000.

5 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Rs. 2¼ per thousand*

* If printed on flap, Rs. 4 per thousand.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey," Bombay to the Bosphorous. Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary. Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 4, 9, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 14th instant, at 3-30 P.M. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

At 2 P.M. (S.T.)

1 second-hand glass fronted miniature office brougham, in good order.

1 second-hand rubber-tyred victoria, in good order.

1 second-hand rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram, in good order.

1 bay Arab, quiet in harness and saddle.

1 grey pony, quiet in harness.

1 handsome strong strawberry grey C. B. mare, will be a very good trapper.

1 handsome strong bay Arab horse, 7 years, goes well in gharry.

On MONDAY, the 30th instant, at 2 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at "Edmore House," Marine Lines, the very valuable and handsome teak and blackwood plain and carved furniture by Roberts, Wimbridge, McKenzie, Bresslauer, Ahmed Dewji and Bros. and others, rich glass and crockeryware, best plated ware by Reed and Barton, cases of plated best spoons and forks by Walker and Hall, rich Persian carpets, oleographs and oil paintings, solid brass standard lamps, porcelain jardiniers, velvet drawingroom suit, one piano by Rose and Co., in excellent condition, dining table and chairs, large sideboards and dumbwaiters, drawingroom cabinets, glass door almyrahs, handsome flower vases and ornaments, chest of drawers, teapoys, marble top wash-hand and dressing tables, brass and iron single and double bedsteads, table and hanging lamps, ice-box, copper utensils, copper boiler, etc., etc., the property of P. L. Wright, Esqr., and others.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 13th January, 1911.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
21, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO MERCHANTS AND PRIVATE BUYERS.

BONA-FIDE SALE of English Boots and Shoes.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co., Auctioneers, will, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 13th day of January, 1911, sell by Public Auction, at their Sales Rooms at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.).

A lot of about 500 pairs Gentlemen, Ladies and children's boots and shoes by Dawson, Ellis and other well-known makers.

Cash will be required at the time of knocking the lots to the purchasers.

Goods will be sold in small lots to suit the convenience of buyers.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 13th January, 1911.

CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co.,
GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.

CARRIAGES and HORSES let on hire.

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASS WARE, for sale and on hire.

FURNITURE of the latest design for sale and on hire.

HOUSES FURNISHED with neat Furniture

HOTEL WINDSOR,

VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER,
LONDON, S. W., ENGLAND.

FIRST-CLASS FAMILY HOTEL, single bed rooms from 4s.; double from 7s.; sitting and bed room from 15s.; suites from 21s.; including attendance and electric light. Inclusive, terms from 12s. per day. Special inclusive terms by the year. Wedding receptions. Turkish Bath, Post Office telephones in every suite. Table d'Hote at Separate Tables, from 6-30 to 8-30 (open to non-residents).

J. R. CLEAVE,
PROPRIETOR.

JOHN JAMESON'S THREE STAR WHISKEY.

PURE POT STILL.
Famous for 100 Years.

JOHN JAMESON & SON, LIMITED, DUBLIN.
Distillers to H. M. the King.

Stocked by—
PHIPSON & CO., 6 Apollo St., BOMBAY.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE

TOWN SUBSCRIBERS.

	Subscription Rate.	Discount Rate.
Yearly ...	Rs. 25 0	Rs. 20 0
Half-yearly ...	" 13 12	" 11 8
Quarterly ...	" 7 8	" 6 0
Monthly ...	" 2 8	" 2 0

SINGLE COPY ... ... ONE ANNA.

MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Yearly ...	Rs. 37 8	Rs. 30 0
Half-yearly ...	" 20 0	" 16 0
Quarterly ...	" 10 10	" 8 8
Monthly ...	" 3 12	" 3 0

SINGLE COPY... ... TWO ANNAS.

N. B.—To obtain the benefit of the discount rate payment must always be made in advance.

For rates of old Issues of the "Bombay Gazette," See Special Short Advertisements Column.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

For Advertisements of two or three lines, relating to such matters as Small Sales; Business Cards, Situations, Wanted Servants, Houses, or Lodgings Required; Change of Residence and Articles Lost or Found, the scale is as follows:—

Not exceeding three lines	Rs. 1-0
Each succeeding line	" 0-8

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than One Rupee. Payment must in all cases be made in advance.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First Insertion	Rs. 6-0	Per Inch
Second Insertion ...	" 3-8	do.
Third Insertion	" 3-0	do.
Fourth Insertion ...	" 2-8	do.
Fifth and upwards ...	" 2-0	do
Minimum charge ...	" 6-0	do.

In the Native Languages double the above rates

For Advertisements, which are to be inserted for any length of time special contracts are made.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE
OVERLAND SUMMARY
AND WEEKLY BUDGET.

	Town.	Post.
Yearly	Rs. 12	Rs. 15
Half-yearly...	7	8
Quarterly	4	5

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 19 June, 2017

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON, January 11.

2 1-2 per cent. Consols ...	... 79 9-16+1-8
Exchange on London at Paris Fcs	...25-39 1-2+1-2
3 per cent. Rentes ...	...97 1-2 unchgd
3 1-2 per cent. Indian Stock (Sterling Loan) ...	...94 3-4 unchgd
Rupee Paper 3 1-2 per cent...	...64 unchgd
Bar Silver Spot ...	... 25 5-16+1-16
Do. 2 months hence ..	25 1-2+1-8
Closing Tone of Silver—Rise caused by India and China Buying.	
Berlin Cheques on London ...	20-46—1-2
Discount Bank of England Rate 4 1-2 p.c. since1-12-10	
Discount Bank Bills 3 months' sight..	3 5-8+1-16
Do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight.	3 1-2 unchgd
Do. Fine Trade Bills 3 months...	4 unchgd
Do. Fine Trade Bills 6 months...	4 unchgd
Interest day to-day loans ...	... 2 7-8 unchgd
Do. 7 day market loans ...	3 1-8+1-8
Bar Gold (per oz.) ...	77 9 1-8 unchgd
Exchange on India 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate)	... 1-3-15 unchgd
Bills on Madras ... Rs. 10,000 at 1s. 4 4-32d	

COUNCIL BILLS.

At the periodical Biddings for Council Bills on India to-day for Rs. 10,000,000,

Rs. 7,40,000 were allotted to Calcutta
„ 2,00,000 „ to Bombay
„ 6,70,000 „ to Madras

Total Rs. 16,10,000

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 4 3-32d. (Min. Rate) received 9 per cent. above that rate in full.

Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 4 3-32d. (Min. Rate) received 9 per cent. above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay, 16·09.

Telegraphic Transfers:—

Rs. 36,60,000 were allotted to Calcutta.
„ 43,30,000 „ to Bombay.
„ 4,00,000 „ to Madras.

Total Rs. 83,90,000

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 4 4-32d. (Min. Rate) received 9 per cent. above that rate in full.

Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 4 4-32d. (Min. Rate) received 9 per cent. above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay 16·13.

Total amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening including last Public Sale Rs. 97,50,000.

Amount to be allotted next week Rs. 1,20,00,000.

MANCHESTER, January 11.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spots	Good demand, steady.
Futures	... Quiet.
East Indian	... Quiet.
Manchester	Steady, moderate business.
Sales of East Indian	... ...
Total Sales	... 12,000
Sold on Speculation and for Export	500
Imports	... 31,000
Mid-Americans	... 8·05 +2
Egyptian F.G.F. Brown	11 1-16 unchgd
Spot Cotton—	14·90 —10

Cotton Delivery	J.-F.	F.-M.	M.-A.
	7·81	7·82	7·83
	— 8	— 8	— 9
Mid. Uplands	A.-M.	M.-J.	J.-J.
	7·84	7·84	7·83
	— 8	— 9	— 8
G. O. C.	J.-A.	A.-S.	S.-O.
	7·81	7·61	7·25
Liverpool	— 9	— 9	— 8

NEW YORK, January 11.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

COTTON :—

	bales.
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports ...	60,000
Do Last year ...	23,000
Do. Exports to Great Britain ...	13,000
Do. Exports to Continent ...	39,000

Futures at New York ....
March 14·75—12
Do at New York ....
May Mutilated

First tone mutilated declined on bear pressure and liquidation.

Spot Cotton...Mutilated.

NEW ORLEANS.—

Spot Cotton	...15 unchgd
Futures—Month of March	...14·97 unchgd
Do. do. May	...15·17 unchgd
Demand Bills ...	Mutilated
Silver Commercial Bars ...	do.

Closing Tone of Spot Cotton—Easy.

LONDON, January 11.

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Fine Broach	... d 7 28-32
F. G. Broach	... d 7 23-32
Good Broach	... d 7 18-32
Fine Bhownagger	... d 7 8-32
F. G. Bhownagger	... d 7 7-32
Fine M. G. Bhownagger ...	... d 7
Fine Oomras	... d 7 10-32
F. G. Oomras	... d 7 6-32
Good Oomras	... d 7 2-32
Good M. G. Oomras	... d 7 2-32
Fine M. G. Oomras	... d 7 10-32
Fine Bengals	... d 6 18-32
F. G. Bengals	... d 6 14-32
Good Bengals	... d 6 10-32
Fine M. G. Bhownagger... ...	... d 7 8-32
Good Khandeish	... d 6 28-32
F G Khandeish	... d 7

WHEAT.

Wheat Choice White Karachi ... 36
Do Months—Jan.-Feb.
Do Name of Ports—London.
Do Whether Sellers, &c.—Sellers.
Wheat Red Karachi ... Nominal
Tone of Wheat—Quiet but steady.

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Wheat Rozario ... 34 5-8
Do Months—Jan.—Sellers.—Easier.

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.

Wheat South Australian 35 1-4
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.—Sellers

SEEDS.

Rapeseed—Yellow Gujrat per 416 lbs 85 per cent ex-ship. ... 48 3-4
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk.
Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellers etc.—Sellers.
Rapeseed—Yellow Cawnpore, per 416 lbs 85 per cent ex-ship ... 46 1-2
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk.
Do. Weather Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.
Rapeseed—Brown Cawnpore 39 lbs. ex-ship ... 42
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk.
Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.
Tone of Rapeseed.—Firmer.
Linseed—Bombay, per 416 lbs. ex-ship ... 70 3-4
Do. Months—April-May.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Done.
Tone of Linseed.—Firm.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata— ... 66 1-2
Jan-Feb—Antwerp—Value.

COFFEE.

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality). ... Mutilated

SUGAR.

German granulated sugar C. and F.
India double bags ... 12 11-2
Months of Shipment.—May-Aug.—Sellers—Steady

RUBBER.

Para Rabber 5 2 —Value—Quiet.

BOMBAY, January 11.

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

The following are the receipts of Wheat and Seeds into Bombay during the 48 hours ended at 6 p.m., on Wednesday, 11th January, 1911 :—

Wheat	21,162	cwts
Linseed	422	„
Rapeseed	246	„
Gingellyseed	30,362	„
Poppyseed	470	„
Groundnuts..	24,586	„
Castorseed	2,671	„
Rice	11,509	„
Myrabollams.	1,815	„
Cottonseed	10,602	„
Mowraseed...	20	„
Gram	2,769	„
Joowar	1,691	„
Maize	444	„

COTTON.

The following are the receipts of Cotton and Produce into Bombay during the 48 hours ended at 6 p.m. on Wednesday, 11th January, 1911 :—

	Bales.
Khandeish	4,703 „
Central India...	1,796 „
Barsi and Nagur	540 „
Berar	279 „
Central Provinces	...... „
Total Oomras...	7,318 „
Dholera	1,129 „
Broach...	48 „
Coompta and Dharwar	91 „
Westerns	...... „
Bengals (N. W. P.)... ...	792 „
Bengal Rajputana	1,116 „
Sind	7,170 „
Persia	45 „
America	...... „
Egyptian	...... „
Other Sorts	......
Total...	11,804 „

LIVERPOOL, January 11.

Opening Tone and Prices.

Opening Tone	Quiet but steady.
Estimated Sales	... 10,000
Total Imports	... 22,000

Future Delivery Prices :—

Jan.—Feb.	... 7·82+ 1
Feb.—Mar.	... 7·83+ 1
Mar.—Apl.	... 7·84+ 1
Apl.—May	... 7·85+ 1
May.—June	... 7·85+ 1
June—July	... 7·84+ 1
July—Aug.	... 7·82+ 1
Aug.—Sept.	... 7·62+ 1
Sep.—Oct.	... 7·26+ 1

METALS.

We quote:—

	lbs.	
Copper Braziers 4 × 4	21	
	28	Rs. 53 12
	35	
	42	
	56	
	63	
	70	Rs. 55 4
	77	
	84	
Yellow Metal Sheets	21	
	28	
	35	„ 45 0
	42	
	49	
	56	
Tin Ingots ...	...	„ 46 12
Georgshutte ...	...	„ 20 8
Copper Sheetings ...	...	„ 59 0
Yellow Metal Sheetings ...	...	„ 47 4
Copper Ingots ...	...	„ 46 12

IMPORTS OF TREASURE,

Wednesday, Jan. 11.

GOLD.

No. of Packages.	Bullion Rs.	Coin. Sovs. and half Sovs. Rs.	Other Coin. Rs.
6 Boxes......	4,22,400	......	......
21 Boxes......	......	15,75,000	......
1 Box.........	38,400	......	......
19 Boxes	10,52,168	1,20,000	......
2 Boxes......	1,53,600	......	......
3 Bundles...	......	60,000	......
1 Bundle ...	......	1,605	939
3 Bundles...	......	1,507	4,683

SILVER.

No. of Packages.	Bullions. Rs.	Coin. Govt. of India Rs. Rs.	Other coin. Rs.
151 Bars.........	3,00,000	......	......
1 Bundle......	......	1,460	......
3 Bundles ...	......	5,200	......
5 Bundles ...	......	10,000	......
2 Boxes	......	6,263	......

Importers.	Vessels.	From
Chartered Bank of India & China ...	Marmora	London
Do ...	do	do
Mercantile Bank of India...	do	do
Yokohama Specie Bank ...	do	do
National Bank of India ...	do	do
Yokohama Bank	do	do
The B & H S N Co India...	Fakhri	Jeddah
N Bakpore ...	Dumra	Bagdad
Sundry Importers ...	do	Busreh
Standard Oil Co. of N. Y....	do	do
D Maganlal	Ponabi	Bhavnagar

SIND LIGHT RAILWAYS, LD.

The approximate earnings of the Mirpur Khas-Jhudo Feeder for the week ending 24th December, were Rs. 5,420, making the total earnings for the period 1st January 1910 to 24th December 1910—Rs. 92,418.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR J. W. HAWES V. D. COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 13th January.

12. Parades—Nos 1 and 2 Companies 6 inch Gun Drill at Mahaluxmi Battery. Special instruction for D R F and mechanical dial numbers at Mahaluxmi, on Saturday 14th instant at 5-30 p.m. Handbooks on the new mechanical dial can be obtained on application at Head-Quarters.

12a. Parades.—E. E. Company.—All night Electric Light runs will take place from Monday the 9th to Saturday 14th instant. Parade each evening at 6-45 p.m. Members wishing to attend will please notify the O. C. E. E. Company, stating what nights they can attend.

13. Gun Layers Examination.—The annual Gun Layers qualification Examination will take place at Middle Ground on Saturday 14th January. Parade at Apollo Bunder at 5 p.m. Every Layer is especially requested to be present.

17. Musketry—The British Infantry Range at Colaba will be available for class firing for Nos. 1, 2 and E. E. Companies (who have not already fired) on Sunday 15th instant. Firing to commence at 6 a.m.

E. P. CUDLIP, Lieut. R. A.,
Adjutant, B. V. A.

NOTICE.

B V A Subscription Dance.

A B V A Subscription Dance will be held in the Town Hall commence at 9-30 p.m. on Wednesday 25th instant, Admission by tickets only. Prices—For members of the Corps Rs. 2. For non-members Rs. 3. Each ticket includes free admission for one lady. Extra ladies ticket Re. 1. Tickets can be obtained from :—(a) Head-Quarters (b) Sergeants of the Corps (c) B V A Club.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY COL. B. W. L. DUNLOP, V.D.

Bombay, 13th January.

Friday the 13th instant.—All Recruits of the current season to parade at Head-Quarters at 6-30 p.m.

11. E. Coy. Parade at Sir Richard Temple's Statue at 9-15 p.m.

Dress—Drill Order Mufti.

Monday the 16th insts—"G" Coy Recruits Parade at 7 30 a m on the maidan.

II All Recruits of the current season and proficiency candidates will parade on the Oval at 6-30 p m

36. Musketry—The Ranges at Ghat Kopar are available for Class-firing for adults as under :—

Saturday 14th inst All Parts "C" Coy
Sunday 15th inst at the disposal of O C "G" Coy.
Tuesday 17th inst parts I and II any Coy.
Wednesday 18th inst parts I and II any Coy
Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6 a.m.

Rifle Club Classification Ranges—The Ranges at Ghat Kopar are allotted to the Rifle Club Matches 9 to 12 as under :—

Monday 16th instant by train leaving Victoria Terminus at 6 a.m.

Saturday 21st instant by train leaving Victoria Terminus at 1-50 p.m.

Sunday 22nd instant by train leaving Victoria Terminus at 6 a.m.

I. V. R. A. Matches can be fired on any of the days allotted to the Rifle Club.

II. Miniature Range—Matches 5 and 6 will be fired at Head-Quarters on Tuesdays and Thursdays from 6 to 7-30 p.m. and Saturdays from 3 to 5-30 p.m.

41. Rifle Meeting—It is notified for information that the Battalion Rifle Meeting will take place early in March and only efficient members are allowed to compete.

42. Leave—The Commanding Officer has been pleased to grant leave of absence to the undermentioned :—

No 4902 Vol E A Smith, "D" Coy from 12th Jan to 31st March 1911.

No 6454 Vol G La Frenais, "F" Coy from 12th Jan to 31st March 1911.

43. Strength—The undernamed is struck off the strength of the Corps :—No 5356 Vol A B Greenwood "F" Coy.

44. Resignation—The undernamed having resigned is struck off the strength :—No 6366 Vol H Crawshaw "G" Coy.

A. L. CARTWRIGHT, Capt.,
Adjt. B. V. R.

BOMABY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

NAMES.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last half-yearly Dividend.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.				
Alliance Bank of Simla Ld.	100	100	...	270
Bank of Bombay	500	500	13 p.c.	1595
Bank of India	100	50	6 „	64¼
Bank of Bengal	500	500	13 „	1590
Bank of Madras........	500	500	10 „	1370
Bank of Burmah	100	100	...	125
Bank of Baroda	...	...	...	...
Eastern Bank	...	...	...	74
National Bank of India...	...	...	...	...
Punjab National Bank...	100	100	10	...
People's Bank of India...	50	30	...	160
Specie Bank	100	50	...	54¼
The Bombay Merchants Bank Ld.	100	10	...	9¼
EXCHANGE BANK.				
Credit Bank of India Ld...	50	10	Nil	
Chartered Bank........	£20	£20	14 p.c.	10
Mercantile Bank	£25	£12½	6 „	£58
Do.	25	12	6 „	£17
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation	$125	$125	£2	
Ld.	£25	£25	12 p.c.	

MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.

Al'ck Ashdown & Co......	100	100	6 p.c.	222
All India Ut. Co. Ld......	100	20	...	12
Bamankua	10	10	...	10
Back Bay Bath	50	50	6 p.c.	32½
Badham Pile	100	100	...	90
Baroda Tram. Co	100	100	4 p.c.	60
Bombay Burmah T Corpn	125	125	15 p.c.	520
Bombay Electric S. and T. Co. Ld. ....O.	£10	£10	6 p.c.	118½
Do do. P.	£10	£10	...	169
Bombay Ice Mfg.	100	100	...	19
Bombay Flour Mill	500	500	40	960
Bombay Land and Building ..	500	500	...	...
Bombay S. N. Co......O	250	250	10	286½
Do. do. P.	250	250	6	280
Central I. M. Co., Ld. ...	10x	10x	3½	27½
Delhi Flour........	200	200	10	102
Empire of I. L. A.	500	50	18 p.c.	173
John Roberts and Co. ...	100	100	10	205
Josta Fans Supply Co. ...	100	50	7	58
Kemp and Co........	200	175	10½	170
Karachi Landing	200	75	12	95
Marcks and Co	100	100	10	107
Marsland Priceand Co O.	100	100	4 p.c.	...
Do. do. P.	100	100	7 p.c.	...
Napier Hotel Co.	100	100	...	...
Oriental Govt L. A. Co.	200	50	...	240
Oriental Mining........	...	...	...	6
Phillips and Co........	40	40	...	37
Port Canning Co.	1000	1000	...	775
Shivrajpore Syn. etc. ..	10	10	...	18½
Sirdar Carbonic Gas Co.	100	100	...	105x
Soundy and Co........	100	100	...	20 N.
Tata Iron Steel Co. Ld. O.	75	35	...	42
D.	30	30	...	80
P.	150	70	...	133
Thacker and Co.	100	100	25 p.c.	250
Telephone Co........	25	25	...	40½
Treacher and Co.	500	500	...	482½

SPINNING & WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad Advanced ...	500	500	yr. 20	440
Alliance	1000	1000	...	50
Berar Mfg........	200	200	...	160
Bombay Cotton Mfg	500	500	40	150
Bombay Dyeing and M. Co........	250	250	15½	525
Bombay United	250	250	20	250
Century	100	100	5	185
Central India........	500	500	55	1640
China	1000	1000	...	600
Chho Silk	500	500	20	500
Colaba Land and Mill ...	700	700	50	1060
Coronation Mills	500	500	...	600
Connaught	300	300	...	155
Coorla	1000	1000	...	500
Crescent	100	100	...	67½
Currimbhoy	1000	1000	...	935
Crown	1000	1000	...	500
David	250	250	...	355
Emperor Edward	500	500	...	560
Empress	500	500	...	152½
Edward Sassoon Mill......	200	200	nil	190
Fazulbhoy	250	250	10 p.c.	190
Framji Petit	1000	1000	60	1305
Finlay Mills	250	250	...	230
Gold Mohur	500	500	...	200
Hindustan	1000	1000	25	430
Howard and Bullough ...	500	500	15	350
Hyderabad........	1000	1000	60	1200
Imperial Cotton........	500	500	...	90
Indian Mfg........	1000	1000	...	360
Indo-China Mfg........	1000	1000	75	750
James Greaves	500	500	...	215
Jamshed Mfg........	250	250	...	145
Jivraj Baloo	1000	1000	...	375
Jubilee Mills	1000	1000	...	200
Khandesh	1000	610	25	900
Khatow Makonjee........	1000	1000	25	695
Kohinoor	500	500	15	615
Leopold	100	100	...	20
Lakshmi Cotton........	1000	1000	yr. 100	1335
Madras United	1000	1000	80	2565
Maneckji Petit	1000	1000	75	2645
Morarji Goculdas	1000	1000	150	2800
Mysore Spinning	250	250	...	50
Mysore Spinning	30	30	...	...
Moon	1000	1000	...	100
New Great Eastern	200	200	5	162½
New City of Bombay .	500	500	30	710
Phœnix	100	100	...	75
Presidency	1000	1000	yr. 40	375
Queen	1000	1000	nil	400
Ripon	1000	1000	50 div.	550
Sassoon Cotton	1000	1000	60	735
Sassoon Silk........	500	500	yr. 35	565
Sholapur........	1000	1000	150	4000
S. Mahratha	250	250	15	130
Standard Mills	500	500	60	930
Sun	250	250	nil	80
Swam	250	250	nil	225
Swadesh	...	...	...	1010
Textile........	500	500	25	850
Vishnu Cotton ....O.	500	500	nil	490
Do. ...P.	400	400	nil	600
Western India	1000	1000	25	410

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar	750	750	300	5000
Albert (Karachi)........	1100	1100	45	900
Bombay Cotton	125	125	15	75
Breul's Cawnpore	200	200	nil	170
Broach City........	200	200	14	170
Fort	475	475	22½	1230x
Godavery Valley........	100	100	6	...
Harvey & Sabhapatty ...	250	250	50	500
Hindustan P. and M.	250	250	15	...
Hinganghat	100	100	8	115
Indian Cotton	125	125	7½	142½
Jamna Gin. & Pressing Co..	1000	1000	70	600
Khangaum	400	400	nil	320
Mahomedpura Cotton......	125	125	7½	...
Mahuva........	200	200	nil	150
Mercantile	125	125	nil	50
Manmar Mfg.	250	250	25	300
New East India	1000	1000	75	1000
New Mofussil Co.	400	425	50	820
New Berar........	500	525	30	560
New Prince of Wales	500	510	30	690
Oomri	100	112	nil	...
Parbhany	100	100	10	...
Sind	400	400	30	725
Surat City	200	200	20	235
Volkart C. P. Co., Ld. ...	500	500	45	650
Wadhwan G. & P.	150	50	12	N

HOME REMITTANCES.

The Treasury, Calcutta, 19th December.

The weekly Memorandum of Remittances to the Home Treasury :—

Amount estimated in the Financial Statement to be remitted during 1910-11	£15,500,000
Remitted from 1st April 1910 to 24th December 1910, by Council Bills *.	£16,902,139
Remitted in excess of Budget Estimate	£1,402,139

* Of this sum £ 1,745,000 has been taken to the account of the Currency Reserve.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

The Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

BOMBAY.

MARRIAGE.

STEVENSON—MENESSE—January 10, at the Wesleyan Church, Colaba Causeway, by the Rev. R. Owen Jenkins, Walter Russell Stevenson, Indian Financial Dept., to Euphemia Bertha, youngest daughter of the late John Camille Menesse.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

BAILEY—January 5, at Simla, to Major and Mrs G Bailey, 104th Wellesley's Rifles, a son.

REID—January 9, at Mozufferpore, the wife of R N Reid, I C S, of a son.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

English Mail Steamer, due at 5 a.m.
Makara Sakrant, Hindu Holiday.
Orchestral Concert by H. E. the Governor's Band, Town Hall, 9-30 p. m.
Reception of Rechabite Officers by Local Rechabites and Temperance Workers Y. M. C. A., 9 p. m
W. I. Kennel Club, Adjourned Meeting, Green's Restaurant, 6-60 p. m.
Skating Rink : Practice Session, 8 to 9 a.m. Ladies' Session, 9 to 10 a. m. ; Evening Sessions, 6 to 8 p. m. ; 9-30 to 11 p. m.
Excelsior Cinematograph, at Novelty Theatre, 7 to 8 p.m., 8-30 to 9-30 p.m. and 10 to 11 p.m.

Maxim : " Be careful how you grasp an opportunity that is red-hot." Philadelphia Record.

ENGLISH MAILS.

DEPARTURE.

The P. and O. Co.'s steamer " Himalaya " leaves Bombay harbour, to-morrow.

MRS. GOKULDAS TEJPAL'S GARDEN PARTY.—Mrs. Goverdhandas Gokuldas Tejpal's Garden Party to be held on Saturday in celebration of her son Lukhmidas's wedding, is to be considered also as her " At Home " to the Ladies Branch of the National Indian Association.

FORT GRATUITOUS DISPENSARY.—The total number of patients treated during the month of December, 1910, was 1,190 making a daily average of 64 and a total number of new cases of 694 which included Parsis, 411 ; Hindus, 127 ; and other castes, 156. The total number of eye cases was 146, of dental cases, 50 and of gynæcological cases, 73. The number of children vaccinated was 131.

ST. ANDREW'S, BANDORA.—On Sunday next, His Excellency Dom Mathæus, Patriarch of Goa and His Grace the Archbishop-Bishop of Damaun will officiate in St. Andrew's Church, Bandora. The Patriarch will administer the sacrament of Confirmation to the children of the Parish and the Bishop of Damaun will give the Prime Tonsure and confer the four minor orders on the seminarist Roque Dominic Fernandes, Master of Arts of the Bombay University and student of the Papal Seminary, Kandy. The service will commence at 8-30 a.m. preceded by the reception of the two dignitaries.

BAND AT THE YACHT CLUB.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Col. H. R. Vaughan, and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, the Royal Warwickshire Regt., will play the following programme of music, commencing at 6 P. M. (S.T.), this evening :—

March..............The British Empire......Karl Kaps
Overture............Les Dragons De Villars.Maillart
Valse ....Luna ....Lincke
Selection...........Carmen ....Bizet
Bell Solo.... ......Carillon in E....................Goodhart
Grand Valse from. Eugene Oneguin ....Tschaikowsky
Selection...........The Arcadians ....Monckton

STRING BAND AT THE PRINCESS GYMKHANA.—By kind permission of Lieut-Colonel S. J. Sarjant, V.D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers, will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. A. Mallandaine, Bandmaster, commencing at 6 p.m. (S.T.) this evening :—

March.......... Stars and Stripes Forever.Sousa
Characteristic Piece ......The Butterfly ....Bendix
A Barcaroll. No 6 ....Tschaikowsky
B. Czardas No. 2 ....Michaelis
Selection......Il Trovatore...........................Verdi
Valse ....The Whirl of the Waltz...Lincke
Selection ...The Pirates of Penzance..Sullivan
Two Step ... Felix Diaz ....Proza

DEATH OF A MAHOMEDAN FOZDAR AT CHIPLUN.—A local correspondent writes to announce the death of a Mahomedan Police Patel Mr. Kawaluddin Jawaluddin Desai (Fozdar) at his residence at Chiplun on the 29th December, from a sudden attack of paralysis of the brain, at the age of 57. The deceased belonged to a highly respectable Mahomedan family in the Konkan known as "Desaai" at Chiplun, who have a tradition of their own and who carry weight and influence in the community. The deceased was appointed to the Patelship of the town of Chiplun when the destinies of the inhabitants in the Ratnagiri District were entrusted to the then Collector Mr. R. E. Candy, I.C.S., and Mr. H. Kennedy, then District Superintendent of Police (afterwards appointed Commissioner of Police, Bombay.) During the last 25 years the deceased discharged his duties, onerous and great as they were, to the entire satisfaction of his superiors, both in the interest of State and public. In all Revenue, Police, and Municipal work, his assistance was sought for and his services were always readily found. He was genial in disposition and very sociable in his character, His death is deeply regretted by the inhabitants and keen sympathy is felt for his four young sons and three daughters. His funeral was largely attended.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

The Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours, ending at 6 a. m. yesterday, give the following results :—

Wards.	Plague. Attacks.	Plague. Deaths.	Total deaths from all causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade........	1	0	7
B Mandvi, Chukla, Oomerkhadi and Dongri	0	0	17
C Market Dhobi Talao, Fanaswady, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao, and Kumbharwada	0	0	17
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Mahaluxmi	0	0	13
E Mazagon, Tarwadi, 2nd Nagpada, Kamatipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	0	0	27
F Parel, Sewree and Sion...	0	0	3
G Mahim and Worli	1	0	8
Harbour........	0	0	0
Hospital	0	0	8
Total......	2	0	100
This day last year	4	2	77

THE RAT CAMPAIGN.

January 9th, 1911.

Ward.	Alive.	Dead	Found Infected.
A	99	36	0
B	169	101	7
B	286	170	10
C	133	82	0
D	160	20	0
E	131	45	1
E	85	110	3
F	70	13	1
G	88	2	1
Total ...	1,221	579	24
Same date last year			1,800

SPORTING NEWS.

GOLF IN BOMBAY.

St. George's Medals.

THE competition for the St. George's Gold and Silver medals was continued over the local links yesterday morning, when England won the gold medal and handicap and Hargreaves the silver medal. Two excellent scores had been returned on the first round, England and Nicholson being round in 36 and 37 respectively, and it was expected that one of these competitors would win. Nicholson spoilt his chance by taking 17 strokes to the first three holes, and, although round in 42, was three strokes worse than England, whose score for the eighteen holes was 76. He took five to the first and six to the second. He made a bad second shot to the next hole, but had an excellent third and holed out in five. As on the first day, he got the fourth hole in three and was 29 for six holes. He got into trouble at the seventh hole, but recovered well and holed out in four, finishing the last three holes in eleven strokes.

The best score returned yesterday morning, for the silver medal was 44 by Sanderson, who on the first round was two strokes more than Hargreaves. The former played a steady round, but spoilt his card at the fifth hole to which he took six strokes. England won the handicap prize with a nett score of 78, one stroke better than Nicholson, Dunkerley and Hargreaves. Dunkerley has a handicap of nine and was round in 46, his score for the first eight holes being 39 only with a seven to the last hole. Scores :—

HANDICAP.

	Score.	Handicap.	Result.
R D England ...	76	+2	78
M F Nicholson ...	79	scr	79
E Hargreaves ...	89	—10	79
W Dunkerley ...	97	—18	79
H E Harrington	98	—16	82
P M D Sanderson	90	— 8	82
H J Shaw ...	95	—12	83
W G Nicoll ...	102	—18	84
A Gittins ...	83	+ 2	85
E E Coombs ...	86	scr	86
C H Roberts ...	86	scr	86
J Reed ...	100	—14	86
L Thacker ...	93	— 6	87
E Ferrers Nicholson	89	scr	89
Capt H S Adair	86	+ 4	90

GOLD MEDAL.

	First round.	Second round.	Total
R D England ...	36	40	76
M F Nicholson ...	37	42	79
A Gittins ...	40	43	83
E E Coombs ...	42	44	86
Capt H S Adair...	40	46	86
C H Roberts ...	41	45	86
E Ferrers Nicholson	44	45	89
L Thacker ...	47	46	93

SILVER MEDAL.

E Hargreaves ...	44	45	89
P M W Sanderson	46	44	90
H J Shaw ...	48	47	95
W Dunkerley ...	51	46	97
H E Harrington...	48	50	98
J Reed ...	51	49	100
W J Nicoll ...	51	51	102

BOMBAY RACES.

5th Extra Meeting.

Saturday January 14.

HORSES LEFT ON.

After declaration of forfeit 6 pm Thursday 12th January.

THE NEW YEAR PLATE—About 1 mile—Margaerite 10-10, Eva (late Peridelle) 9-10, Solution 9-5, Wine Merchant 8-6, Signorina 8-4, Mary 8-3, Lafata 7-12, Lancasterite 7-5, Young Melton 7-0.

THE ROSEHILL PLATE.—About 5 furlongs—Elser 10-10, Comeback 7-10, Gun Metal 7-7, Golightly 7-5, Nigakapa 7-4.

THE MAHIM PLATE—About 7 furlongs—Lo okman 9-9, Winchester 9-5, Tofic Pasha 9 4; Gold Mint 9-2, Gafal 8-10, Medlool 8-7, Mudkoor 8-6, Saree 8-5 Grey Falcon 7-11, Azzad 7-9, Lama 7-8, Plassy 7-8, Hoodaib 7.7, Woolwinder 7-6, Zinfandel 7-4, Dilerjung 7-1, Antica 7-0.

THE PRONGS PLATE.—About 9 furlongs—Sulaik, Grand Duke, Hamdoon, Straight Tip, Shawcutt, Sir Hugo and Hyder II.

A CONSOLATION PLATE.—6 furlongs—Siriska, Regiment, Officer, Toronto, Tip Top, Mishriff, Fado, Anrum, Abdul Malik, Director, Phaleron, Khalas, Takti Suleman, Fahad Beg, Karrar, The Brat, Compact. and Prince of Wales.

DIVISION OF THE HOPEFUL PLATE.—5 furlongs—Sheble Pasha, Marconigram, Prism, Balkan, Austria, Bulgaria, Duke Foote, Senseless, Red Flower, Burg, Rosh Hoshana, Roll Gold, Let Go, Sir Albert, Timon, Melton, Singer, Sir Clarke, Roskoff, Dimshak, Ready Cash, Kamal Baig, Brazee, Sirdar Urfa, Yusuff Pasha, Muzafer Pasha, Barefoot, Sir Peter, Young Hudban, Steward, Annie Pasha, Chaman, Hassan Great Gun, Mujahid, Redmonk, Sir Edward, Young Majub, Shojelly, Izat Baig, Pendil, Once More, Medallist, Order, Zobid, New Guinea, Engineer, Mexico, Little Laffy, Lazin, Croesus, Goalpara.

ST. JOSEPH'S SCHOOL, JUVEM.

New Building Blessed by the Archbishop.

MONDAY, January 2, was a gala day for the poor parish of Juvem. Punctually at 4-30 p.m. His Grace the Roman Catholic Archbishop of Bombay, accompanied by the Very Rev. H. Boese, Vicar General and Superior of the Mission, was received by the Vicar, the Rev. Fr. N. Monteiro, Rev. Fr. M. X. Gomes, Vicar of Rosary Church, the Rev. Fr. S. Fonseca, Vicar of Ambolim, the Rev. Fr. C. Fonseca, and the Rev. Fr. J. Ferreira and the parishioners in a solemn procession.

At the entrance, the inscription "Welcome Our Archbishop" was placed on a triumphal arch. Above the church gate was visible an inscription "Viva Pastor Bonus." On the sides of the road waved numberless flags of various colours. No sooner His Grace entered the church than the children sang the song of welcome, accompanied by a selected orchestra. Having donned his pontifical garb, His Grace intoned the "Veni Creator Spiritus," which was sung as the procession wended its way to the new building of St. Joseph's School. The ceremony of the blessing was very imposing.

The new building, which measures 72 ft. by 27 ft. with four large well ventilated rooms and a corridor, was tastefully decorated with artificial garlands and beautiful banners. After the blessing His Grace was presented with an address.

In his reply, the Archbishop thanked the Trustees of the late Mr. N. M. Wadia, C. I. E, for the handsome donation granted towards the building and the monthly contribution for the maintenance of the school. He also thanked Mr. Ratan Tata, Mr. F. R. Chicho, Mr. Ardeshir Jamsetji Wadia and all the subscribers and donors who rendered the Vicar pecuniary and material help to complete the building. His Grace exhorted the people to live in union and peace and to look to the education of their children. An entertainment followed and then the Rev. Fr. Monteiro then read out the report of the scholastic year for 1910, which was very satisfactory, and showed the rapid progress of the school. After this His Grace gave away the prizes. In conclusion, His Grace, being very much pleased with the entertainment and the solemn occasion, advised the parents to send their children regularly to school and brought the proceedings to a close with his paternal blessing.

WESTERN INDIA KENNEL CLUB.

THE following gentlemen have been invited to act on the Committee of the Western India Kennel Association:—Lieut-Col. Hyde-Oates, Lieut-Col Dyson, I. M. S., Major Morris, Major Evans, I.M.S., Messrs. Wetherall, M. R. C. V. S., F. A. Prevost, G. H. McCausland, T. D. Moore, O. Meyer, and W. J. McCoulis. The adjourned meeting will be held this (Friday) evening at 6 30 at Green's Restaurant, Apollo Bunder, at which the Hon. A Hill-Trevor will take the chair, and when it is hoped that strong support will be given to the new association.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

("Bombay Government," January 12).

Messrs Fakirappa Gurubasappa Halkatti, LL.B, and Ramchandra Sheshgirrav Savanur, LL.B., Pleaders, Bijapur, passed, the latter with credit, on the 6th December 1910, an examination in Marathi according to the Higher Standard.

Mr Mahadev Narayan Hulyal, Acting Mamlatdar of Sirur in the district of Poona, is appointed, to be a Magistrate of the Second Class in that district.

Mr Gangadhar Moreshvar is appointed Phatak, LL B, to act as Second Class, Fourth Grade, Subordinate Judge, Haveri, during the absence on leave of Mr Bhikaji Raghunath Mehendale.

Mr Krishnaji Balavant Koshe, Acting Mamlatdar and Magistrate, Third Class, Bassein in the district of Thana, is appointed, to be a Magistrate of the Second Class in that district.

Jadeja Pratapsinhji of Limbdi passed, on the 6th December 1910, an examination in Law according to the Lower Standard prescribed for Police officers.

His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following revised promotions and appointments :—Mr C F D'Abreo to be Third Grade Deputy Collector vice Mirza Kalich Beg Faridun Beg retired Mr Sorab Manekshah Bharucha to be Third Grade Deputy Collector vice Mr. Shalom Bapuji Israel retired Mr T H Marston to be Third Grade Deputy Collector vice Mr Bhaskarrao Ramchandra Heblikar retired and to take rank above Mr. Sorab Manekshah Bharucha Mr H L Cross to continue to be substantive pro tem Third Grade Deputy Collector Rao Bahadur Gobindram Salamatrei to be Fourth Grade Deputy Collector vice Mr C F D'Abreo promoted Mr Ganesh Hari Anjangaonkar to be Fourth Grade Deputy Collector vice Mr. Sorab Manekshah Bharucha promoted Mr Dattatraya Mahadev Patvardhan to be Fourth Grade Deputy, Collector vice Rao Bahadur Dattatraya Yennemadi retired Mr. F C D'Abreo to be Fourth Grade Deputy Collector vice Mr. T H Marston promoted; Mr Sorabji Ratanji Master to be substantive pro tem Fourth Grade Deputy Collector vice Rao Bahadur Gobindram Salamatrai on deputation; Mr. Narayan Abaji Parnaik to be substantive pro tem. Fourth Grade Deputy Collector vice Mr Ganesh Hari Anjangaonkar promoted; Mr Shantvirappa Virsangapa Mensinkai to be substantive pro tem. Fourth Grade Deputy Collector vice Mr Dattatraya Mahadeo Patwardhan promoted. Mr Mohomed Ibrahim Shaik Ismail to be Fifth Grade Deputy Collector vice Rao Bahadur Gobinram Salamatrai promoted. Mr Vaman Bhivram Mardhekar to be Fifth Grade Deputy Collector vice Mr Balkrishna Narayan Vaidya deceased. Khan Bahadur Jacob Bapuji Israel to be Fifth Grade Deputy Collector vice Mr Ganesh Hari Anjangaonkar promoted and to continue seconded. Mr Hardasmal Udernomal to be Fifth Grade Deputy Collector vice Khan Bahadur Jacob Bapuji Israel.

Mr Bulakhi Bapuji Trivedi to be Fifth Grade Deputy Collector vice Mr Dattatraya Mahadev Patwardhan promoted ; Mr Vinayak Appaji Gupte to be Fifth Grade Deputy Collector vice Mr P R Hanson deceased. Mr Sayaji Shivaji Porodi to be Fifth Grade Deputy Collector vice Mr F C D'Abreo promoted ; Mr H S Smith to be substantive pro tem Fifth Grade Deputy Collector vice Mr Sorabji Ratanji Master promoted ; Mr Menghraj Hardasmal to be substantive pro tem Fifth Grade Deputy Collector vice Mr Narayan Abaji Parnaik promoted ; Mr Illahi Baksh Kadir Baksh to be substantive protem Fifth Grade Deputy Collector vice Mr. S V Mensinkai promoted ; Mr Yashawand Nilkanth Anandkar to be Sixth Grade Deputy Collector vice Mr. Mahomed Ibrahim Shaikh Ismail promoted ; Mr Assudamal Amarsing to be Sixth Grade Deputy Collector vice Mr Vaman Bhivram Mardhekar promoted ; Mr Joseph Rodgers to be Sixth Grade Deputy Collector vice Mr Bulakhi Bapuji Trivedi promoted ; Rao Saheb Sakharam Amrit Palshikar to be Sixth Grade Deputy Collector vice Mr Vinnayak Appaji Gupte promoted ; Mr Gurushiddya A Hiremath to be Sixth Grade Deputy Collector vice Mr Sayaji Shivaji Poredi promoted ; Mr Shanker Keshav Sathe to be substantive pro tem Sixth Grade Deputy Collector vice Mr. Durgeshvar Natvarji Trivedi reverting ; Mr Ghulam Mahomed Mir Mahomed to continue to be substantive pro tem Sixth Grade Deputy Collector ; Mr Yashavant Ballappa Borkar to be substantive pro tem Sixth Grade Deputy Collector ; Mr M D Dikshit, Probationary Deputy Collector passed the Higher Standard Department Examination on 10th December 1910.

Mr Narbheram Manchharam Joshi will act as District Deputy Collector, Broach vice Mr Jamiatram Raguram Jokhagar deceased.

Mr Lakhimal Aidas Vasu Vice Principal, Training College for men, Hyderabad will act as Principal of the College.

Mr. Venkatrav Gopal Ranade, residing at Bijapur is appointed, with effect from the 20th January 1911, to be a Village Munsif for the town of Bijapur in the Bijapur Taluka of the Bijapur District vice Mr Gurlingappa Gangappa Gugwad, resigned.

The appointment of Mr. Trimmaji Chando Patil as a Village Munsif at Betigeri, Ghosbal and Bagarnal in the Gokak Taluka of the Belgaum District, is hereby cancelled at his own request.

Mr Sunderrao Shivram, Awal Karkun, Kankrej Thana in the Palanpur Agency, is appointed to act as Thandar of Wao in the same Agency during Mr Hukumatrai Chhotalal's absence on deputation as thandar of Sihori.

Mr Ramchandra Vishwanath Gadgil, L C E, on relief of his acting appointment as District Deputy Collector, Satara, is appointed to be Mamlatdar of Haveli.

The leave on medical certificate for seven months granted with effect from the 27th May 1910, to Mr Bomanji A Parakh, Excise Inspector, Supa and Halyal, Kanara District, and now transferred as inspector, Haveli Range, Poona District has been extended by 5 months and Mr Mahomed Abdul Kadirkhan, a candidate, appointed to act as Inspector, Haveli Range.

Mr Sidi Dawood Khanzade, Excise Inspector, Murbad, Thana District, has been granted leave without pay for two months, with effect from the 1st instant, and Mr Munshi Jahuridin Ahmed, Sub-Inspector, Bassein, appointed to act for him.

Mr Hormasji C Cama, District Excise Inspector, Matar, Kaira District, has been granted privilege leave for two months, with effect from the 4th instant, and Mr Mirsaheb Jamalmia Kadri, Clerk in the office of the Mamlatdar, Borsad, appointed to act for him.

Assistant Surgeon K P Mullan, L M & S, has been appointed in Medical Charge of the Sind Convict Gang.

Mr Ganesh Waman Vaidya, B.A., L.L.B., is appointed to act as Clerk of the Court and Shirastedar to the first Class Sub-Judge at Dhulia vice Mr A K Asundi appointed to act as Additional Subordinate Judge at Dharwar.

Mr Shrinivas Balkrishna Sirmokadam is confirmed in his appointment as Clerk of the Court District Court, Ratnagiri.

Mr Sambarav Mangesh Telang is appointed Clerk as the Clerk of the Court and Shirastedar, First Class Subordinate Judge's Court, Ratnagiri.

Mr Bhogilal Dhirajram is appointed Clerk of the Court, Second Class Subordinate Judge's Court, Kapadvanj, vice Mr Ramkrishna Balkrishna, dismissed.

Mr Thakorprasad Naranprasad, acting Deputy Shirastedar, Assistant Judge's Court Ahmedabad, is empowered to administer oaths to declarants for the purpose of affidavits.

WILD BIRD PROTECTION AT NASIK.

IN yesterday's "Bombay Government Gazette" the rules framed by the Nasik Municipality are published in connection with the Wild Birds Protection Act XX of 1887, having been confirmed by the Governor of Bombay in Council. In the case of wild birds the period of breeding season has been fixed from the 1st April to the 30th September for the following:—Grey Partridge, black or painted Partridge, Rain Quail, Bush Quail, Bustard Quail, Pea Fowl, Jungle Fowl, Spur Fowl, Florican, Common Sand Grouse, Painted Sand Grouse and from the 1st June to 30th September for Cotton Teal, Whistling Teal, Combduck and Spot Bill Duck.

In the case of hare, the only animal of game, the close season is 1st April to 30th September, and no one shall within the limits of the Nasik Municipality possess or sell during its breeding season any wild bird or other animal of game which has been recently killed or taken, and no one shall import during the same season the plumage of any wild bird or the fur of any other animal of game.

Mr. John D. Rockefeller has made a final donation of dols. 10,000,000 (£2,000,000) to Chicago University, making a total of approximately dols. 35,000,000 (£7,000,000) given by him to the institution.

THE GREAT NERVE REMEDY.

PROF. JAMES' ELECTRO-TONIC PEARLS
FOR HEALTH STRENGTH ENERGY

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ELECTRO-TONIC PEARLS.

Quiets the Nerves, gives Refreshing Sleep to the Nervous and Overworked. Restores Health, Vigour and Vitality. For Sleeplessness, Hypochondria, Melancholia, Nervous Headache, Nervous Indigestion, Dizziness, Fainting Spells, Failing Memory, Nightmare, Heart Weakness, Nervous Prostration and other similar diseases resulting from a weakened condition of the Nervous System.

They are not a stimulant but a nerve builder, a most valuable and effective combination of harmless nerve restoring remedies known to medical science. Absolutely harmless, yet quick in their action. They assist nature in rebuilding the nerves, and do it in a natural way, not causing the nerves to feel stimulated only while they are being taken, as do some nerve medicines, but gradually restoring the entire nervous system to a perfectly healthy condition.

Read the following evidence:—

Mr. C. S. REDDI, Chittoor, writes :—Your bottle of Prof. James' E. T. Pearls, I call them gems : they did me immense good so please send another big bottle by V. P. P.

Mr. FELIX D. COELHO, Bela Vista, Calicut, writes:—I am glad to inform you that your famous Prof. James' E. T. Pearls proved a boon in my case. They are Pearls as you call them and not pills. Please send another two bottles by V. P. P.

S. Sgt. J. ELDER, S. T. C., Nowshera, Punjab writes :—That the Pearls are giving excellent results Please send another four bottles as early as possible

Price Rs. 2 per Bottle of 40 Pills.
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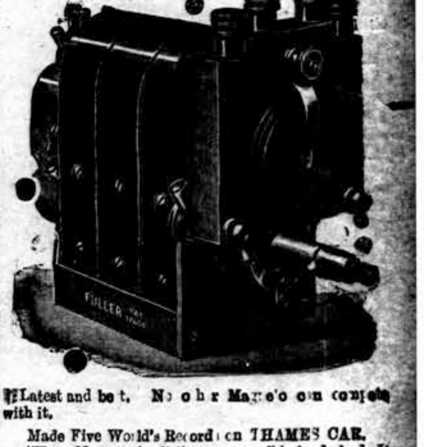
Two types: Standard and Self-starting.



Latest and best. No other Magneto can compete with it.

Made Five World's Records on THAMES CAR.

"Your Magneto is all that can possibly be desired. It could not have run better than when I established five new records on Brookhands Track on Tuesday last, the 10th instant."

(Signed) W. T. CLIFFORD-CARP.

" The Magneto you supplied to me in April this year is still working as well as ever, and it has given me the greatest satisfaction in every way. I maintain that no magnetos on the market can touch it," &c., &c,

(Signed) G. H. BANKES.

The Winning Boat was fitted with Fuller's Self-Starting Magneto British Motor Boat Club-Regatta, September 14, 1907, Cabin Cruiser K. L., won 15 mile handicap. . . . . "The Magneto ran exceedingly well, and we certainly shall recommend it to all buyers of our engines."

(Signed) KING & Co

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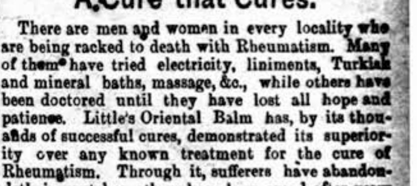
Of leading Chemists and Stores.
ICILMA CO., LTD., LONDON, ENG.

A Cure that Cures.

There are men and women in every locality who are being racked to death with Rheumatism. Many of them have tried electricity, liniments, Turkish and mineral baths, massage, &c., while others have been doctored until they have lost all hope and patience. Little's Oriental Balm has, by its thousands of successful cures, demonstrated its superiority over any known treatment for the cure of Rheumatism. Through it, sufferers have abandoned their, crutches, others have been cured after years of suffering. We have yet to learn of a single instance where Little's Oriental Balm has not cured when given a fair trial.

Mr. H. E. Wood, Seventh Avenue, New York writes :—" For the past 5 years I have been laid up totally lame from Rheumatism, and suffered the most excruciating pain; all medical aid was unavailing. Two bottles of Little's Oriental Balm cured me completely." Sold at Re. 1 per bottle, Of all Chemists and Medicine Vendors.



A French Remedy for all Irregularities.

Thousands of Ladies always keep a box of Martin's Pills in the house so that on the first sign of any Irregularity of the System a timely dose may be administered. Those who use them recommend them, hence their enormous sale. At all Chemists and Stores, or post free 3/- from MARTIN, Pharm. Chemist, SOUTHAMPTON, ENGLAND.

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"APENTA"
NATURAL APERIENT WATER

FILLED AT THE SPRINGS, BUDA-PEST, HUNGARY.

Make your own Cigarette
It is twice as good
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CIGARETTE PAPER
BEST and PUREST
LARGEST SALE IN GT BRITAIN

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

DOCKYARD.

H M S Pegasus ......Comdr Beats Powell...Royal Navy
H M S Redbreast...Lt Comdr Hon R O B Bridgeman...Royal Navy
R I M S Elphinstone ......Lt Comdr A St C Bowden...R I Marine

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Jan. 12.

Assaye	4350	Jones	P & O S N & Co
Caledonia	8529	Haywood	P & O S N Co
Cymbeline	2940	Gilchrist	W & A Graham & Co
Canterbury	2733	Willis	T Morrison & Co
Den of Airlie	2270	Robertson	T Morrison & Co
Dwarka	759	Moxon	M M & Co
Etonian	2144	Davies	P & O S N & Co
Fakhri	2555	Revill	E A M Jeewanji
Hild	719	Salvesen	F F Campbell
Janus	3078	Macdonald	....
Majidi	1857	Newby	B & P S N & Co
Nawab	2041	Elliott	T Morrison & Co
Norfolk	3175	Erland	W & A Graham & Co
Orwell	2146	Home	W & A Graham & Co
Oceana	3507	Andrews	P & O S N Co
Singu	1912	Morrison	Shaw Wallace & Co
Vadala	2164	Rolins	M M & Co
Wallace	2532	Erskine	....
Zambesi	2415	Willis	.....

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Jan. 12.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents
A Netherby Hall	2855	Henderson	Marmagoa	14-1	K Nixon & Co
B Clan Maclachlan	3008	Gray	Madras Coast	14-1	J Finlay & Co
D & E Hurst	2999	Moody	N F		J Finlay & Co
F Umta	3434	Phillips	N F		M M & Co
H Firoozi	2029	Primrose	R S Ports	18 1	B & P S N & Co
K Tosa Maru	3610	Nomura	Kobe	13-1	N Y Kaisha
L Lhasa	941	McDiarmid	Karachi	13-1	M M & Co
M Safi	502	Willoughby	Colombo	N F	B & H S N & Co
N Tuscarora	3906	Hallenshead	Philadelphia	24-1	W & A Graham & Co
O Moshtari	1100	Watson	Zanzibar	16-1	B & P S N Co
P Hartland	3019	Cara	Hull	14-1	W & A Graham & C
Q Homayun	2154	Molony	Jeddah	16 1	B & P S N & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Lord Cromer	2353	Polkinhorn	N F	N F	K Nixon & Co
2 Circassia	4323	Osborn	Liverpool	16-1	W & A Graham & Co
3 Ischia	2481	Balsito	Hongkong	16-1	Rubattino Line
4 D Falduino	2681	Maganzini	Genoa	15-1	Rubattino Line
7 Bohemia	2305	Gillhaber	Trieste	16-1	A L S N Co
8 Umballa	3126	Bait	N F	N F	M M & Co
9 Freienfels	3545	Diedrichsen	Karachi	18-1	W & A Graham & Co
10&11 Arcadia	3514	Barcham	Shanghai	18-1	P & O Co
12&13 Himalaya	3701	Spicer	London	14-1	P & O S N Co
15 Glencluny	3076	Craig	Kobe	13-1	T Morrison & Co

H W P D

Indravati	573	Fakeera	Gulf Port	12-1	B & S N Co
Ponani	552	Hoosein	B'nager	11-1	Bo S N Co Ld
Sarasvati	443	Ebrahim	Mangalore	13 1	Bo S N Co Ld
Kaveri	553	Dawood	B'nager	14 1	Bo S N Co Ld
Mahanadi	547	Ahmed	N F	N F	Bo S N Co Ld

30 ton Cranes.

Dredger Jinga ...... 401 ...... B P Trust

ARRIVALS.

Jan.	Vessels.	Commanders	From
11	Islanda	McClelland	Rangoon, Dec 27
	Umta	Phillips	Rangoon, Jan 2
	Hurst	Moody	Glasgow, Dec 7

DEPARTURE.

Jan.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
12	Dumra	Manley	Busreh, &c

DAILY EXPORTS.—JAN. 12.

FOR HULL

Lord Cromer s—10,000 cwts cottonseed, T Canji.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Circassia s—2 pots rosa oil, Volkart Bros.

FOR NAPLES.

D Balduino s—204 bales cotton Ralli Bros.

FOR HONGKONG.

Ischia s—200 bales twist, M M Essabhoy,
Arcadia s—200 bales twist, M M Essabhoy.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Arcadia s—400 bales twist, M M Essabhoy.

FOR KOBE.

Tosa Maru s—50 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.
Ischia s—50 bales cotton Ralli Bros.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Iscoia s—200 bales twist, M M Essaobhy.
Arcadia s—Owist, alesM M Essabhoy.

FOREIGN CABLE COMMUNICATION.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	America.	Australia.	China.	Africa.
Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Brest Perfect	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect.
Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Turkey Perfect	Via Valentia Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Cadiz Teneriffe Perfect.
Via Suez Perfect.	Via Suez Perfect.	Via Direct Cable Perfect.	......	Via Bhamo Perfect.	Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 12th January, 1911.

(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates.			Time Occupied in Transmission.	
	D.	H	M.	Hrs.	Mts
Turkey	11	3	50 p.m.	16	41
Teheran	12	2	10 p.m.	0	34
Suez	12	2	10 p.m.	0	42

NOTICES.

Cable Assab Perim interrupted. Telegrams for Erythrea and Abyssinia are forwarded via Suakim Kassala without additional charge (20-6-09).

Ahwaz line interrupted between Ramhormaz and Ahwaz (23-11-10).

Cable Djedda Suakim interrupted (30-12-10).

The Periyar Rubber Company harvested 11,963 lbs. of rubber last month, as compared with 8,614 lbs. in December 1909. The crop for the year amounted to 66,215 lbs., as compared with 35,015 lbs., in 1909.

The Volunteer Contingent to represent Ceylon at the King's Coronation in June will consist of only ten Officers and men, and all branches of the Corps in the island will be represented.

Turkeys, plum puddings, crackers and other cheerful Christmas goods were at Christmas taken aboard the lightships and to the lighthouse in the Thames estuary.

WHEN YOU HAVE FAILED
TO GET THROUGH OTHERS
JUST WHAT YOU REQUIRE
IN
BUNGALOWS,
FLATS,
OFFICES,
SHOWROOMS,
AND
GODOWNS
CONSULT US.
We have places in all localities
TO SUIT all requirements.
LUARD BARRINGTON & CO.,
55, HORNBY ROAD,
FORT.
P. O. BOX 239.

MALARIA.
NEMESIS AGUE SPECIFIC,
is a rational Remedy for Ague, Malarial, Bilious, Plague and other Fevers. A General Bitter Tonic, and Heart Stimulent. Per bottle, Re. 1.
CHOLERA.
"ZAM-ZAM."
A wonder of the Age. The Family Remedy. Instantaneous cure for Cholera, Colic, Cramp, Dyspepsia, Griping.
☞ See the Trade-mark of a Wading Bird. Per bottle—Ans. 8 and Ans. 14.
F. S. MADON & CO.,
170, SHAIKH MEMON STREET,
BOMBAY.

STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK,
MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

BRAND	Price.			
	Rs.	a.	p.	
Snowflake, 150 deg.	6	0	2	per case.
White Rose, 150 deg.	5	12	2	"
Chester, 125 deg	4	12	2	"
Devoe's Brilliant, 125 deg.	4	8	2	"
Monkey, 125 deg.	4	8	2	"
Elephant, 125 deg	4	8	0	per two tins.
" 125 deg. (in Bulk)	3	9	0	per 8 gallons.

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.
All case oil sold by Standard Oil Co. of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.
Bandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.
Coorla and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.
Order books supplied gratis on application.

J. V. NAVLAKHI & Co.,
Cheapest Dealers in
STATIONERY, DRAWING
AND
PAINTING MATERIALS
For Art Students, Artists, Engineers, etc.
RUBBER STAMP MAKERS,
KALKADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

NEW TEAS, NEW TEAS.
TRY THE
MAY BLOSSOM.
THE
MAY BLOSSOM
TEAS
Are the Best in the Market, having been picked and blended by an Expert.
A CHOICE CUP OF TEA
BE PUT OFF WITH NO OTHER.
SOLD EVERYWHERE.
APPLY EARLY TO
CROFT, MODY & CO.,
BOMBAY.
WHOLESALE AGENTS:
RETAIL SUPPLIERS:—Messrs. BRANDON & CO., Victoria Terminus, and Messrs. DENISON & CO. Hummum Street, Fort.

BOOKS FOR SALE.
ROUND ABOUT BOMBAY.
By James Douglas. Rs. 5.
THROUGH ASIATIC TURKEY.
(Bombay to the Bosphorous)
By Grattan Geary (2 Vols.) Rs. 10.
BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.
By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5.
LAYS OF THE LAW,
(A Selection of Leading Cases.)
By W. E. H. Re. 1.
GIRAS AND GUARANTEE.
Being a Compilation of Decisions, etc. on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and other Guaranteed Rights
By L. P. Parikh Rs. 6.
Apply "The Bombay Gazette" Office.

PIANOS
FOR SALE
FOR HIRE
On terms to suit purchasers or easy monthly payments for one or two years.
BROADWOOD.
BLUTHNER.
SCHIEDMAYER.
RICHD. LIPP.
GROTRIAN.
STEINWEG NACHF.
PAUL WERNER.
MARCKS & CO.
SLIGHTLY USED PIANOS.—A few of the above celebrated pianos for SALE as bargains, condition perfect and fully warranted for same period as new instruments.
WORN PIANOS.—We employ expert renovators, hammers refelted, toned, regulated and pianos tuned.
MARCKS & Co., LTD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications of a literary characters should be addressed to THE EDITOR, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the GENERAL MANAGER. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, GENERAL POST OFFICE, BOMBAY.

The Bombay Gazette.

Friday, 13th January 1911.

THE MOHURRUM.

NOTWITHSTANDING one or two unfortunate incidents there is reason for satisfaction with the manner in which the Mohurrum has passed off. Although the programme was not fully carried out, the celebrations went through more stages than last year or the year before, and that is so much to the good. With a view to affording Sunnis as much liberty as was consistent with the maintenance of order, a route for the processions of taboots and tolis was laid down by the Police, and notified with the sanction of the Government of Bombay, the first week in December last, and although certain thoroughfares which had been customarily used were closed, it was recognised by intelligent Mahomedans that the prescribed route was suitable for their purposes and well calculated to enable them to fulfil all their objects, free of the risk of collision with the Shiahs. Government concluded, after consultation with the Commissioner of Police, that the precautions notified were necessary, because the experience of the last few years had shown that the use of Doctor, Chimna, Batcher, Mutton, Dhabu and Pakmodia streets by the taboots tended to cause disorder. And it must be admitted that not one of these streets was either necessary or more convenient than those prescribed for their "religious processions." They are inhabited principally by Shiahs and each has its mosque. For the protection of these mosques, streets and their inhabitants since the Mohurrum began, strong bodies of police have been stationed night after night. Yet it was not the residents of one of these protected localities who were guilty of an attack on a taboot and on the police on Thursday morning, but Sunnis who molested men of their own sect. Whether they received any provocation justifying their action or not remains to be proved, but it appears, so far as can yet be ascertained, to have been a deliberate attempt to intimidate law-abiding citizens and to defy the police. The occurrence of the afternoon was of a similar character. The mob stoned the police and passers-by, held up trams and injured inoffensive passengers. After enduring for fully half an hour Mr. Setalvad, Presidency Magistrate, gave the order to the military to fire, and not a moment too soon.

Fewer tolis than in past years went out though more were licensed. The reason is not apparent, but an unexplained impression was prevalent that disorder might occur. The one waited on the other with the consequence that many abstained from attempting to leave their own mohullahs, though every precaution was taken by the police for their protection. Up to the time the first attack was made there was every appearance that the personal influence of the Commissioner, his deputies and superintendents, added to the appeal of the Governor in Council for co-operation in preventing a repetition of regrettable incidents, would bring the week to a close harmoniously, and it almost did. Another year we may find that there will be no hitch whatever, especially now that all classes realise that the police are determined to enforce their regulations and are able to do so. No doubt this latest regrettable incident caused much disappointment to the taboot-wallas, but that was unavoidable. To stop the processions was absolutely necessary in the interests of public safety. Next year the effects of this year's lesson may lead to an absolutely orderly Mohurrum. If not, the public will make its voice heard more effectually than in the past. "Religious processions" the notification styles them. But that is a polite misnomer. Let it not be forgotten for a moment that these "Hobson-Jobson" demonstrations are not religious ceremonies at all but are wholly foreign to Mahomedanism. If they were enjoined by the Prophet, if they could be proved to be consistent with the tenets or ritual of the Mahomedan religion, we should not seek to restrict them in the least. But we have it on authority, which has not been challenged, that "the mummeries which accompany these processions, and are the chief delight of the attendant rabble, are of heathen origin and are disapproved by enlightened Musalmans." According to Mr. Edwardes, the tolis are indeed a relic of pure Hinduism—of aboriginal spirit-belief, and have, in the course of centuries, been gradually associated with the great Mahomedan festival of tears. Originally they can have had no connection with the Mohorrum and are in essence as much divorced from the lamentation over the slaughter at Karbela as are the mummers, the Nal Sahebs and the Lords of the conch-shell of the modern celebration from the true Mahomedan who wanders back from the seashore uttering the cry of grief "Farewell, farewell, ah! my Husein, farewell." There is no reason why they need be tolerated or why they should not be entirely suppressed. In a large and busy city like Bombay, there is more than ample reason why they should be prohibited. If taboot and toli licenses are granted, the licensee might well be compelled to deposit a sum of money as a guarantee of good behaviour and obedience to police regulations and he should be compelled so to marshal his men that less time shall be occupied than is now the case in marching out and home.

But the question arises whether, if the erection of taboots in the streets and the constant parading of large bodies of men, night after night, does not constitute a nuisance which it is desirable should be put down? If a tradesman leaves a packing-case on the road-way he is mulcted in a penalty for obstructing the thoroughfare and poor women and children are brought up before the magistrates for sitting by the roadside selling petty wares. Yet, for a whole month, practically, in crowded streets in the busiest part of the city, huge erections are permitted to impede traffic and no notice is taken of it; indeed, the police lend their aid to ensure that things are not damaged or destroyed. Bombay is much too thickly populated and the traffic of its streets too great to admit of the erection of these taboots without inconvenience, and it seems to us means might be devised by which the obstruction to traffic might be removed and the danger to the general public obviated. During the period of the Mohurrum to protect one sect of Musalmans against the other, the police-force, already undermanned, is strained to breaking-point and we doubt if any responsible officer in the force has spent a night in bed for the past ten days. Other interests must necessarily be neglected and it is not possible that this can continue. It is being admitted by intelligent Mahomedans that the Mohurrum out-door celebrations are unnecessary though affording much diversion to the less educated classes, it may be possible to prohibit demonstrations in the streets and provide facilities for such as desire it to have a couple of days' holiday at Trombay or Salsette where they may carry about and immerse their taboots to their hearts' content. Is it not practicable to appoint a small Commission or Committee, consisting of a few leading men of both sections of the Mahomedan community, with the Commissioner of Police, to investigate the subject carefully, and having done so and being assured that the religious susceptibilities of none are exposed to injury, propound a scheme which would rid Bombay of its annual scare, the inevitable dislocation of business and traffic attendant on these yearly orgies? Prompt and decisive action yesterday saved us from considerable bloodshed, but why should we have this contingency overshadowing us year after year when it is probably possible to put an end to it altogether?

FALSE SENTIMENT. THE late Lady Meux's will continues to attract popular attention and Reuter has kept us informed about her chief bequests. The most curious thing in her bequest to Sir Hedworth Lambton of the residue of her vast estate is the condition that he should restore to the present ruler of Abyssinia, the manuscripts obtained at the capture of Magdala that had come into her possession. Most of the Ethiopic manuscripts and other objects of archæological interest that passed into our hands are in the British Museum. Those in the Meux collection must be a supplement, and in some cases a necessary complement to the treasure preserved for the nation; and it would be false sentiment to restore them again to Abyssinia, where they would once more lie buried. These manuscripts and other archæological curios were taken great care of at the capture of Magdala, in 1868, and transmitted to England with difficulty. Great additions to our knowledge of early history were expected on the result of the famous expedition of 1867-68, and a British Museum official was specially attached to it to take charge of the Manuscripts and look to their careful transmission. This archæologist to the expedition to Abyssinia is still living in the person of Sir Richard Holmes, who was for long the Royal Librarian at Windsor. Lord Napier, the Commander of the expedition, was particular that booty of an archæological kind should not fall into private hands. Articles of national interest according to Mr. Shepherd, who wrote an account of this campaign, "were not allowed to become the property of any private individual but were very properly secured for the British Museum for which Mr. Holmes, the archæologist with the Force, was making a collection." But in spite of this solicitude several articles did pass into private hands and secretly transmitted to Europe and there disposed of. Some of the Ethiopic treasures of the Meux collection probably fill up the lacunal in the British Museum Collection, and it would be a great pity if they were to leave England and be once more carried to their native home. But it is some consolation that a few of these valuable Meux MSS. from Abyssinia have been printed in sumptuous form under the careful dictatorship of Professor Wallis Budge, as we said the other day, and thus rendered accessible to scholars. But still the original must have great value. Why not then restore the entire Ethiopic collection in the British Museum to Menelik as the heir of the eccentric and unfortunate Theodore from whom we took it? On Theodore's death in 1868, the Abyssinian crown passed to Johannes II. King of Tigre, and on the latter's death in 1889, Menelik, King of Shoa, assumed the supremacy, Tigre and Shoa being dependent kingdoms of Abyssinia.

THE CULT OF THE SAFETY-RAZOR. PROBABLY no where more than in India does one find the safety-razor in common use. A plausible reason at once suggests itself—though whether it be the true one, we cannot say. Most men setting out for the first time on a long sea-voyage are afraid of the use of the old-fashioned—though still the best—kind of razor, and resort to the use of the "safety", out of something like sheer desperation. That there is some virtue in the more modern invention however, is proved by the fondness they still show for it when they get ashore, for many men who have used this kind of razor on a ship absolutely refuse to return to the old love again. One may justify oneself for nonconformity to this sentiment by the reflection that the others must be the clumsy shavers, to whom the broad-faced, keen-edged blade is a dangerous thing indeed, though the safety brand—with its likeness to a garden-rake—may, in the hands of the unskilful, plough up wider if shallower patches of raw flesh than does the orthodox chin-slasher. At any rate, there is another cult of the safety-razor growing up in America and one or two scared proprietors of saloons are raising an outcry that its growing use will eventually shut half the shaving shops in the States. We fancy their fears are very ill-founded, but they at least have given a correspondent an excuse for an interesting reminiscence. He writes:—"The peruke makers petitioned George III. in 1765 to stop the growing fashion among gentlemen of wearing their own hair. Incidentally, they complained of the increase in the number of alien barbers—not Germans, but Frenchmen,—and added, rather illogically, that they were compelled to work on Sunday instead of learning 'to fear God and honour the King.' The King gave as gracious an answer as was possible under the very difficult circumstances, but the public merely laughed and produced a mock petition of 'body carpenters,' who entreated the King to encourage the wearing of wooden-legs." The barbers remind one of another curious fact. In England rumour places none higher in skill than the Indian barber, than whom it is said none can better shave a man without his knowledge. Yet in India, the native barber is rarely used except by some "old-timers." Why should the men fresh out, who so easily assimilate themselves to the attention of native body servants, be so shy in taking to the barber? The "old timers" must have some reason for their fidelity.

REUTER states that cholera has broken out at Jeddah.

THE P. and O. Company's s.s. "Salsette," with the homeward mails of the 7th instant, arrived at Aden, at 2-30 p. m., on January 11.

THE P. and O. Company's s.s. "Macedonia," with the outward mails of the 6th instant, passed Suez yesterday.

MR. J. A. Ritchey, from Assam, is appointed Director of Public Instruction, N.-W. Frontier Province.

THE London correspondent, of the "Indian Daily News," cables that a section of Cambridge University want a resident, as a candidate. The names of Messrs. Scott, Vice-Chancellor, and Shipley, Master of Christ's College are mentioned.

DURING the week ended January 10, only five chests of opium were removed from the Government warehouse, these having been purchased by the farmer at Sholapur.

THE Secretary of State has sanctioned the modification of the rules regulating accelerated promotion in the Indian Medical Service.

THE opinions of all United Provinces Local Administrations on the question of the Seditious Meetings Act have reached the Government of India and are now under consideration.

MR. FREDERICK NOEL PATON, Director General of Commercial Intelligence, will pay a visit to Allahabad in connection with Agricultural Conference.

UNDER the High Court Civil Circular, it is ordered that all the Civil Courts in the Satara District be closed for the annual summer vacation for six weeks from Wednesday, the 19th April to Tuesday, the 30th May, 1911.

IT is understood that the rumour to the contrary notwithstanding, Sir Lancelot Hare will complete his full term of five years' tenure as Lieut-Governor of Eastern Bengal and Assam.

THE Governor-General-in-Council has declared the Marathi pamphlets "Lokamanya Rajashri Tilak Yanchin Vyakhynen" and the second part of the same, to be forfeited on the ground that they contain words likely to excite disaffection towards His Majesty the King or the Government of India.

THE Governor in Council has declared the book entitled "Lokamanya Bal Gangadhar Tilak vs Professor Shivram Mahadev Paranjpe yanchyavar san 1908 salin zalele rajadrohache khatle" to be forfeited on the ground that the said book contains words which are likely to excite disaffection towards His Majesty or the Government of India. The Governor in Council has also declared the pamphlet entitled "Mustafa Kamel Pasha" written in Marathi to be forfeited.

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay, during the week ending January 7, was 651, giving a death-rate of 34·61 per annum per thousand as against 29·35, the corresponding period of last year, and 32·54 the average over the past five years. Of the total number 46, died from fevers; 11, plague; 7, small-pox; 25, measles; 21, cholera; 2, leprosy; 52, phthisis; 33, diseases of the nervous system; 193, affections of the respiratory organs; 31, diarrhœa; 29, dysentery; 29, still-born; 80, old age and debility; 9, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows:—Jain, 19; Brahmin, 24; Lingaet, 1; Bhatia, 5; Hindu of other caste, 319; Hindu low caste, 77; Mussulman, 150; Parsi, 24; Jew, 6; Native Christian, 12; Eurasian, 3; European, 5; and Negro-African, 1. The total number of births was 381, as against 403, for the corresponding period of last year, and 454, the average over the past five years.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, DEC. 23.

THE QUEEN.

Sir Clement Kinlock-Cooke, M. P., has contributed an article to the *North American Review*, entitled "The Queen of England." And it would be difficult to find a more typical picture of an Englishwoman than is contained in the twelve pages which he has written. From the time of her Majesty's birth until her marriage, her life was just that of the fairly well-to-do English girl; hardly that of the modern English girl, perhaps, but nearer the old-fashioned ideal, the loss of which many parents deplore. This was her mother's plan:—"A child," she said, "has quite enough to do to learn obedience and attend to her lessons and to grow without many parties and late hours, which take the freshness of childhood away and the brightness and beauty from girlhood—and then children become intolerable. There are too many grown-up children in the present day." The article tells how the Queen's many high qualities were developed—her interest in charity by the frequent visits made in her mother's company to the poor around her Richmond home at White Lodge; her religious convictions, bred by the daily life of her home; her musical accomplishments and her artistic talents, fostered by her stay in Florence, where her parents lived for two years.

ARTISTIC TASTE.

Dramatic art of every kind appeals to her, and there are few plays of importance or that have attracted public attention during the last two decades she has not seen. Like her mother she quickly seizes upon the humorous side of a question. Thus she has a keen appreciation for a sparkling comedy or a farce. The Queen is greatly attached to the historical past of her country. Ancient monuments of every kind have a fascination for her, and her acquaintance with different kinds of architecture must have entailed much study and close observance. She is particularly fond of visiting Cathedrals, and knows the interiors of most of the old City churches, besides being well versed in the countless treasures contained in the other historic buildings of our great metropolis. Her Majesty follows events attentively. She reads the newspapers daily, and as Princess of Wales attended the more important parliamentary debates. Punctuality is a household word in the royal establishment, and when the Queen makes an appointment it is always kept.

BUSINESS METHODS.

In business matters her Majesty is clear and expeditious, methodical, and systematic. Her mornings are generally taken up with attending to the voluminous correspondence that arrives by every post. Her secretary and lady in waiting submit their letters and the Queen gives instructions concerning them. She quickly grasps the main issue of a question and soon makes up her mind and has never been known to lay aside a matter on the ground that to express an opinion thereon is irksome or difficult. "Every consideration is shown to those privileged to serve the Queen, and before signifying her pleasure as to the personal attendance of members of her household, her Majesty will often inquire whether they may not have some other engagement, the breaking of which would be inconvenient to them." The Queen as a mother is a picture ever-present to the minds of her people. One need only quote this passage:—"That the Queen's married life has more than fulfilled all expectations needs no demonstration. The education and daily occupations of the royal children are under the direct supervision of their Majesties, and they are frequently with them during the day. The King joins with his sons in their amusements and sports and closely concerns himself with their school work, while the Queen personally superintends the education of her daughter and that of the younger Princes."

CORONATION ROBES.

How anxious the Queen is to promote and foster home industries is evidenced by the action which she has taken in regard to the gowns that she will wear for the opening of Parliament, the Coronation, and the various Courts to be held during the coming year. These will be made by a London firm, Messrs. Reville and Rossiter, 15, Hanover-square, and her Majesty has intimated that they must be composed entirely of British materials. Even the embroideries which are used, it is stipulated, must be made by British workers, so that there may be nothing of the foreign element in the gowns. Accordingly, Messrs. Reville and Rossiter have commissioned a number of English firms to manufacture the silks, satins, velvets, and brocades required for the different toilettes. As a result of a royal command, a number of looms in various districts have already been set in motion. But her Majesty's interest in home industries has not ended there. In an interview with a representative of the firm entrusted with the royal order, the Queen expressed her distinct wish that all the peeresses and ladies appearing at the coming state ceremonies should follow her example, and should wear robes of British make and of materials of home manufacture. There is no doubt that an intimation coming from such a quarter will be acceded to, and the effect on home industries is likely to be beneficial and far-reaching.

EMPTY SHOPS.

I fear, from the point of view of the tradesman, this will not be a particularly merry Christmas. The difference in the state of the shops this year, during the last fortnight, from that of other years at the same time has been most marked, and although pleasant enough for those who went in search of Christmas presents (for one got served with little or no delay) it must have been a disconcerting state of affairs for the heads of big houses, who had laid in great store of seasonable wares. One day, for instance, when Christmas shopping should have been at its height, in one of the biggest and smartest shops in Bond Street there were exactly three purchasers, and even the "stores" and suchlike were by no means the pandemonium they were wont to be in past years. There is no sort of doubt that the General Election is answerable for this marked falling off in Christmas shopping. Many of those who are usually in town during the first three weeks of December, left as soon as it became evident that an election was upon us, and when their own particular contest was over were too tired to think of coming back to London. Therefore a large contingent either did not give presents at all or, if they did, made shift to buy them in the nearest country town which means, I fear, that London shopkeepers will have large consignments of goods on their hands when the Christmas season is over.

UNPOPULAR PETTICOATS.

A debtor in the London Bankruptcy Court attributed his failure to the change of fashion in petticoats. The wholesale abandonment of garments of this character has caused the trade to dwindle alarmingly, thanks to the persistence with which the much-discussed hobble-skirt hangs on to existence. No longer are the daintily-shod feet of the well-dressed woman encircled by voluminous flounces. The hobble-skirt has altered all this, and fashion has decreed a far scantier garment to replace it. "We know for a fact," said the manager of an important drapery establishment in the City, "that the retail trade in petticoats has, within recent times, fallen from one-half to one-third of the normal. Taking well-dressed people, as a whole, it will be found that not one lady in twenty wears a petticoat nowadays. What is the use of a petticoat with a hobble-skirt! A man might just as well wear an expensive tie and cover it up with a high-cut waistcoat."

A MATINEE HAT OF 1779.

To those of our readers who may happen to be interested in the Paris fashions of the day before yesterday—and possibly of to-morrow—we commend the following description of a creation of the 18th century as an awful warning. It is taken from a letter published in Mrs. Maxtone Graham's interesting book, "The Oliphants of Gask." If I had thought of it in time I would have sent you a drawing of a cap which I got from Paris, a commission I undertook for a young lady in Holland. It is the admiration of all beholders, being in the newest and most Court-worn taste. It has a tow'ring feather on the Right, a drooping one on the Left, and a bouquet of Jasmin in the Centre. Likeways a bouquet of Hyacinths towards the Left, and a fine Gilly flower with buds almost hid behind the high Feather on the right. The whole is surrounded with a row of large Pearls (not real) from which hangs down at the left side and far back, a dangling Bunch of Pearls something like a Bell. There is a great deal of Blonde and Gaze bunching out on all sides—I was obliged to send for Wright to open the Box to satisfy the curiosity of some that wanted to see it.

FIERCE GALE.

The fiercest gale of the season, and, indeed, for many years, swept the South Coasts of England and Wales yesterday. Starting in the early hours of the morning, it gradually increased in force, until in the afternoon it became a hurricane of tremendous violence. The English Channel felt its full fury, but it was by no means confined to the Straits of Dover, for reports were to hand last night of damage done in South Wales, the Bristol Channel, and on the coasts of Devonshire, Dorset, Hampshire, and Sussex. It was an Atlantic storm, and brought with it monster seas, which played havoc with shipping, sweeping boats from their moorings, and piling tons of shingle upon esplanades in exposed places. Fortunately no great disaster has to be chronicled, but the force of the gale may be gauged from the fact that the cross-Channel services were seriously disorganised and partially suspended. Dover felt the full fury of the storm. In London last night, the wind blew with great violence. The incessant rain of the past fortnight continued yesterday morning, and in the Midlands and the West the floods have increased to an alarming extent, whilst in the Thames Valley the conditions, despite the precautions of the Thames Conservancy, are worse than at any previous period since the floods of 1879.

AN EXPENSIVE BREAKFAST.

Marnier, in his book "Stories of Plants and Birds," tells an amusing story of the misfortunes attending on tulip growing and tulip importing. One morning, a merchant who was notorious for his parsimony was sitting in his counting house when a sailor rushed in to tell him that a ship, which he had been anxiously expecting to arrive from Africa, with a valuable cargo of bulbs consigned to him, had just been sighted. The merchant was overjoyed at the good news, but his joy did not outstrip his prudence, so he with due ceremony presented the bearer of the good tidings with a salt herring for his breakfast and resumed his writing. As the sailor, doubtless overcome with this unwonted generosity, was walking through the shop to gain the street, he caught sight of what he took to be a succulent-looking onion nestling between a roll of velvet and a roll of silk. He was immediately struck with the idea that this delicious looking onion would make an excellent addition to his breakfast, and forthwith annexed it and placed it in his pocket. He slowly strolled back to the jetty and prepared to enjoy his frugal meal utterly ignorant of the fact that his 'onion' was a very good specimen of the 'Semper Augustus" tulip worth at least £240. Shortly after the merchant who had finished his writing ganced round his shop and missed this particular bulb. Instantly all was the wildest confusion—clerks, servants, messengers were subjected to the most rigorous seachings and cross-examinations. All, however, was useless; no trace of the precious "Sempur Augustus' could be found.

THE SAILOR'S ONION.

"Suddenly the merchant bethought himself of the sailor who had brought him the good news earlier in the day. Instantly the whole household started in pursuit of the unconscious cause of all the trouble. He was ultimately found contentedly sitting on a coil of rope calmly finishing the last mouthful of the 'Sempur Augustus' his breakfast having cost no less than £240. The sequel, however, is sad to relate. The unfortunate sailor digested his somewhat expensive meal within the four walls of a prison, where, history states he languished for many months." Such a sad incident as the foregoing, however, could not occur to-day, for tulips have so multiplied that specimens which in the seventeenth century sold for £250 now can be bought for 3d.

RAILWAY NEWS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 12.

Mr. F W. Roberts, Officiating Engineer-in-Chief for construction in the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, is granted furlough for nine months and 5 days in extension of combined leave for six months.

The services of Major W. J. McElhinny, R.E., Traffic Superintendent, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India, from January 19.

S. S. "KOBINGA" FIRE ENQUIRY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 12.

The Marine Court of Enquiry on the steamer "Kobinga" fire was concluded and it was intimated that a report would be sent to the Government.

During the twelve months ended November 15, 210 persons were killed in mountaineering accidents in Central Europe.

The Madras Boat Club will be represented at the Poona Regatta by Messrs. W. Simmons (Bow), F. Anns (2), H. Hignett (3), G. Barber (Stroke) and M. E. S. Thompson (Cox).

Dr. Prince August Wilhelm of Prussia, the Emperor's fourth son, recently passed his examination as referendar at Berlin before the Commission of the Supreme Court of Judicature.

The "Novoe Vremya" announces that the Government has introduced in the Duma a "Secret" Bill increasing by £7,500 the secret service funds of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

PORTUGUESE STRIKE.

THREAT BY EMPLOYEES OF BUSINESS HOUSES.

Minister of Interior Resigns.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LISBON, Jan. 11.

A general strike has broken out on the Portuguese railways.

The employees of the business houses contemplate going on strike to-morrow, owing to the non-publication of an expected decree, fixing working hours from eight in the morning up to eight in the evening. Two thousand demonstrators to-day marched through the streets.

Motor-Car Postal Service.

LATER

Despatches from Lisbon are rather confused, but seem to indicate some ferment. The Government is already organising a motor-car postal service.

All the Ministers assembled to-day, and the Minister of the Interior went in an open carriage to parley with the demonstrators from the business houses, who complain of excessive hours and an insufficiency of Sunday rest.

Cabinet Crisis Feared.

LATER.

The ironworkers of Lisbon have joined the strike.

Senhor Almeida, Minister of the Interior, has resigned, but, yielding to the entreaties of his colleagues and the pressure of public opinion, has consented to postpone his definite decision until to-day.

A Cabinet crisis is feared, if he persists.

Rumoured Banishment of Senhor Franco.

ROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Jan. 12.

The London Correspondent, of the *Indian Daily News*, cables under date January 11 that the Portuguese Government have banished Senhor Franco.

THE SOUTH WALES STRIKE.

Demonstrations Locally Resumed.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Jan. 11.

On the eve of the return of the Metropolitan Police to London, a mass meeting of miners at Gilfachgoch, Glamorganshire, resolved to resume demonstrations.

The crowd proceeded to the local pit and forced an engine-man to leave. They also pelted the strike-breakers within the colliery premises, doing much damage.

INDIAN EMIGRATION TO NATAL.

Sugar Association's Request.

DURBAN, Jan. 12.

The Natal Sugar Association requests the Government to take steps to induce the Government of India to defer the cessation of indentured immigration.

A Prohibited Immigrant.

JOHANNESBURG, Jan. 12.

The wife of the Indian passive resister Sodha, was arrested on the frontier, while seeking to rejoin her husband. She was fined ten pounds and sentenced to a month's imprisonment on the ground that she was unable to write a European language and was, therefore, a prohibited immigrant.

Asiatics' Appeal Dismissed.

BLOEMFONTEIN, Jan. 12.

The Appelate Division of the Supreme Court has upheld, with costs, the decision of the Appeal Court below, dismissing the appeal of five Asiatics from s. s. "Sultan," against the refusal of the Court for permission to land, on the ground that they had not proved domicile or passed the educational test.

BELGIUM'S KING AND THE CONGO.

3,000,000 Francs for River Steamers.

BRUSSELS, Jan. 11.

The King is devoting three million francs, accruing from the Congo, to the purchase of three steamers for the inland waterways of the Congo.

CHANGE IN INTERNATIONAL AERONAUTIC RULES.

New York Club's Approval.

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.

The Aero Club has replied to the International Federation that its committee has duly approved the change in the rules.

LORD SWAYTHLING'S CONDITION.

Little Hope of Recovery.

LONDON, Jan. 11.

Lord Swaythling is in a most critical condition. There is little hope of his recovery

THE "WARATAH" ENQUIRY.

Marine Superintendent's Evidence.

A DECK TOO MANY.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Jan. 11.

On the resumption of the "Waratah" enquiry, Mr. Bidwell, the Marine Superintendent of Lunds, deposed that he had not received any complaint from the officers or crew as to the behaviour of the ship.

Counsel for the executors of the passengers pointed out that on the first homeward journey the vessel had a heavy cargo when she left Durban, and the ballast-tanks were nearly full. On the second voyage, with a similar cargo, she left Durban with all her ballast tanks empty. He asked for an explanation.

Mr. Bidwell was unable to say.

The Vessel's List.

Admiral Davies, one of the Assessors, quoted a letter from the Chief Engineer of the "Waratah" to the Superintendent Engineer, stating, that, while at Sydney on the first voyage, the Captain stopped coaling, fearing the list.

Mr. Bidwell said that he had not heard of this.

Mr. Dickenson, a Commissioner, quoted the depositions of Australians, recording statements made to them by the Second Officer and the Boatswain. The former was of opinion that the "Waratah" had a deck too many. The Boatswain said he would not like to be in the ship in a storm; she would go to the bottom. Also, the boats were the most awful he had ever seen.

Mr. Bidwell admitted that these were competent and reliable opinions.

Bodies off S. African Coast.

A former officer of the steamer "Tottenham" deposed that in August 1909, on the east coast of South Africa, he saw what were apparently two human bodies in the sea, and later two similar objects with seagulls on their heads. Afterwards, there was something like a tablecloth.

The Chief Engineer saw what looked like the body of little girl, but the Master declined to send a boat and told the witness to say nothing to the owners, who would object to losing time picking up bodies while ships were out for that purpose and were paid to do it.

An apprentice of the "Tottenham" gave similar evidence.

ANTI-ALIEN LEGISLATION IN CALIFORNIA.

Japanese Agitation.

LONDON, Jan. 12.

Reuter wires from Tokio that the newspapers are devoting much space in their editorials to expressions of surprise and regret at the uncompromising anti-Japanese attitude of the Californian legislators in re-introducing into the Legislature the Anti-Alien Land Bill.

THE CORONATION.

Arrangements for Indian Representatives.

LONDON, Jan. 12.

The *Times* states that arrangements for Indian representation at the Coronation are still being discussed, but it has already been decided to abandon the project of selecting a number of Indians of local distinction to represent the different provinces and Presidency Cities. Invitations to Ruling Princes will also be much more restricted. Ruling Chiefs happening to be in Europe will most likely be invited.

It is expected that in addition to Regular and Service troops, the Militia, Frontier Levies and Military and Civil Police will be represented. There is reason to believe that these will be added by the King's desire.

Durbar Committee's Visit to Delhi.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, Jan. 12.

Two of the Punjab members of the Coronation Durbar Committee, viz., the Sanitary Commissioner and the Chief Engineer of Roads and Buildings, proceed to Delhi on the 14th instant. Colonel Dallas, Commissioner of Delhi, will be unable to attend as the Crown Prince will be visiting Delhi on that date.

NEW CANON OF ST. PAUL'S.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Jan. 12.

Canon Simpson of Manchester has been appointed Canon of St. Paul's.

AUSTRALIAN CRICKET.

South Africa's Second Innings.

ADELAIDE, Jan. 12.

The Test Match was resumed to-day. South Africa completed their second innings for 360. Llewellyn scored 80. Australia had made 187 for four wickets when play ceased for the day.

RUGBY FOOTBALL.

LONDON, Jan. 12.

In the football match between Devon and Cornwall, played at Devonport, Devon won by six points to nil.

CAPTAIN BURN, Gordon Highlanders, has arrived at Government House, Calcutta.

UNIONISTS AND IMPERIAL PREFERENCE.

Mr. Balfour and Canadian View.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Jan. 12.

Mr. Balfour, in a letter to a correspondent, says he is surprised at the impression prevailing in Canada with reference to the attitude of the Unionists in regard to Imperial preference, which has not changed. His conviction of the necessity of preference has been strengthened. He quotes his campaign speeches to show that he has consistently proclaimed himself to be a Tariff Reformer.

Referendum not Mentioned.

LONDON, Jan. 12.

Great prominence is given to Mr. Balfour's letter in the papers, which emphasise that it does not make mention of a referendum.

The *Morning Post* says it is impossible for Mr. Balfour ever personally to extricate himself from the referendum pledge without aggravating the notorious distrust besetting the Unionist Party. "On the contrary," the paper adds, "it is impossible for the Unionist Party, either to win an election with this millstone round its neck, or to repudiate a policy to which its titular head is irrevocably committed."

MR. CHURCHILL'S ACTION IN SIDNEY STREET.

Reply to Correspondents' Charges.

LONDON, Jan. 12.

Mr. Winston Churchill, in a letter to the *Times* replying to the charges of correspondents regarding his action in Sidney Street, denies that he assumed the direction of events. He in no-wise interfered with the disposition of the police.

THE RUSSO-GERMAN AGREEMENT.

Effect on European Politics.

LONDON, Jan. 12.

A correspondent of the *Daily Telegraph*, wires from St. Petersburg that as a result of the Russo-German Agreement, the plain fact must be faced that Russia, while carrying out her treaty obligations to France and Britain, has definitely withdrawn from the Triple Entente, and European politics have entered on a new phase.

LATER.

The *Times* expresses satisfaction at the Russo-German negotiations, which, it says, have at least resulted in the German recognition that a far-reaching undertaking like the Baghdad Railway requires international agreement. The journal would have thought that in view of Dr. Bethmann-Hollweg's professions, Germany would have preferred to initiate simultaneous negotiations with the British and the French as well as with the Russians.

The *Times* adds that it is not too late for Germany to repair the omission.

LONDON MOSQUE SCHEME.

Mr. Ameer Ali's Views.

LONDON, Jan. 12.

Mr. Ameer Ali, in an interview with a representative of the *Daily Graphic*, described the scheme to erect a mosque in London. They would start when the promises of support had reached £25,000 sterling. They hope to secure a central site in the Metropolis with a library and other offices for the convenience of Moslems staying in London. The Committee were especially anxious to consider the claims of poor Moslems, such as Lascars.

Mr. Ameer Ali thinks the Mosque would create a cementing force and appeal to the sentiments of loyalty of the Mussulman world, showing that the English are interested in the moral and spiritual progress of Moslems.

THE EARL OF DUDLEY.

Resignation Rumours Unfounded.

LONDON, Jan. 12.

It is announced in London, that the Melbourne reports, regarding the resignation of the Earl of Dudley, are unfounded.

THE MISSING AVIATOR.

Pieces of Aeroplane Found.

LONDON, Jan. 12.

Pieces of Mr. Grace's aeroplane have been found on the beach near Marienkirche.

BRITISH HEAVY-WEIGHT CHAMPIONSHIP.

Gunner Moir Knocks out Bombr. Wells.

LONDON, Jan. 12.

Olympia was crowded last night, when the contest for the heavy-weight championship of Great Britain took place.

Gunner Moir knocked out Bombardier Wells in the third round.

Wells floored Moir in the first round, and Moir twice knocked Wells down in the second, but the latter saved himself on the call of time.

In the third round both the men were weak. Moir rushed in and knocked out Wells with a hard right-hander. The result was unexpected.

CROWN PRINCE'S TOUR.

Meissen Ware for Chinese Banquet.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Jan 12.

It is stated that a large service of specially manufactured plate from the Royal porcelain factory at Meissen has been despatched to Peking for use at the banquet to be given by the Emperor to the Crown Prince.

After the function, the plate will be presented to the Emperor.

Views a Sham Fight in Khyber Pass.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, Jan. 12.

On the morning of the 11th the Crown Prince, accompanied by the Chief Commissioner, General Nixon, and other political officers, motored to Jamrud and through the Pass to Lundi-Kotal and launched in the Khyber Rifles' Mess. The return journey began at 3 p. m. His Imperial Highness photographed the caravan of 500 camels defiling from the Sarai en route to Peshawar. While between Jamrud and Peshawar, he met the complete Kyber Movable Columns mobilised and marching out at three hours' notice. His Imperial Highness spent a quiet evening at Government House, Peshawar.

PESHAWAR, Jan. 12.

His Imperial Highness the German Crown Prince proceeded by motor this afternoon, accompanied by Sir George Roos-Keppel and most of his suite, to the entrance of the Khyber Pass about four miles beyond Jamrud, where he witnessed an attack by the Khyber Rifles, supported by the Mountain Battery, against a typical position held by a savage enemy. The rain clouds had disappeared and the weather was beautiful. His Imperial Highness evinced the greatest interest in the working of the Afridis for which he frequently expressed his admiration and was also very much interested in the Mountain guns accompanying them across the country when they changed positions to watch more closely the men and mules working over a bad ground. The sham fight was over by 4-30, when His Imperial Highness returned to Peshawar. He stays in Peshawar one day longer leaving for Hassanabad on the morning of the 14th.

LAHORE, Jan. 12.

Major Bayley, Private Secretary to the Lieutenant-Governor, has left for Delhi in connection with the Crown Prince's visit.

RECENT BERLIN RIOTS.

Trial of Accused Concluded.

LONDON, Jan. 12.

After a trial, lasting two months, only three out of thirty-four accused in connection with the riots in the Moabit quarter of Berlin have been acquitted. The remainder have received sentences varying from two days to three years.

DUTCH LINER ASHORE.

Suez Canal Blocked.

PORT SAID, Jan. 12.

The Dutch liner "Sindoro" is ashore blocking the Suez Canal.

AVIATION IN INDIA.

Flight Arranged in Bangalore.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, Jan. 12.

At the instance of the Bangalore "Daily Post" an aeroplane flight is to take place at this station towards the end of this month or on the return of troops from manœuvres. The representative of Baron Cates, Dr. Ernest Esdaile, is now in Bangalore arranging the preliminaries. He leaves for Hyderabad at an early date where the aviator gives a series of flights. After Bangalore, Madras and then Bombay will be visited.

SIR LOUIS DANE'S TOUR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, Jan. 12.

The Lieutenant-Governor left Lahore to-day for Balloki where he will inspect the level crossing and canals now being constructed. His Honor reaches Montgomery on Saturday halting there till Monday on which night he leaves for Ferozepore Cantonment reaching it on Tuesday morning. On Wednesday evening, the 18th, His Honour will be joined by Lady Dane, the Misses Dane and Miss Bayley and the whole party will proceed by a special train to Alwar, returning to Lahore about the middle of February.

POSTAL HOLIDAYS.

Proposed Increase.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Jan. 12.

The Bengal Chamber of Commerce have reported to the Government of India in favour of the proposal for increasing by six the number of Post Office holidays in the year, in all Postal Circles except Madras and Burma. They add the proviso however that ten days selected should all be ones notified as public holidays under the Negotiable Instruments Act, which is not the case with all those proposed by the Government.

PLAGUE IN INDIA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Jan. 12.

The number of plague deaths in India during the week ending 7th January was 12,671 against 8,892 reported during the previous week. The United Provinces returns were 6,007 deaths, the Punjab 1,394, Bombay 1,247, Bengal 1,193, Central Provinces 911, Rajputana 472, Madras 348, Burma 236, Hyderabad 239, Central India 228, Kashmir 31, N. W. Frontier Province 4 and Coorg 2.

DEATH OF MAHOMEDAN SUB JUDGE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, Jan. 12.

Khan Bahadur Alimahomed Hassanali, First Class Subordinate Judge of Sind, died yesterday.

MOHURRUM RIOT IN BOMBAY.

TROOPS FIRE ON MOB AT BHENDY BAZAAR.

EIGHTEEN KILLED, TWENTY-THREE WOUNDED.

POLICE AND TROOPS HEAVILY STONED.

The Mohurrum festival resulted in a serious riot in Bombay about four o'clock on Thursday morning. The police, escorting some taboots were stoned and after a sharp tussle, dispersed the mob with a baton charge. The Military were then called out, and at Bhendy Bazaar, on the following afternoon, they and the police were persistently stoned by a huge mob.

Several stones found their way into the tram-cars necessitating the stoppage of the Parel Road service, and eventually orders had to be given to twenty men of the Warwickshire regiment to fire. This did not occur until the fusillade of stones had been borne for three-quarters of an hour, the final orders for the firing then being given by Mr. Setalvad, Presidency Magistrate. Eighteen people were killed including two Hindus and twenty-three wounded, some of whom at a late hour last night were in a precarious condition. Order was then restored, but the troops and police remained on duty throughout the night.

The "Katl-ki-Ratt" or "Night of Slaughter," which is the great night of the Mohurrum Festival as being specially commemorative of the death of the martyrs, did not pass off in Bombay without a conflict between the police and a section of the people.

The Commissioner of Police, Mr. S. M. Edwardes, with his two deputies, other officers and strong posts of native constables spent the whole of an anxious night in the Mahomedan quarter—a night which culminated in a short but brisk encounter about four o'clock.

The question of peace or disturbance depended mainly on whether the taboots were all carried in procession by the various sections responsible for them. When, about midnight, none of the leading groups of taboot-wallas had shown any signs of lifting their taboots, the outlook was black, and it was plain that the responsible police officers were experiencing a time of anxiety.

FIRST TABOOT LIFTED.

A principal taboot, and one which generally sets an example to be followed throughout the Sunni communities, is the Rangari Moholla taboot, from a street which is close to Pydhownie Police Chowki. This, it is true, had been started in procession, but, after having traversed about fifty yards, its bearers, by orders of their leaders, turned about and returned it to its resting place. This was a sinister omen, for according to precedent, other taboot-wallas would have declined to move their taboots. At the same time, having been disappointed of participation in the great procession, they would have remained in a sulky temper and would, in all probability, have been ripe for trouble. Mr. Edwardes, of course, was aware of this, and in spite of the fact that it is a very rare occurrence for a taboot, which has been returned to its resting place to be lifted again, he decided to try persuasion. He, therefore, sent for the leader of the Rangari Mohulla people and after some parleying, the latter was induced to have the taboot lifted again and the procession recommenced. It was a tribute to the influence which Mr. Edwardes exerts, that he was thus able to accomplish something which, it is believed, has never before been achieved in Bombay.

A TARDY RESPONSE.

The Rangari Mohulla taboot having re-appeared in the streets it was to be expected that, if the night were to pass off peacefully, others would readily follow suit, but unfortunately, no such happy sign was manifested. Only a few taboots proceeded through the streets and these were produced slowly and at intervals. Another principal one which made its appearance, after the first short procession of that from Rangari Mohulla, was the taboot from Kolsa Mohulla, but even this encouragement was not received with enthusiasm by the minor groups of tabootwallas. It was immediately plain to the police that the people were far from being in a contented mood, and they now entertained grave fears that the night would not pass without trouble.

HOW THE FRACAS COMMENCED.

The Rangari Moholla taboot, which emerged for the second time about half-past-one, did not follow the usual line of procession. It moved very slowly—as all taboots do—along a circular route, which brought it back to the neighbourhood of Pydhownie Chowki at about twenty minutes past three. There it halted for some minutes, while an effort was made to obtain bearers to lift some other taboots in the neighbourhood, which it had been decided should follow it. In the meantime, the Kokani sect of the Sunnis had been forbidden by their leaders to lift any of their taboots, and had been sitting sulking and fuming at their deprivation. It was when they saw another section of their co-religionists rejoicing in a procession, such as they desired of their own, that their rage rose to bursting point and was vented in an attack upon the tabootwallas, who had been more lucky than themselves.

All went well with the Rangari Moholla taboot until it reached Pydhownie. Then, however, the situation suddenly took a menacing turn. Mahomedans from adjacent localities poured in thousands into Pydhownie and Mr. Edwardes and his subordinates were not slow to perceive that the majority of the crowd belonged to those localities, whose leaders had resolved not to bring out their taboots. Orders were promptly issued and in a short time the police force at Pydhownie had been considerably increased by reinforcements from other police stations. A procession then left Pydhownie soon after half-past-three, which included the tabootwallas of the Kolsa Moholla, the Rangari Moholla, the Chuna Bhathi, and others, and moved off in the direction of Suleman Chowki. As soon as they arrived at Dhabhu Street, in the vicinity of which many of the Kokanis live, the outbreak occurred.

POLICE DRIVEN BACK.

The Kokanis concealed themselves in the gullies at the sides of the street, and, as soon as the taboots had all come within range, sent a volley of stones, empty bottles or any other convenient missiles at the tabootwallas and the police who were escorting them. The attack was so sudden, and by the tabootwallas so unexpected, that only one taboot—that from Nagdevie Street—was able to escape uninjured. While the tabootwallas were still in a state of confusion, the Kokanis rushed at them in a mob, directing at them a heavy fusillade of stones and other missiles. The tabootwallas rushed back, carrying with them the accompanying police, who at the moment were only a slender force. There were two European officers, some native constables, and a few sowars, but these in vain attempted to stop the advance of the Kokanis. Reinforced by three other Europeans and some more native police, they made another determined effort. The Europeans used their heavy batons freely, and the sepoys wielded their lathis with courage, but the force was outnumbered and the police, tabootwallas and all were forced back as far as Bhendy Bazaar.

THE MOB DISPERSED.

At Bhendy Bazaar, fortunately, the police received a strong reinforcement from Pydhownie, including five more European Superintendents and Inspectors. Directed by the Commissioner, the police here made a charge, the Europeans leading the way and, by dint of unsparing use of their batons, succeeded in dispersing the crowd and driving them back to Pydhownie. The fray had been short, but sharp. There was not one of the European officers who had not been hit several times, but most of them fortunately received the blows on the chest and other parts of the body. Two only were hit on the head and, while they received injuries which for the time incapacitated them from duty, their hurts were not serious. One sowar also was unhorsed, but, as far as could be ascertained, this was due to his horse slipping and coming down with him.

In the meantime, as we have already said, the mob had scattered, but Mr. Edwardes, seeing how ugly the situation looked, had lost no time in sending to the Central Police Station for military assistance. It was just after the last charge, at about half-past four, that a company of the Warwickshire Regiment marched up to the Police chowki. The sight of men with rifles and bayonets was enough for the defeated Kokanis. They melted away.

QUIET RESTORED.

The Kokanis having disappeared, the Mahomedan quarter became quiet again. The battered taboots were taken away by their taboot-wallas and the streets became practically empty. About six o'clock in the morning in the ordinary course, of things, the Julaya and Mogul communities would have taken out their taboots for procession to Mahaluxmi and immersion near the Vellard. However, in view of the disturbance which had occurred, none of their taboots were moved and no procession occurred.

As a matter of precaution the police summoned five of the leaders of the Kokani community,—those who were believed to have given orders that no taboots should be lifted—and these were detained at Suleman Chowki pending inquiries.

In the meantime, for the maintenance of order, the troops were posted in small detachments throughout the affected quarters. Two companies of the Warwickshire Regiment, totalling about 150 men, had been detailed for the assistance of the police, if needed. Of these, about sixty men were kept in reserve at the Central Police Station, and the remaining ninety were detailed at seven different posts in the native city. They were most prominent at Pydhownie Police Chowki, outside which about twelve men were seated their arms piled with bayonets fixed; at Null Bazar, where another squad was waiting at the roadside and also near the J. J. Hospital, where the men were seated at a position commanding the four cross-roads. Mounted police were also to be seen at almost every corner, while at Null Bazar, Suleman Chowki and Pydhownie there were strong detachments of native foot-police.

Throughout the morning the streets were moderately busy, but towards two o'clock they began to be filled with crowds of natives, who expected to see the taboot processions. In view of the trouble which had already occurred, however, it was expected that no inclination to remove the taboots would be shown. Still, in case such expectation proved unfounded, the Commissioner issued definite orders that no taboot processions would be permitted.

The Riot at Pydhownie.

The situation for the first time assumed a very grave aspect towards the close of Thursday afternoon. No taboot processions, of course, took place and the whole of the Mahomedan area appeared perfectly quiet up to half-past four. Events then suddenly assumed a threatening aspect, and the unfortunate incidents which resulted, happened with confusing rapidity. Suddenly and without warning, a huge crowd of Mahomedans and a few Hindus appeared about a quarter to five in Bhendy Bazaar Road at only a short distance from the Police Chowkie. One may say, at once that their appearance was so entirely sudden that it puzzled all the officers who witnessed it as to how such a huge crowd—for it numbered thousands—could have advanced so rapidly and with no warning of its approach.

At this time a double line of men of the Warwickshire Regiment had been drawn up across the road facing Bhendy Bazaar, and at these the mob immediately directed a heavy shower of stones. The soldiers were at once reinforced by police, and at first, advancing in the face of the stone-throwing, they tried, the police using batons and lathis, to force back the frenzied mob. The mob, however, resisted all such efforts and, constantly growing in numbers, directed an even heavier fusillade against the troops and police. Many of the soldiers, of course, were hit as well as police officers and Native police, but fortunately none of them received serious injuries.

TRAMWAY PASSENGERS STONED.

At this time the tramway service was still running in the Parel Road, and several stones which were intended for the soldiers found their way into the cars. A number of passengers were hit and slightly injured, amongst them being a Parsi lady. In consequence of this, the tramway service on this route was suspended and the Tramway Company, having been notified, some of their principal officials were soon on the spot.

Meanwhile the volleys of stones were becoming heavier and heavier. Stones were coming, not only from the crowd which was ranged across the road, but also from side streets, such as Goghari Moholla and Memon Wada. The stone-throwing had continued and had constantly grown in volume for three-quarters of an hour before severe measures were taken by the authorities. At this stage, about half-past five the Commissioner, realising that nothing less than rifle-fire would quell the temper of the crowd, first telephoned to Suleman Chowki, where Rao Bahadur Setalvad, Presidency Magistrate, was at the moment. Mr. Setalvad came away at once in a motor-car, and, with Mr. Vincent and other police officers, reached Pydhownie in a very short time.

THE ORDER TO FIRE.

Stones were still falling heavily around the troops and police, many of them finding their mark. The men endured their rough handling with admirable temper, and awaiting orders, stood fast. At the word of command, the front rank knelt, and yet even at these signs that fire was about to be opened, some of the most daring amongst the mob rushed up almost to the line of troops in order to get a close aim.

The command "fire!" was given, and at the first discharge several men were seen to fall. The troops continued to fire from the magazine for some seconds. When they ceased, there were twenty-three bodies lying in the road. The crowd disappeared almost as rapidly as it had come, leaving only the bodies of the dead and wounded as evidence of its existence. Police officers advanced and on inspection it was found that eleven men were dead and that twelve were more or less seriously wounded. Many of the wounded were shot only through the legs; others had been hit in the upper part of the body. Some of the dead displayed ghastly wounds, one man having had the top of his head shot off, so that his brain was exposed. Pools of blood lay in places in the roadway, while about fifty yards off—approximately the range from which the troops fired—were scattered stones and empty cartridge-cases as further evidence of the affray.

REMOVING THE WOUNDED.

Pending their removal from the scene, the bodies, dead and alive, were brought to a spot close to the Police Chowki, and, a few minutes later, were removed on stretchers and under police escort—the dead to the Morgue and the wounded to the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital. Immediately afterwards, a force of military and police patrolled through the Mahomedan localities under the command of Messrs. Vincent and Gadney and an officer of the Warwickshire Regiment. Mr. Vincent's party, which went off down Bhendy Bazaar Road and thence to Suleman Chowki, was accompanied by Mr. Setalvad, who warned the people along the route to retire to their houses or they would be shot. About the same time, General Swann, Commandant of the Bombay Brigade, with Major Capper and other Staff Officers, arrived in a motor-car and at once took charge of the troops, which had been reinforced some twenty minutes after the firing, by four companies of the 96th Berar Light Infantry.

A FALSE ALARM.

Of the Native Infantry an officer and twenty men were at once despatched in a tram-car to Lall Wadi at Parel where, according to statements current at Pydhownie, two sepoys had been surrounded by a threatening mob. These troops passed on their way several detachments of the Warwickshire Regiment and the police, and on reaching Parel found all quiet. It subsequently appeared that the police officer, in charge of the Chowki at Lall Wadi, had suggested that, as most of his men had been drawn off for service at Pydhownie and other places, a stronger force was desirable in the event of possibilities.

PYDHOWNIE AFTER THE SECOND ENCOUNTER.

In the meantime, a company of the 96th Berars was left with the detachment of the Warwicks at Pydhownie, where the streets were deserted on the Bhendy Bazaar side of the Police Station, although opposite the station itself and in the direction of Kalbadevi Road a concourse of spectators, chiefly composed of Hindus, watched the proceedings. Many of the more daring—whose curiosity led them to approach the foot-police too closely—suffered for their temerity by feeling the full weight of their lustily-wielded lathis. The police kept these spectators moving and occasionally caused them to disperse in—from an onlooker's point of view—ludicrous haste. At about 7-15 p.m., the Commissioner of Police left, accompanied by Mr. Vincent and Supt. Sullivan, with two men of the Warwicks, by a specially requisitioned tram-car to Suleman Chowki on a tour of inspection of the district. Matters at Pydownie remained quiet and an ominous suspense was in some way relieved by the good-humoured banter of the Warwicks, who were preparing to bivouac.

SOME LATER DETAILS.

It was only natural that some of the details of the affray were not divulged until a few hours later. One such was that some stone-throwing came from one of the upper balconies near the Police Chowki, but was not so serious as to cause reprisals. The firing was roughly estimated to have lasted for a minute. A number of wounded succeeded in finding their way to the Hospital alone or with the assistance of friends. This enhanced the number of wounded mentioned in the first official statement and, as several of the most severely hurt succumbed to their injuries after reaching hospital, the number of deaths was advanced to eighteen. The wounded were taken first of all to the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital, but it was found necessary to provide accommodation for some at the J. J. Hospital.

An interesting story which was told at Pydhownie in the evening was that amongst the mob of stone-throwers was an aged blind woman who was walking near four of the most active assailants amongst the crowd. These were one by one picked off by the soldiers, and after the firing had ceased, the blind woman was found lying amongst their corpses covered with blood, but unhurt.

CASUALTY LIST.

The statement of casualties issued immediately after the firing was:—

Eleven dead.
Thirteen wounded.

This was subsequently amended as follows;—

Eighteen dead.
Twenty-three wounded.

HOSPITAL REPORTS ON CASUALTIES.

The following is the list of the persons admitted at the Goculdass Tejpal Hospital with the injuries they received, according to the official list:—

(1) Karim Miyaji, Mahomedan, (16), Murji gully,—gun shot wound on the right thigh internal, coming out externally.

(2) Miya Yarkhan, Mahomedan, (30), Nagpada,—gunshot wound of the chest and right arm.

(3) Misaji Kachi, Mahomedan, (22), New Docks,—gunshot wound on the chest, (died after admission.)

(4) Luxmiram Purbhooram, Hindoo, (30), Full gully,—gunshot wound of head and compound fracture of right thigh, (very serious).

(5) Bhau Narayan, Hindu, (20), Modikhana,—gunshot wound on the right foot.

(6) Mahadoo Baloo, Hindu, (30), Girgaum,—gunshot wound on the right shoulder joint.

Three dead bodies were received in the Hospital.

SIR J. J. HOSPITAL.

The following is the list of the injured persons admitted in the Sir J. J. Hospital:—

(1) Munshi Sha Abdulla, Mahomedan, (48), Hawker, Parel.

(2) Shaik Hoosein, Mahomedan, (14), Bhisti Mohla.

(4) Kassum Essoof, Mahomedan, (35), Coachman, Bahoola Tank.

(5) Mahomed Oomer, Mahomedan, (26) Servant, Grant Road.

(6) Mustafa Nizamshah, Mahomedan, (30), Servant, Pydhowni.

(7) Sumsoodin Mahomed, Mahomedan, (39), Satter, Doongri.
(8) Kassum Ahmed Mahomed, (35), Farmer, Nagpada.
(9) Shunker Waman Hindoo, (27), Post Office Clerk, Girgaum.
(10) Lalia Rama, Hindoo (25), Coachman, Girgaum.
(11) Gayadin.
(12) Shaik Cassum Shaik Ahmed, Mahomedan, (25) Temkar Mohla.
(13) Munshi Shaik Abdool, Mahomedan, (42), Karadwadi.
(14) Ibrahim Ismail, Mahomedan, (20), Timber merchant, Pydhowni.
(15) Imam Peerbux, Mahomedan, (22), Fitter, Surti Mohla.
Four men (names unknown).

Three other persons, whose names had not been ascertained till a late hour last night, died shortly after admission.

NIGHT SCENES.

After the firing the crowd, as we have already said disappeared immediately and till late at night the streets in the disaffected locality were almost deserted The animated scenes which ordinarily characterise this neighbourhood until the early hours of the morning were entirely absent. The streets looked dark and empty, all shops were closed except a few kept by Iranis and scarcely any one was to be seen but a few curious European spectators, and the military and police picquets which could be found at nearly every corner. Also the side streets from which the stone-throwers had so suddenly emerged were strongly picketted, but the troops and police on duty found the utmost quiet everywhere. General Swann with his staff was still in the district at a late hour but no fear of any further disturbance during the night was entertained. All the Presidency Magistrates, Messrs. Astor, Dastoor, Setalvad and Dracup, were present however as a precautionary measure.

SLIGHT TROUBLE AT DADAR AND MAHIM.

During the evening it was reported that there had been some stone-throwing at Dadar, but in view of the presence of a detachment of the Berar Light Infantry at Parel it was not considered necessary to re-inforce the police there.

It was also reported that there had been a fight between two groups of toliwallas at Mahim in which no one was seriously injured. In consequence of this the men who had been drafted from Mahim to assist the Bombay Police were sent back to their headquarters.

THE INQUEST.

We were informed that the inquest on those who had died as the result of the firing would be held at 9-30 this morning at the J. J. Hospital.

THE MOHURRUM OF 1908.

The story of the Mohurrum of 1908, which led to the issue of stringent police order concerning subsequent years is thus related in the new "Gazetteer of Bombay";—"On the morning of the 13th February a fracas took place between a Shia taboot procession composed of Jolhais, Mughals, Khojas and a few Bohras and some Sunni Mahomedans congregated in a mosque in Falkland-road. The news of the encounter quickly spread and resulted in a general refusal of the Sunni Mussulmans to take out their taboots in procession; this in turn let loose several thousands of low-class Mahomedans who usually accompany the procession; they proceeded to sow the seed of disorder in many parts of the bazaar. Spasmodic attacks were made upon the Shias until the latter part of the afternoon when serious rioting took place in Parel road and the police were forced to fire upon the mob. This practically put an end to the disorder; but the military men called out in the meantime remained posted in various parts of the disturbed area until the following day.'

Peaceful Ceremony in Calcutta.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 12.

The Mohurrum celebrations, last night, passed off peacefully. This morning Tazias were taken to the Karbala Tank and there immersed.

Poona.

POONA, JAN. 12.

The Mohurrum in Poona passed off without a incident of any kind. Last night the taboots were as usual taken round the Cantonement in procession and attracted large crowds of sightseers. To-day at noon the Cantonment and City taboots were taken out for the immersion ceremony which took place at the Wellesley Bridge in the presence of huge crowds at 5 p. m. this evening. Police arrangements were excellent.

THE ALLAHABAD EXHIBITION.

Viceroy's Visit to be Private.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JAN. 12.

The visit of His Excellency the Viceroy to Allahabad, next week, will be a private one, and His Excellency will only stay one night at Government House, his object being merely to take a general view of the Exhibition. After the departure of the Viceroy, His Honour, the Lieutenant-Governor will leave Allahabad, to join the Crown Prince, who, by that time, will be back in the United Provinces, in camp in the Mirzapur jungles. Sir John Hewett will accompany His Imperial Highness back to Allahabad, on the 24th instant, leaving for Lucknow, on the evening of the 26th instant.

NORTH BENGAL LITERARY CONFERENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 12.

At the North Bengal Literary Conference, which has just concluded its session at Malda, resolutions were passed for the collection of ancient relics, and the preservation of ancient monuments.

Moulvi Abdul Ghani of Malda moved that the Mahomedans of Bengal repeated their "Namaj" in Arabic, but did not understand the meaning thereof; the reason was that in order to learn Arabic, they would have to learn Urdu and Persian; thereby their labours were increased therefold. He said that one's mother tongue was the best medium for expressing one's ideas. The resolution was unanimously adopted.

ALLEGATIONS AGAINST A MUNSIFF.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 12.

Mr. Delevinge, District Judge of Hooghli, has concluded a judicial enquiry into the allegations made by one Ramanath Banik against a Munsiff of his district. Several local pleaders gave evidence against the Munsiff. As a result of the enquiry, the Judge called upon Ramanath to show cause why sanction should not be given against him for making false allegations. The Judge also served notices on the pleader-witnesses to show cause why they should not be proceeded with under the Legal Practitioners' Act.

LADY MEUX'S BEQUESTS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 12.

According to the London correspondent of the *Indian Daily News*, Lady Meux, in her will directs that if Sir Hedworth Lambton does not assume the name of Meux within a year, the estate, including Theobald's Park and the residences in Sheer, Park Lane, Brighton and the French Chateaux devolve on his step-daughter, the Hon. Edith Cadogan. The Lawyer, Mr. Charles Gill, who is the executor, receives a life annuity of £300.

SIR WILLIAM WEDDERBURN.

Reception at Madras.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JAN. 12.

Last evening, Sir William Wedderburn was accorded a welcome by the local Congressmen at the Mahajana Sabha premises. Dewan Bahadur K. Krishnasawmy Row read an address, and Sir William, replying, referred to the steps being taken to bring about a better understanding between the Hindus and the Mahomedans.

This morning, Sir William was accorded a public reception by the citizens in the Y.M.C.A Auditorium, and Dewan Bahadur M. Audinarayanah Garu voiced the sentiments of a large gathering and referred to the excellent services rendered for India by Sir William.

At a breakfast held at the Hotel D'Angelsis, subsequently, Sir William was the principal guest, the host being Mr. G. A. Natesan, who proposed Sir William's health to which the latter replied. Sir William left at noon for Colombo.

"WONDERFUL CHANGES IN INDIA."

MADRAS, JAN. 12.

In replying to the toast of his health proposed at breakfast this morning by Mr. G. A. Natesan, Sir William Wedderburn said that this was the third time he had revisited India, viz., in 1889, 1884 and 1910. What had struck him most was the wonderful changes that he had noticed on each successive occasion. There was nothing on the present occasion that had struck him more than the improvement in the relations of men, that was between Official and Non-Official and between Indian and Anglo-Indian. He took it that it had been shown in the sympathetic way in which His Excellency the Viceroy had received the deputation of the Congress. It was also shown, he thought, in the better social relations which now existed and also if he might say so, in the tone of the Press on both sides. He had been thinking of different parties in this great country and was always reminded in that connection of the fable of the two knights and the gold and silver shield. In many cases if questions were looked at from a sympathetic point of view and when allowances were made for a difference in view they found that, after all, there was very little real difference. They all wished and worked for the welfare and prosperity of their country.

He thought the expanded Councils accounted a great deal for these improved relations, the Official members of Government now saw in their non-official colleagues a desire to help, not merely to criticise. He believed that they were getting the advantage of a greater familiarity with the people and their customs. There was now a tendency to work together. He had seen very distinct evidence of that fact. The appointment of gentlemen like Mr. S. P. Sinha and Mr. Syed Ali Imam to the Viceroy's Council was another matter of great importance. These gentlemen were able, when measures were being intimated to lay before the Government what the popular feelings were on those questions engaging their attention and the Government was able to shape their policy by them before particular questions were finally adopted, He might perhaps refer an example of a better and more friendly relations in Calcutta, where things had not been so friendly as in Madras or Bombay. The Calcutta Club had been established in that city and on two occasions he had dined there and all classes had mingled in a most friendly way. The members of Council sat with Rajahas and Maharajahs, and Chief Secretaries and Private Secretaries with Congressmen on each side. He would also take that opportunity of thanking the Anglo-Indian Press for the kindly references it had made to him. This gratified him as a sign of the sympathetic and friendly relations which he hoped would continue in future.

KARACHI FREIGHT AND WHEAT MARKET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, JAN. 12.

The improvement in the freights reported last week, has been maintained and rates amount to six-pence. Some 36,000 tons have been booked during the week, and the tone of the market is more hopeful. A better feeling prevails in the European wheat and seeds market, and the promising prospects of the new crops are reflected in the general demand for tonnage. Rain still continues to fall and is delaying the arrivals at up-country stations; a break is anxiously looked for, or damage is likely to accrue.

During the week ending the 9th instant 126,400 cwts. of wheat were exported from Karachi as against 117,940 cwts. during the corresponding period of 1910. The total exports of wheat for the year ending 31st December 1910 amount to 17,621,879 cwts. or an increase of 3,453,379 cwts. on 1909.

HEALTH OFFICER FOR OOTACAMUND.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

OOTACAMUND, JAN. 12.

At a meeting of the Ootacamund Municipal Council to-day the question of selection of a Health-Officer was discussed. It was pointed out that the appointment had been sanctioned four months ago and not yet filled. The Chairman said the Surgeon-General thought of advertising for a man. After much discussion the Council unanimously passed a resolution to the effect that a better selection than that of Assistant Surgeon Harris could not be made and that the Government, through the Surgeon-General, might appoint him as Health Officer of Ootacamund.

R. I. M. S. "HARDINGE."

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, JAN. 12.

R. I. M. S. "Hardinge", with the 22nd Darajat Mountain Battery on board, which arrived this morning by special train, sailed for Rangoon in the afternoon.

CASE OF BERI-BERI IN KARACHI.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, JAN. 12.

A case of beri-beri with apparently well-defined symptoms has been admitted into the Station Hospital of Karachi and there have been two admissions therein of enteric, the three cases having been imported by troops that recently arrived from Burma and South Africa respectively.

BEAUTY AND HYGIENE.

For health, beauty and luxury, use the "ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP," which, Lady Constance Howard writes, " is pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin." Also Testimonials from Countess Bathurst, Countess of Westmeath, Lady White, Vis countess Exmouth, Lady Dorothy Nevill and many others. Delicately perfumed. Warning :—When buying the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap see that the name and figure head of Albion are on the wrapper. old by Chemists Grocers, etc.

A CHAT ABOUT BOOKS.

MRS. HUGH FRASER is a sister of the late Marion Crawford, and the widow of one of her Majesty Queen Victoria's Ministers to Japan. She has therefore an innate taste for literature, and an experience of the inner life of the Far East, which has already borne fruit in a long series of entertaining and well-informed works alike of fact and fiction. There ought to be unusual attraction in the reminiscences of so skilled a writer and so ubiquitous a traveller, and Messrs. Hutchinson and Co. set no light value upon the two volumes, which they are to publish shortly after Christmas. Mrs. Fraser accompanied her husband during his diplomatic residence in Japan, and has also travelled widely in China, South America, and over the whole Continent of Europe. Perhaps, however, the most interesting chapters of her book, "A Diplomatist's Wife in Many Lands," will be those concerned with the many notable people whose friendship she has enjoyed. Her record in this respect includes anecdotes about Motley Prescott, Lowell, Bayard Taylor, Longfellow, the Brownings, Hans Christian Anderson, and many of the chief social and political celebrities of the Victorian Era. Few women of our time have covered a more extensive field, or known more people worth the knowing.

Messrs. Herbet and Daniel, whose list of pleasant volumes begins to grow apace, are just publishing an unique collection of verse, to which Mr. G. K. Chesterton has written a critical and appreciative introduction. "Eyes of Youth" is a volume of poetry, written by a little company of ten friends, with the additional advantage of including four early poems of Francis Thompson, now first printed in book-form. The contributors are Padraic Colum, Shane Leslie, the Hon. Mrs. Neville Litton, Viola and Olivia Meynell, the Hon. Mrs. Lindsay, Hugh Austin, Monica Salesby, Maurice Healy, and Francis Meynell; and it is rumoured that not for may years has, so much promising poetry by young writers, been collected between the covers of a single volume.

From the same house there issues during the present week "A Book of Verse by Living Women," edited with an introduction by Lady Margaret Sackwille. There is a good idea here, for, since Mr. H. Miles included in his excellent series 'Poets and Poetry of the Century" a volume of verse by women the claims of the subtler sex in poetry have not been greatly-recognised by editors of anthologies. Moreover, Mr. Miles's collection only extended from Joanna Baillie to Mathilde Blind; so that Lady Margaret Sackville has much material to glean from which is naw to an exclusive anthology of her sex.

It is to be feared that, despite the wariness of editors, there is still no great difficulty in hood-winking the industrious reviewer. It will be remembered that, when Sir James Morier wrote "Haji Baba of Ispahan," he published it at first as a translation of a Persian original, and most of the critics of the time accepted the book at its own face valuation. A somewhat similar experiment has just been made by Major Molesworth Sykes, whose "Story of the Shia World" was issued a few weeks ago by Messrs. Macmillan and Co. This work was described as "edited from a Persian MS.," although it was really the narrative of Major Sykes's own experiences, and Messrs. Macmillan new inform us that only a few critics were sufficiently acute to penetrate the disguise and track the authobiographical element to its proper lair!

Early in the New Year, Mr. Murray will publish, in two demy-8vo volumes, the Life of Sir William Russell, the famous war correspondent. Mr. J. B. Atkins, who is responsible for the biography, has had unreserved access to all the private correspondence, diaries, notes, and hitherto unpublished material which Russell left behind him. This wealth of documents, capably edited, ought to result in an uncommonly interesting book. Sir William Russell was not only the greatest of war correspondents, he was actually the first of the craft. Since the days of the old chronicles, when every adult was a man of war, no one had thought of seeing journalism represented in the fighting line until Russell went to the Danish war in 1850. Thenceforward, through the Crimea and the Indian Mutiny, down to the Egyptian Campaign of 1882, there was no war of any importance through which he was not present. It is not too much to say that he gave to one side of journalism an entirely new dignity, and preserved its credit by his unfailing integrity, vigour, and frankness.

From the same house, in the same month, will be issued another book of reminiscences as full of peace and quiet as Russell's record will be full of the confused noise of war. Bishop Moberly's life was not without its times of stress and anxiety, but its leading characteristics were those of a calm judgment and untrammelled tranquillity. And these are the inspiring notes of "Dulce Domum," a family record of Moberly's private life, now edited and prepared by his daughter. The book is in the first instance a family chronicle, but it inevitably includes many echoes from the world outside. There is, for instance, a fairly full account of Winchester College history during the thirty years of Moberly's headmastership, as well as a record of the beginning of the Salisbury Synod, during his period of office in the see of Sarum. There are also many anecdotes of well-known Churchmen, Keble Mark Pattison, Dean Church, George Ridding, and the like, whose association with Moberly necessitates reference to many of the principal topics in English Church History from the year 1834 to 1885.

The ghost of Baconianism, recently stirred from its decent grave by the energies of Sir Edwin Durning-Lawrence, appears to have crossed the Channel, and to be disturbing anew the peace of Continental literary critics. At any rate, we have received a letter from M. Paul L. Hervier, of 23, Rue de Beaumont, Bourges, begging us to make known the fact that he is engaged upon a searching study of Shakespeare, which will apply itself especially to the question whether the bard is the actual author of the works published in his name. M. Hervier will be glad to receive communications from any authors or students who have made original researches into this perennial question.

The graceful verse of the Queen of Roumania (Carmen Sylva) has long been familiar to English readers; it has a certain intensity of feeling and a pleasant, feminine sympathy which would make its way in any language. It is now announced that Carmen Sylva is about to give the world a still more intimate revelation of her own character and sentiment. Through Messrs. Sampson Low and Co., she is about to publish a collection of reminiscences, entitled "From Memory's Shrine," in which (to use her own words) she will "throw open the sanctuary she has long and jealously guarded from the world—the private chapel within whose niches her memories are enshrined." The volume, which will be profusely illustrated, is said to be full of close and sympathetic confidences.

RAILWAY RETURNS.

RAJPUTANA-MALWA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 31st Dec. on 1,773·33 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (Estimated.)	Total Earnings.
Total Traffic for the week	Rs. *2,29,000	Rs. 3,16,000	Rs. 7,000	Rs. 5,52,000
Or per mile of Railway	129	178	4	311
For previous 26 weeks of half year	51,37,847	59,18,009	1,81,633	11237489
Total for 26 weeks	53,66,847	62,34,009	1,88,633	11789489
COMPARISON.				
Total for corresponding week of previous year	2,18,613	3,45,978	15,391	5,79,982
Per mile of Ry.	123	195	9	327
Total to corresponding date	43,57,759	62,74,202	2,18,981	10850942

* Includes Rs. 40,000 on account of Haulage of Postal Vans.

Decrease for the week ....Rs. 27,932
Increase to date ....Rs. 9,38,547

THE BOMBAY SERVICES.

The Honourable Mr Justice L P Russell, has resumed the execution of the duties of his office as Judge of His Majesty's High Court.

The Honourable Mr Justice Ganpat Sadashiv Rav, LL.B., has relinquished charge of his office at Acting Judge of His Majesty's High Court.

Mr E Somerville Murray, Consul for Denmark and Norway at Aden, resumed charge of his office on the 23rd November 1910.

Mr. J. V. Cooke, District Superintendent of Police, Nasik, has been allowed by the Secretary of State for India, furlough on medical certificate in continuation of the privilege leave granted to him.

Mr. H. S. Phadnis, Judge and Sessions Judge, Ratnagiri, is granted privilege leave for three months.

Mr. Phirozshah Jehangirshah Taleyarkhan, LL.B., will act as Judge and Sessions Judge, Ratnagiri, vice Mr. Hanumant Sheshgir Phadnis on leave, pending further orders.

The resignation of Mr. S. G. D. Andrews of the post of Honorary Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, has been accepted.

Mr. D. M. MacDonald, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Poona, is granted privilege leave for three months.

The following officers passed the Higher Standard Departmental Examination on 10th December 1910: Messrs. J. A. Madan, I. C. S., A. M. Green, I. C. S., N. J. Wadia, I. C. S., and H. Denning, I. C. S. The above names are arranged in the order of merit.

Mr. G. Wiles, I. C. S., passed an examination in Gujarati according to the High Proficiency Test, on 7th December 1910.

Mr. R. E. Enthoven, C. I. E., I. C. S., has been allowed an extension of furlough for forty-four days.

Mr. H. L. Fox, I.C.S., has been allowed an extension of furlough on medical certificate for one month.

Mr. J. Nissim, I. C.S. has been allowed an extension of furlough on medical certificate for three months.

Mr. M. Hesketh, Acting Educational Inspector in Sind, is granted privilege leave for twenty-eight days from the 4th January 1911, with permission to prefix the Christmas holidays to it.

During the absence on leave of Mr. M. Hesketh, Rao Bahadur Tarachand Shoukiram Advani, Principal, Training College for Men, Hyderabad, will act as Educational Inspector in Sind.

Lieutenant M. J. Holgate, M. B., I. M. S., held charge of the Civil Surgeoncy of Ahmednagar from the 16th November 1910, to the 18th December 1910, in addition to his own duties.

Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Volunteer Rifles:—Major (Honorary Lieutenant Colonel) Henry Hargrave Deane, V.D., to be Lieutenant-Colonel vice A. T. Houldcroft, transferred to the Supernumerary List.

Captain (Honorary Major) Albert Clifford Owen, V.D., to be Major vice W. Davidson, V.D., deceased.

Lieutenant Frederick James Page to be Captain vice A. C. Owen, promoted.

Second Lieutenant William Archibald Radice to be Lieutenant vice F. J. Page, promoted.

Norman Lincoln to be Second Lieutenant vice W. A. Radice, premoted.

Rollo Dallas Harrison to be Second Lieutenant vice S. O. Heinemann, transferred to the Supernumerary List.

Mr. W. George will act as Superintendent, Government Central Press, during the absence of Mr. E. E. Coombs.

Lieutenant-Colonel A. K. Leslie, Commanding Bombay Volunteer Artillery, is granted leave of absence from 6th to 12th January, 1911, both days inclusive.

Mr. K. W. Barlee, I. C. S., will act as Under Secretary to Government, Political, Judicial, Special and Separate Departments vice Mr. J. E. B. Hotson, I. C. S.

His Excellency the Governor is pleased to appoint Mr. J. E. B. Hotson, I C S, on relief, to act as his Private Secretary from date of receiving charge from Mr L Robertson, I C S, pending the return from leave of Mr C C Watson, I C S.

Mr C C Watson, I C S, Private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor, has been granted privilege leave of absence for two months and two days with effect from the 4th January, 1911.

Mr. T. Walker, M.A., I.C.S, has been permitted to resign His Majesty's Covenanted Civil Service on the Bombay Establishment with effect from the 11th March 1911.

Mr. J. B. Chapman, Assoc.M. Inst.C.E., is granted privilege leave for two months and twenty-two days with special leave on urgent private affairs for a combined period of six months with effect from the 1st February 1911.

Mr. T. Summers, D.Sc., M.Inst.C.E., is permitted to retire from His Majesty's service with effect from the afternoon of the 14th January 1911, but is reappointed, with the sanction of the Government of India, as Temporary Chief Engineer for one year with effect from the date of his retirement.

Mr. W N Cartland, Assistant Engineer, is transferred from the Jamrao Canal District to the Eastern Nara District.

In exercise of the powers delegated to the District Magistrate of Ahmednagar hereby invest Mr W C Anderson, First Class Cantonment Magistrate, with the powers of a Sub-Divisional Magistrate to be exercised within the area of the Cantonment of Ahmednagar.

Mr. C G Henderson, I C S, to be President of the Municipality of Surat, vice Mr F G H Anderson, I C S, resigned.

FILLING OUR GHETTOES.

The Movement Westward.

There is a very striking article, showing how the persecution of the Jew in Eastern Europe reacts on the social conditions in Western Europe, in an especially interesting issue of the "Sociological Review." The writer, Mr. Israel Cohen, shows that it is persecution which is emptying the Ghettoes of Eastern Europe and filling up those in the West. And he points out in a dramatic sentence the extraordinary change which would come about if such persecution ceased.

The article makes strange reading at the moment when we are celebrating the birth of the Greatest of the Jews.

IF PERSECUTION CEASED.

Everyone knows that the reason for the existence of sweating in England and America is largely that the poor Jews are willing and able to work for small wages. Much of the industrial exploitation of both countries is due to the abundance of persecuted Jews from Europe. Mr. Cohen declares that the grant of complete and unqualified equality to the Jews of Eastern Europe can check the current of migration and the growth of Western Ghettoes. Such an act of justice would have far-reaching and almost unpredictable results. It would ensure the material advancement of those who have hitherto been downtrodden, but it would also deprive Western Jewry of those successive hands of pietists who contribute so greatly to its conservation.

RELIGIOUS DIFFERENCES.

"The religious differences," says Mr. Cohen, which were acutely felt two thousand years ago, have lost little of their acuteness in the process of centuries. The sentiment of national separateness has been deepened by the accumulated memories and traditions of the past, though it has long become a mere passive emotion; while the political despotism of mediæval days continues for the most part to hold uninterrupted sway, and thus tends to consolidate the old-established conditions. The countries in which these conditions prevail in varying degrees contain far more than half of the Jewish people; they comprise Russia, Roumania, Turkey and its dependencies, Morocco, Persia, and Afghanistan.

In the Ottoman Empire the recent restoration of constitutional government has removed one of the main forces that have produced separate communities, but the effects of centuries of political bondage cannot be easily annuled, and the religious and ratial consciousness are not immediately affected by political changes. In the other countries, however, the Jews still live in a state of outlawry, unrelieved by the revolutions that have taken place in Russia, Morocco, and Persia. Not only are they denied the rights of citizenship, but they are compelled to live in a separate part of the country or of the various towns, as though to accentuate their bondage.

WHERE JEWS ARE PERSECUTED.

Their adversity and the instinct of mutual consolation and protection which it must foster might have been regarded as an ample guarantee of physical concentration; but their rulers have made doubly sure by enforcing their isolation by penal decrees. In Russia the Jews, with insignificant exceptions, are confined to the Pale of Settlement, were again they are limited to the towns; in Roumania, too, they are confined to the towns; and in Morocco, Persia, and Afghanistan they must live in Ghettoes. Debarred from any share in the national life both by legal and physical barriers, they are inevitably thrown back upon themselves, and concentrate their energy upon their own communal interests.

THE SEPARATENESS OF JEWS.

Jewish life in these Eastern countries has all the intensity and distinctiveness of the life of an independent nation. Its forms of expression are not so varied, because a subjugated people split up into countless groups and scattered over vast dominions is naturally limited in its modes of collective activity. In its ideas, traditions, and aspirations, in its customs and institutions, and in the character of its home life and its social intercourse, it is sharply distinguished from the country in which it flourishes. But it differs from its surroundings in external matters, too, in things that can be seen and heard.

He who passes through an Eastern Ghetto, whether in Morocco, or Turkey, or, still nearer to European civilisation in Russia or Galicia, is deeply struck by the feeling that he is in a strange world which has no relation to the people who live at its very gates. As he passes through the narrow, swarming streets, or across the buzzing market-place, he sees men, women, and children of a peculiar ethnic type, speaking in a tongue which is not the language of the country, and some times clad in a costume which differs from the prevalent fashion.

THE YIDDISH TONGUE.

The strangeness of the language oppresses him all the more as he observes a kaleidoscopic array of shop-signs and posters in Hebrew letters which, he learns, do not form Hebrew words. The solution of the puzzle is that the Jews, by reason of their historic migrations and communal isolation, have developed new languages or dialects of their own which are written in the characters of the sacred tongue.

A WORLD OF GHETTOES.

The modern Ghetto is found in most of the large cities of Western Europe, America, and South Africa. Its widespread ramifications are a comparatively recent development, immediately due to the chronic persecution that has existed in Russia and Roumania for the last thirty years. In Paris and London, in Manchester and New York, in Chicago and Toranto, and in countless other cities of political and commercial importance, a Ghetto has arisen as a distinct, dominating factor of the local community. In dimensions sometimes it is generally equal to and occasionally greater than, its Eastern prototype, the Ghetto of New York being the largest in the world."

ARRIVALS.

Per s.s. "Marmora," Jan. 13.

The P. and O. Co.'s mail steamer "Marmora," with the English mails of the 30th December arrived in Bombay harbour this morning with the following passengers :—

Acland, Miss R
Alwood, Miss
Adie, Mrs
Arten, Mons and Mme
Abercrombie, Master
Anklesaria, Mr J W E
Abraham, Mr
Adie, Mrs
Anderson, Miss
Bilson, Mr and Mrs H G and child
Beeton, Miss B
Blackwood, Mr J R
Booty, Mr and Mrs L B
Blair, Mr and Mrs D J M and infant
Browne, Mr F A
Browne, Mrs F C, and child
Brown, Mr W H
Benedict, Mr
Buchanan, Mr M T
Bliss, two Misses
Churchill, Mr Chas W
Cole, Mr G L and Miss
Crookston, Mr and Mrs G B
Crookston, Mr and Mrs A W
Clayton, Mr and Mrs J H
Cunningham, Mr J R
Crawford, Lieut-Col A
Catlin, Mrs Mary A
Chubb, Mr and Mrs U H, and infant
Clark, Miss
Cochinz, Mr John
Chessbire, Mr H R
Codling, Mr E H
Cuffe, Mrs
Columbine, Mr S B
Codling Mrs E H, and infant
Crawford, Mr J S
Davidson, Mrs W
Denne, Major R W A
Dunlop, Mr A K
Dean, Miss E
Dugun, Mr S J
Dudgson, Mrs
Dinson, Mr and Mrs
Dudd, Mr and Mrs C H
Darby, Mrs B D O, and infant
Duriacber, Miss M
Davis, Mr J H
Emerson, Mr J J
Etmes, Mrs F R
Ewing, Miss
Empson, Mr A W
Fahrncher, Mr M
Ford, Miss M T Maxwell
Friswell, Sir Chas and Lady
Fielding, Hon Gerald
Frier, Mr J C F
Farmer, Mr W A
Falero, Mr F
Glade Miss A M
Graham, Mr L
Gorton, Mr W H
Garrett, Miss M E
Ganay, Count D G
Gade, Mrs A M
Germsloff, Major Gen
Graham, Mrs L and infant
Gell, Lieut-Col Chandos Pole
Ghadiali, Mr J M
Golding, Miss
Glover, Mr D
Gill, Mr C W H
Gilbert, Mr and Mrs John
Holbert, Mr J S
Hulbert, Mr J T
Hogg, Capt and Mrs P G H
Hardy, Mr C
Henry, Misses M and F
Howitt, Mrs Scott
Hickman, Mr and Mrs R St J and infant
Herbert, Capt O C
Houghton, Mr E
Howlett, Mr F M
Harcourt, Lieut E S
Hayes, Miss and child
Herbertson, Mr John
Hartford, Mr
Hall, Mrs
Hyland, Miss V
Hawkins, Mr and Mrs
Hasluck, W R
Heathcote, Mr G M
Henry, Mr A A
Hobbi Mr H F
Horsnok, Miss
Hewitt, Mr and Mrs
Hall, Mr and Mrs A W
Hart, Mrs
Hart, Mr
Hart, two Misses
Horne, Mr Edgar
Horne Mr Allan, M P
Inglis, Mr J
Irekine, Mr S W
Johnson, Mr Chas
Johnson, Mr E
Jamieson, Miss
Knevett Mrs Do
Keed, Mr F C K
Kelly, Mr, and Mrs M J
Lyle, Mr G Cecil
Levin, Mrs and Miss
Low, Mr Austin
Lang, Major and Mrs
Lyons, Mr
Livingstone, Mr and Mrs
Logan, Mr T R J
Montaflore Miss
Marsden, Mr C E
Moore, Mr. Tunstall
Montegomerie, Miss E A
Mann, Admiral and Mrs W F S
Maw, Mr S R
Mann, Mr and Mrs
Moran, Mr E
Minitt, Mr J E
Mortimer, Mr R
Michel, Miss Enid
Mulroney, Col I R
Morgan, Mr J H T
Munro, Mr W R
May, Mr Percy B
Moore, Mr and Miss Masters
Marzetti, Mr H
Moore, Rev and Mrs H H
Neuenhofer, E
Newall, Capt and Mrs J Frase
Nelson, Mr W S
Neal, Miss E S
Nimbker, Mr. V D
Nuebel, Mr E
Pollock, Mr. D
Panton, Mr and Mrs A and Miss
Probst Mr C
Phillipson, Mr John
Pole, Mr and Mrs M
Philips, Miss E
Phipson, Mr H M
Jepper Miss
Fattrick, Major and Mrs W
Paton, Mr C H D D
Pilcher, Mr and Mrs J H W
Peers, Mr H
Plantnanet, Miss
Panton, Mr E
Porter, Mr and Mrs
Platnert, Miss
Parkins, Mrs
Parkinson, Mr
Querke, Capt W J I M S
Quintin, Mr D St
Russel, Mr J
Rathe Vegh, Mr A G
Rennie, J A
Renny, Mr C H
Rayner, Miss Alice
Roper, Mr. T A
Ritson, Mr O P
Randall, Mr
Raymond, Mr and Mrs
Radmore, Dr and Mrs
Bigg, Miss H
Symons, Miss
Scott, Mr H
Stanton, Mr and Mrs W C
Sorg, Mrs P J
Skalfe, Mr A E F
Smith Mr M
Smith, Mr and Mrs J C
Sorg, Mrs Paul J
Sen, Mr and Mrs P K, and child
Swan, Mrs H T and child
Sherer, Col
Schmidt Mr H W
Smith, Mr E C
Stephens, Mr W C
Turner, Mr H G
Thomas, Miss M Carey and friend
Trowbridge, Rev and Mrs S R
Tyabjee, Mr K. C
Thomson, Dr and Mrs W
Taylor, Mrs A B
Truscott, Mr S W
Ure, Miss
Weber, Mr H G
Walmsley, Mr E B
Willis, Mr
Wilson, Mr Allan
Wilson Mr J G
Wilkinson, Miss E
Wood, Mr Russell
Woodhouse, Mr and Mrs S T
Wilson, Master Cyril
Wilson, Master Gerald
Wyatt, Mr G

FLORILINE !—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly-whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It remove all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Floriline," being composed in parts of Honey and sweet herbs, a delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovers, of the age Of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesales depot, 33 Farringdon Road, London, England.

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

Its Cause and Cure.

In consequence of the stress of modern life, Nervous Debility is one of the most prevalent disorders of mankind.

The everlasting wear and tear of the nervous system incidental to the demands of daily life, are not repaired as readily as when men lived more peacefully and had more time for the recuperative powers to exercise their influence on the body. The result is, we are all prone to make overdrafts on the bank of health.

To conquer this evil we need something which will restore the excess of phosphorus used up in the vital processes and supply a food which is easily digested and readily assimilated, for the tired body has not the nervous force necessary to digest the heavy foods most of us have to eat.

The preparation which supplies these essential qualities in an ideal form is Sanatogen. It is universally recognised by the medical profession as the world's greatest restorative and reconstituent. The phosphorus it contains rouses the feeble flame of vitality to a blaze, while the large quantity of nutritive casein of which it is, likewise, composed, is quickly and easily assimilated by the feeble digestive apparatus. The result is soon felt in renewed strength and vigour, both of body and mind.

Sir Charles A. Cameron, C.B., M.D., F.R.C.P., etc., Medical Officer of Health and Public Analyst, Dublin, says: "After analysing Sanatogen I have arrived at the conclusion that Sanatogen is a substance of the highest nutritive value, containing as it does a large amount, relatively speaking, of organic phosphorus, that is, phosphorus which is offered to the tissues in exactly the form in which it can be easily absorbed. It is an excellent nerve tonic."

Sanatogen may be obtained at all Chemists and Bazaars.

INDIAN CROP PROSPECTS.

BENGAL OILSEED.

The first forecast of the spring oilseed crops of Bengal for 1910-11 states that oilseeds are chiefly grown in Bihar and in the Presidency and Chota Nagpur Divisions. The total area sown up to now this year ("til" excepted) is estimated at 1,956,400 acres. Last year's area was estimated at 1,826,100 acres. The increase is due to the favourable weather during the sowing season. In September and October the rainfall was general and was above the normal in most districts. Sowings commenced at the usual time except in parts of the Presidency Division and in Cuttack, Angul, Burdwan and Hooghly, where they were somewhat retarded owing to the heavy rainfall in October. In November there was no rain except in some districts of Chota Nagpur and in Bihar, where the fall was above the average. The season has been favourable and the condition of the crops is reported to be good.

BENGAL WHEAT.

The first forecast of the wheat crop of Bengal for 1910-11 states that the crop is cultivated chiefly in Bihar and also in Nadia, Murshidabad, Hazaribagh and Palamau. The area sown to date this year is reported to be 1,258,700 acres. Last year's area under the crop was 1,427,900 acres. Sowings are reported to be still incomplete in Jessore and Shahabad. The decrease is chiefly in Gaya and Monghyr. Further inquiries are being made into the cause. Good rain fell in September and October and there was sufficient moisture for the sowings (which commenced in the usual time. In November there was no rain except in parts of Chota Nagpur and in Bihar, where it was in excess of the normal. The season has been favourable so far. The present condition of the crop is reported to be good.

BENGAL SESAMUM.

The final forecast of the late variety of the sesamum crop of Bengal, for the year 1910, states that the late variety of "til" or sesamum is cultivated chiefly in Sambalpur, where it covers about half the total area under the crop in the Province. The season has been favourable and the outturn of the crop is reported to be 20 per cent. above the normal in this district. The other districts of importance are Angul, Ranchi, Palamau, Singhbhum, Hazaribagh, Manbhum, Midnapore, Nadia, Bhagalpur and Sonthal Parganas, In these and in most of the remaining districts the weather conditions have been favourable and the condition of the crop is reported to be good. Some damage was caused by floods in North Bihar and also in Nadia, Murshidabad, Patna and Shahabad. The total area sown this year is 202,100 acres compared with 202,800 acres sown last year. The normal area is 235,400 acres. According to the estimates of the District Officers the outturn of the crop for the whole Province comes to 100 per cent. In some districts the estimates appear to be too low, and the crop will probably not fall short of my preliminary estimate, viz., 110 per cent. Taking 4 1·4 maunds as the normal outturn of the crop per acre, the gross yield for the Province will be 84,700 tons against 31,000 tons last year. The area under the early variety of the til crop is 36,800 acres this year and the estimated outturn 90 per cent. of the normal. The yield of this variety comes to 5,200 tons against 4,200 tons last year. The total outturn of the sesamum crop (both early and late) in Bengal, therefore, is estimated at 39,900 tons this year against 35,200 tons last year.

CENTRAL PROVINCES COTTON.

The third report of the cotton rop of the Central Provinces and Berar for the season 1910 (relating to the period ending 7th November 1910) states that there was sufficient rainfall in the beginning of the monsoon. Sowings were generally successful and germination was good. Continuous rain in August, September and in the beginning of October, however, greatly retarded weeding and stunted growth, and in Hoshangabad and Nimar caused a certain amount of resowing with other crops. A break then caused great improvement, but the plants again suffered from excessive rain in the middle of November. Altogether the season has not been a good one. In the Central Provinces the area sown with cotton this year amounts to 1,205,574 acres compared with 1,137,874 last year, an increase of 67,700 acres or 6 per cent. Compared with the average of the preceding 5 years, the area under this crop fell off by 1·4 per cent and is practically the same as the decennial average. The estimate for Berar is 3,192,500 acres which is 5 per cent larger than 1909-10 and in excess of the quinquennial and decennial averages by 1 and 14 per cent, respectively. All districts, except Hoshangabad, Bhandara and Drug contributed towards the increase. In the important cotton-growing districts of Nimar, Chhindwara, Wardha, Nagpur, Chanda and the districts of Berar the expansion in the cropped area ranged from 3 per cent to 19 per cent. Favourable climatic conditions at sowing time and last year's high prices mainly influenced the cultivators to sow cotton on an extensive scale. The total area sown in the Central Provinces and Berar together exceeds the last season's area by 6 per cent and the average of the past decade by 13 per cent but falls short of the quinquennial average by 3 per cent. The estimate submitted last year was for 1,014,000 bales. The actual consumption is now estimated to have been 1,070,000 bales. Prices ruled very high and it may be that some of the previous year's crop, when export fell below estimate, contributed to the surplus over estimate this year, but under estimation of outturn in Amraoti, Chindwara, Hoshangabad, Nagpur, Nimar and possibly Buldana contributed to this result. District forecasts point to an increase of 6 and 5 per cent in area in the Central Provinces and Berar, respectively, and to an outturn 20 per cent less in the Central Provinces and 10 per cent. less in Berar; this would give a yield of 970,000 bales, but the most reliable estimates indicate an outturn much less than this and I estimate for not less than 33 per cent in the Central Provinces and 25 per cent in Berar giving on an area larger by 6 and 5 per cent for both Provinces, respectively, a probable yield of 810,000 bales. The present form is unsuited to estimating on the commercial system, as the estimates cannot be shown by districts or even by Railway blocks. The Nagpur block, for instance, draws large supplies by road from Chindwara and Seoni. The price of cotton at present ranges from 27 to 35 per cent above that ruling at this time last year in the principal cotton-growing districts of Akola, Amraoti, Wardha, Nagpur and Nimar.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

BIRDS KILLED FOR HAT DECORATIONS.

Mr. James Buckland, addressing the members the Royal Colonial Institute, in the Whitehall Roo in mail week on the subject of "The Birds of th Colonies, and their preservation," said that the crit cal condition of many of the more rare and beautif birds of our Colonies, due to their destruction in the millinery interest, was one which it was impossibl adequately to realse or to exaggerate. Some idea o the extent of their slaughter might be obtained by examining the catalogues of the London feather sales. But the figures, appalling as they were, by no mean summed up the total loss of life, and for this reason: It was the feathers which were developed by the male birds with the coming of the courting season, to aid them in securing a mate, which were used for hat decoration. These nuptial feathers, even though they were retained by the bird after the breeding season, soon lost their lustre, smoothness, and elasticity; while those which were moulted were worn, dirty, and bedraggled. In this impaired condition they were of little or no value to the trader. From this it would be seen that fancy feathers, to be profitable to the trade, must be taken from the body of the bird during the breeding season. It was, therefore, a self-evident fact that every wild bird killed for its plumage was a strong factor in the ultimate and early extermination of the species.

THE LYRE-BIRD.

Among ornamental feathers assumed for show during the courting season the strangely beautiful tail of the lyre-bird of Australia was unequalled. A few years back over 400 lyre-birds were killed in one district in a single season to supply the London plumage market. It was not so long ago that some sordid vandals surrounded a patch of scrub in which some representative of this fast disappearing g were known to be breeding, and setting fire to it down these avian marvels as they struggled thr one pitiless ring of fire only to meet their deat another. The lyrate plumes having been cut the bodies were thrown aside to rot. No spec could withstand such ill-timed slaughter as this and it was a fact of sinister import that 52 tails only had been catalogued this year in the London feather sales. The egret had been practically exterminated in North America and in China, and was so thinning its ranks throughout the world that the best selected plumes were now fetching over £8 the ounce at the London feather sales—double the value of gold. Persistent persecution had rendered the extermination of the emu a probability of the near future. The Papuan blue bird of paradise was being fiercely persecuted for its plumes. For many years now the beautiful Indian roller, or blue jay, had been killed relentlessly for its plumes. The Himalayan Impeyan, or monal pheasant, a wondrous creature and a marvel of beauty, was being looted from India to such a degree that it would ere long become extinct.

INJURIOUS PESTS.

No branch of a country's natural resources w better repay intelligent conservation than the b life, on which every human being must depend for agricultural prosperity and sanitary safety Eliminate birds from living organisms and there would be an immediate increase in the number of injurious pests. In time every tree would be defoliated, all vegetable life destroyed, and without vegetable life animal life would be impossible upon the earth. In eight years probably, certainly not more than ten, this globe would be a desert. Our Overseas Dominions had done all that lay in their power to protect their native birds, but in almost every instance their efforts had been rendered abortive by illicit export. The skins and feathers of India's most useful and most beautiful birds were conveyed clandestinely out of India. Fictitious names were used, fictitious addresses given, and the feathers falsely declared to be cow-hair, horse-hair, or some similar light material. Artful to a degree, the trader often selected devious routes by which to send the contraband goods to London. Once clear of India, they could be shipped quite openly to London. In March, 1908, six cases described as containing cow-hair arrived in the Thames from Calcutta and were examined with more than usual care. The "cow-hair" consisted of the skins of 6,400 brilliantly plumaged Indian birds. In the absence of a Plumage Bill, such as Lord Avebury so ably piloted through the Lords, nothing could be done, and the cases and their contents were handed over to the consignee. It was discovered that between December 20, 1907, and February 15, 1908, 23 cases of "cow-hair" had been imported from India, and that all had contained skins and feathers of Indian birds. The trade meant very evidently—unless its intention was thwarted by law—to continue dealing in feathers smuggled out of our Colonies so long as there were any left to smuggle.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, JAN. 12.

The weather is clearing in the north-west of India, but is slightly unsettled in the south-west of the Central Provinces. A light precipitation has been general in Kashmir and a few light falls occurred the West of the Punjab. The forecast shows some precipitation in Kashmir.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS, 12TH JANUARY.

Amritsar.—Weather unsettled. All crops doing well.

Hansi.—Bright, no sign of rain. All crops doing well. Rabi crop prospects generally good.

Mooltan.—Cloudy, but no rain. Crop prospects improving.

Delhi.—Bright, no sign of rain. All crops doing well.

Agra.—Bright, no sign of rain. All crops doing well.

Beawar.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton arriving in small quantities.

Amraoti.—Continues cloudy. Rabi crop prospects generally good.

Dhulia—Cloudy but no rain. Rabi crop prospects generally good.

Broach.—Seasonable. Mornings cold and dewy, sometimes cloudy. Cotton plants in flower; showing bolls; crop accounts satisfactory and crop making good progress.

Viramgam.—Mornings cold. Cotton picking partially begun.

Wadhwan.—Seasonable. Cotton plants ready for picking. Cotton arrivals expected early; cotton plants healthy.

Barsi.—Bright, no sign of rain. Third picking general. Estimate eight annas.

Hubli.—Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton plants suffering from cold winds; crop accounts less favourable. Wheat flourishing. Food-grains doing well.

Bellary.—Dewfall insufficient. Cotton plants show bolls rapidly ripening.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 12TH JANUARY.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Thursday, the 12th January, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Maximum temperature is 9.° to 17° in excess, in the east Punjab but 6° to 8° in defect elsewhere; the minimum is everywhere above normal.

The United Provinces—Skies are moderately clouded in the southern districts and clear or very lightly clouded elsewhere. The air contains the usual amount of moisture. Temperature has risen and is in excess both during the day and at night.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. Humidity is in excess. Maximum temperature is 10.° in defect in upper Sind but 4° to 9° in excess in Rajputana; the minimum is 6° to 12° in excess except at Karachi and Bikaner.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. The moisture in the air is either equal to or below the average. Temperature is normal in Cutch and the western half of Kathiawar, and in excess elsewhere.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Maximum temperature is in excess at some stations; the minimum continues higher than usual in the whole division.

The Konkan.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. The moisture in the air is either equal to or below the average. Temperature is nearly normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Temperature is normal except for a slight excess during the day at a few stations.

General Remarks.—The only rainfall of importance reported to-day is 0'16" at Colombo. Cloud has decreased in the west Punjab and upper Sind.

No precipitation of importance is likely.

H. A. ARMSTRONG,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

BY THE WAY.

DICKENS'S DESK.

A writing-desk which belonged to Charles Dickens is to be sold this week at the Mart, in Wellington-street. This is the desk whose reckless treatment by American railway porters he bitterly laments in a letter addressed to John Forster, dated December 22, 1867: "Nearly every case I have," he writes, "is already broken. When we started from Bostom, the other day, I beheld, to my unspeakable amazement, Scott, my dresser, bearing a flushed countenance against the wall of the car and weeping bitterly. It was over my smashed writing-desk." Among other relics of the novelist which will come under the hammer is the cane chair used by him in his private office when he edited "All the Year Round."

AMERICAN WOMEN WHO DRINK.

The drink habit among women in the United States is treated in a vein of strong reprobation by the "Christian Work and Evangelist" (New York). The practice is of recent growth, but its prevalence in the circles of society in cities calling themselves respectable and even Christian is gaining a wider and wider hold. "Women not only drink cocktails before dinner now in New York, but they drink strong wines and much champagne, and it is no uncommon thing to see them so flushed with drink that they say things that, bad enough in men, sound horrible in women." New Year's Eve, it is said, has become a perfect orgy at some of the hotels and restaurants.

HEIGHT OF TREES AND MOUNTAINS.

Not only do the altitudes of the heighest mountains, as recently related, give vastly varied results to different calculators, but the height of big trees, both in Australia and America, has been greatly exaggerated by writers of repute. As an instance of the utter untrustworthiness of certain observers, Professor Ewart states that the height of one and the same Australian gum-tree was estimated by the same person, first as 525ft., then as 466ft., and finally as 220ft! Professor Sargent, our ripest authority on the trees of North America, has also reduced the famous mammoth trees of California to reasonable dimensions, and assigns 325ft. to the tallest specimen. The biggest known Eucalyptus being 305ft. high, America can apparently claim the tallest trees in the world, while Australia takes second place.

A NEW METAL FOR TOOLS.

Apparently we need not fear that the world will be deprived of cutting-tools when the supply of iron gives out. It has been discovered that an alloy of cobalt and chromium is an excellent substitute for steel and has in addition one valuable property that steel does not show—it will not rust or tarnish. Elwood Haynes, the inventor, describes this interesting alloy, which he has named "stellite," in the "Scientific American Supplement." It is apparently not yet in shape to be manufactured commercially, but has fascinating possibilities.

MANY EXPERIMENTS.

The discovery was the result of a number of experiments. Mr. Haynes states that he was ultimately able to produce metal that would forge out perfectly into thin strips, which showed no tendency to check. After cooling, these strips were as hard as mild-tempered steel, and could scarcely be scratched by a file. A kitchen knife-blade was made from this material, and used for all sorts of purposes, such as are known only to the culinary art. After two years of use it showed not the faintest sign of tarnishing, and if held in the sun it produced a reflection that would dazzle the eye. In colour, the metal stands between silver and steel, and if suitably polished it shows a high lustre.

MRS. EDDY'S LAST DAYS.

It appears that Mrs. Eddy had been ailing for more than a week, but no practising physician was called in, the members of her household, most of whom are Christian Science healers, giving her the regular treatment. According to Mr. Alfred Farlow, the American Press agent for the Christian Science Church, Mrs. Eddy herself brought all her powers to bear in an effort to heal herself of the "error." She retained all her faculties up to the last moment, and the end was peaceful. As there had been no doctor in attendance, the "medical examiner" for the district was called in to see the body. He put upon the death certificate the words: "Natural causes; the contributory cause being probably pnenmonia."

BRITISH MANUFACTURED ARTICLES.

A notable new departture is announced in connection with one of the committees of the Corporation of London. It has been decided to insert in all future contracts a clause providing for the supply, so far as practicable, of articles of British manufacture. No hard and fast line will, of course, be drawn, but it is evident, from a statement made by the chairman, that the effect will be very considerable, inasmuch as at the present time many of the goods for which the committee contract are now of foreign production, although it is quite easy to encourage British industry. Other authorities might, with advantage, follow the lead thus set.

THE BIRTH OF THE MATCH.

Now that the French Government has taxed the patent cigarette lighter and driven the smoker back to its own abominable monopoly match, one recalls the birth of the match in England. In 1834, the lucifer match first made its mark in the land, but before that year the coming boon cast its shadow. An advertisement in the "Morning Post" of 1788, gives the evidence:—For Travellers, Mariners, etc. Promethean Fire and Phosphorus: G. Watts respectfully acquaints the public that he has prepared a large quantity of machines of a portable and durable kind with Promethean fire paper, and match enclosed, most admirably calculated to prevent those disagreeable sensations which most frequently arise in the dreary hour of midnight from sudden alarms fire, or sickness.

LITERARY SMOKERS.

Maeterlinck's servitude to his pipe—he cannot write unless it rests between his teeth—recalls (by contrast) the independence of Dumas. The novelist was enjoying his cigar (the fifteenth since breakfast) when he noticed a newspaper statement that smoking was injurious. He at once flung away both cigar and paper. And went further. He never smoked again. Lamb, on the other hand, was less courageous. He doubted the wisdom of smoking, yet puffed on. His doubts were reflected in a question he put to Coleridge: "What do you think of smoking?" he wrote. "I want your sober average noon opinion of it. Morning is a girl and can't smoke—she's no evidence one way or other; and Night is so evidently bought over that he can't be a very up-right judge. May be, the truth is that one pipe is wholesome, two pipes toothsome, three pipes noisome, four pipes fulsome, five pipes quarrelsome, and that's the sum on't. But that is deciding rather upon rhyme than reason."

THE HOME OF THE CHRISTMAS-TREE.

Covent Garden was in mail week a veritable forest of Christmas-trees—but it is at Berlin that the Christmas-tree, appropriately enough holds its real annual court. As long before as the 11th of December, all the squares and open places, all the broad boulevards and canal-banks of the German capital were lined with forests of trees, at "prices to suit all pockets." During the first few days of the Christmas fair as many as six hundred thousands of them were on sale; before Christmas Day dawned, the number approached a million, and at least three-quarters of them found purchasers, for the cult of the Christmas-tree extends from the humblest cottage to the Emperor's palaces.

CHRISTMAS ON A SUNDAY.

Few people are aware that Christmas Day falls on a Sunday, oftener than upon some other days of the week. It falls on Sunday, Tuesday, and Thursday fifty-eigh times, and upon Friday and Saturday fifty-seven times, for every fifty-six times that it falls on Monday or Wednesday. This will continue to be so until the present error of 22 1-2 seconds in the length of the year is compensated for by the substitution of a common year for a leap year once in every four thousand years. As Christmas, on a Sunday, is generally supposed to ensure a year of peace and plenty, perhaps superstitious folk might be content to let the error remain.

GREEN ROOM GOSSIP.

MR. PELISSIER.

One has heard of a great author who longed to be a pirate, and of a city magnate who in the depths of despair at the debacle of Consols would have given the world to be driving an omnibus, and when I saw that Mr. Pelissier is the author, composer, and producer of the new Alhambra Revue, writes a correspondent in the "Pall Mall Gazette." I wondered whether the popular chief of the Follies might not be gratifying some early ambition in his new role of ballet-master. Encouraged by the cheery "Welcome" in red letters on the door-mat, I found him in his dressing-room, writing "An Ode to Melancholy," after the manner, as he assured me, of the ancient scribes of Limerick, on black-edged paper, with a stick of grease paint. In answer to a whimsical question, Mr. Pelissier said: "Perhaps if I hadn't been myself, or a welsh rarebit, or a telephone girl, or a soup ticket, I should have rather liked to be an epigram."

THE MEANING OF GENIUS.

"Yes, an epigram. I don't know why—but there you are. I think—mind you, I only say I think—should have made rather a good epigram. Something short and to the point. There is no particular point about me except that I answer the world's description of a genius—that is, a man of parts—quite an all-round genius, in fact. Nothing is beyond me, nothing is too much for me, not even an occasional dinner in Soho. Yes, I think it would be rather nice to be an epigram. Everyone would say, 'Have you heard so-and-so?' and not, 'Have you seen so-and-so?' as they do now a days. I think it's extremely rude. You would soon become famous, and get pushed into books, and quoted in sermons and speeches, and generally have a good time. You see, there is usually a suggestion of truth in an epigram, and that in itself would be sufficiently bizarre in these days, especially after a general election. 'Salome' and hobble-skirts would be among the 'also-rans.' Let me give you a few examples. For instance, I never really appreciate the truth of that old adage, 'How full of briars is this work a day world, until I started travelling for a cigar importer. We all know that 'a bitter in the morning is better than nothing all day,' and that 'a dry passage maketh a port pleasant.' We may gather from the police-court report that all too often necessity is the mother of detention,' and from the same source it is evident that 'you may take a suffragette to Bow Street, but you cannot make her think.'

PLEASANT TO BE AN EPIGRAM.

"But never mind. If I am not an epigram, I am an epicure, in spite of the Soho business. An epicure—just in case you do not know—is a man who spends a very 'epi' evening at a French restaurant—in Rhubarb-street for choice—and then goes off to Putney for the 'cure.' All the same, I should have liked to be an epigram. I must try it next time I go to a fancy dress ball. I don't think a Cupid's costume suits me well enought to be striking, do you? Must you really go? Well, goodbye. Thanks so much for your very entertaining conversation. No, there's no step, and the dog's stuffed."

HARROW BOYS AS ACTORS.

Harrovians were much disappointed at the unavoidable abandonment of the usual terminal concert in "Speecher" on Saturday afternoon of mail week; but splendid reparation was made by the excellent performance in the evening of Shakespeare's "As You Like It," in the Town Hall, by the members of the Harrow Lower School. The "Hill" has long been accustomed to charming presentations of scenes from Shakespeare and Greek and French plays by "Upper" School on Speech Day. The fine dramatic efforts of the young performers on Saturday—the boys were under 16 years of age—in their splendid interpretation of the Bard of Avon's popular comedy will cause their senior compeers to look to their laurels. The young actors undoubtedly won a great success, and the large and distinguished company were greatly charmed with the delightful representation of the play. The fine elocution and the remarkable confidence displayed by each member show evidence of careful and thorough tuition. Several of the youngsters displayed considerable talent. Stearns imparted life to his impersonation of Orlando; while the character of Jacques was sustained by Heard with capital nonchalance and freedom. Rosalind was irresistibly portrayed by Parker. The various minor charactets were also skilfully represented, Page making a hit in the part of William, the country fellow in love with Audrey. Mr. T. C. Martin, a member of the teaching staff, who was responsible for the organisation of the play, the painting of the scenery, and the training of the boys was cheered loudly.

SKETCHES IN MUSIC-HALLS.

Mr. Seymour Hicks complains of the anomalous condition in which writers and performers of sketches on the music-hall stage are placed under existing circumstances. To begin with he points out, advantage was taken of an Act passed in 1843 (the object of which was to repress disorderly places of entertainment) for the purpose of prohibiting any stage-play on a music-hall stage. Mr. Hicks argues that theatrical managers, sheltering themselves behind a "common informer," waged war upon the performance of legitimate stage sketches, which not only were popular with music-hall audiences, but also raised the tone of the entertainments at those establishments. The music-hall managers, according to Mr. Hicks, influenced by alarm at this campaign, consented to sign an agreement whereby sketches were only to be performed when they occupied thirty minutes or under. Mr. Hicks contends that this agreement is an illegal one, and that its application is a bar to perfectly proper and desirable productions. He instances his own "Richard III.," by the stoppage of which he has lost over £2,000 and 128 persons have been thrown out of work; and he suggests that the sufferers from the existing state of things may be driven into testing the legally of the agreement which differentiates between one sketch and another.

AT THE COLISEUM.

The list of leading members of the theatrical profession who have made their 'debut' upon a music-hall stage has received a notable addition in the person of Mr. James Welch. In "The Man in the Street" at the Coliseum he presents a delightful character study of a typical tramp. The way in which the crafty and avaricious nature of the ne'er-do-well is revealed when he discovers that his daughter is married to a prosperous artist is splendidly acted, and, although credit should be rendered to Mr. Louis Parker for the creation, the success of the sketch is chiefly due to Mr. Welsh. Many deft touches of humour are also introduced, and the piece is well worth witnessing.

SIR HERBERT TREE'S BIRTHDAY.

It will surprise most playgoers to learn that Sir Herbert Beerbohm Tree was fifty-seven years on December 17, having been born in London in 1853. Universally recognised as the leader of the English stage since the death of Sir Henry Irving, Sir Herbert was knighted last year by King Edward. His first appearance on the stage was at Folkestone in 1878, and he made his London "debut" as Grimaldy in 1878. Sir Herbert became manager of the Comedy Theatre in 1887, and later in the same year of the Haymarket. In 1897, he opened the new Her Majesty's Theatre (now His Majesty's), of which he is the proprietor.

"CAUSERIES DU JEUDI."

Owing to the success which has attended the Little Theatre "Causeries du Jeudi," Miss Andrews and her partner, Miss Pardoe, are, by arrangement with Miss Kingston, proposing to start another series. France and Russia have had their exploitation in the little season just concluded, and the next Causeurs will touch lightly upon the respective arts of Norway, Sweden, Germany, Italy, Spain, not forgetting Great Britain and Ireland. Literature, pictures, the drama, music, even dancing, will be treated in turn, and the usual Causerie will be followed by something descriptive—a one-act play, a recitation of poems, music. No exact date has yet been fixed, but the first Causeries of the new series will be given about the end of the month. "The Man from Mexico," which has now passed its 100th performance at the Strand, where no play had previously scored a "century," seems to have fairly established itself in the affections of London playgoers.

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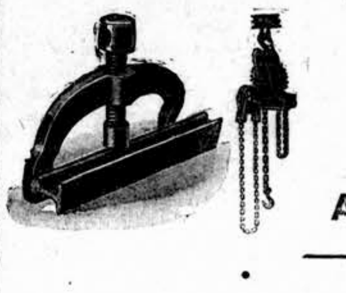

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This remarkable compound, the result of the latest developments and achievements of modern chemistry, pharmacology, and therapeutics, is without equal in all cases of defective nerve power, whether induced by worry, over-work, unhealthy climate, dissipation, excess, youthful imprudence, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and haste or overstrain of modern life. Sleeplessness, tremblings, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, mental and bodily prostration, muscular and local weakness, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, impaired vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, painful periods, backache, bearing down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, night sweats and all other phases of brain and nerve exhaustion, are successfully combated by this highly scientific preparation. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges, involuntary losses, &c.; restores the failing energies, and imparts new life and vigour to what had so recently seemed worn out, "used up," and valueless.

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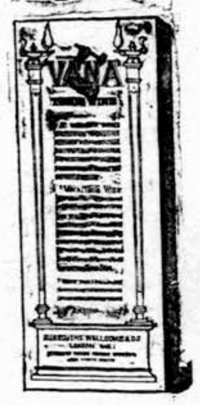

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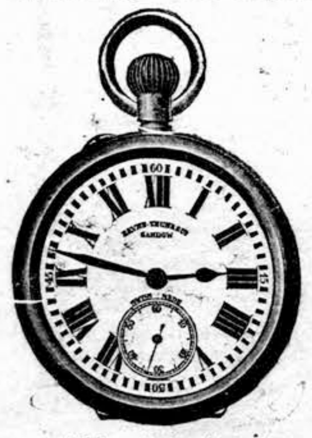

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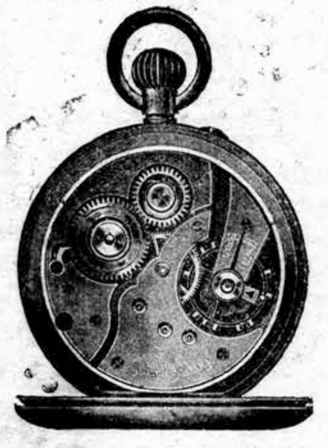

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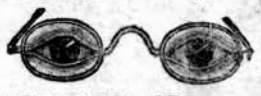

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